

Annual Report年報

2005

# 銀建與您 共創未來 Bright Future



# Contents 目錄

2	Financial Highlights	財務摘要
3-4	Corporate Information	公司資料
5-13	Managing Director's Statement	董事總經理報告
14-16	Profile of Directors	董事簡介
17	Profile of Senior Management	高級管理人員簡介
18-26	Corporate Governance Report	公司管治報告
27-34	Directors' Report	董事會報告
35-36	Auditors' Report	核數師報告
37	Consolidated Income Statement	綜合收入報表
38-39	Consolidated Balance Sheet	綜合資產負債表
40	Consolidated Statement of Changes	綜合權益變動報表
	in Equity	
41-43	Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	綜合現金流量報表
44-122	Notes to the Consolidated Financial	綜合財務報表附註
	Statements	
123	Financial Summary	財務概要表
124-128	Summary of Investment Properties	投資物業及物業存貨概要
	and Stocks of Properties	

### Financial Highlights

### 財務摘要

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'m</i> 百萬港元	2004 二零零四年 (Restated) (經重列) <i>HK\$'m</i> 百萬港元	Change 變動 %
Turnover	營業額	552	685	(19%)
Profit Attributable to Equity	本公司股本持有人			
Holders of the Company	應佔溢利	724	404	79%
Total Assets	資產總值	6,448	5,872	10%
Equity Attributable to Equity	本公司股本持有人			
Holders of the Company	應佔股本	3,843	3,484	10%
Cash & Bank Balances	現金及銀行結餘	611	1,558	(61%)
Net Borrowings	借貸淨額	914	N/A 不適用	_
				_
Key Performance and	主要營運表現及	HK\$	HK\$	%
Liquidity Indicators:	財務狀況指標	港元	港元	
Earnings Per Share	每股盈利	0.415	0.260	60%
Net Asset Per Share (note 1)	每股資產淨值 <i>(附註1)</i>	2.280	1.98	15%
P/E Ratio (note 1)	市盈率 <i>(附註1)</i>	5.5 x	15.1 x	(64%)
Return on Capital Employed (note 2	)股本回報率 <i>(附註2)</i>	19%	12%	58%
Return on Total Assets (note 3)	總資產回報率(附註3)	11%	7%	57%
Gearing Ratio (note 4)	借貸比率 (附註4)	40%	40%	_
Adjusted Gearing Ratio (note 5)	經調整借貸比率(附註5)	24%	N/A 不適用	_
Current Ratio (note 6)	流動比率(附註6)	1.0 x	1.6 x	(38%)
Interest Coverage (note 7)	利息償付比率(附註7)	18 x	15 x	20%

### Notes:

- Based on 1,688,709,611 shares issued and fully paid as at 31 December 2005 (2004: 1,758,671,611 shares) and the market closing price of HK\$2.30 (2004: HK\$3.90) per share.
- 2. Calculated as profit attributable to equity holders of the Company over equity attributable to equity holders of the Company.
- 3. Calculated as profit attributable to equity holders of the Company over total assets.
- 4. Calculated as total borrowings over equity attributable to equity holders of the Company.
- 5. Calculated as net borrowings over equity attributable to equity holders of the Company.
- 6. Calculated as current assets over current liabilities.
- Calculated as profit before finance costs and taxation over finance costs (excluding the notional interest portion in respect of convertible notes).

### 附註:

- 基於二零零五年十二月三十一日已發 行及已繳足股份1,688,709,611股(二 零零四年: 1,758,671,611股)及收市 價每股2.30港元(二零零四年: 3.90港 元)計算所得。
- 以本公司股本持有人應佔溢利除以本公司股本持有人應佔股本計算所得。
- 3. 以本公司股本持有人應佔溢利除以總 資產計算所得。
- 4. 以借貸總額除以本公司股本持有人應 佔股本計算所得。
- 5. 以借貸淨額除以本公司股本持有人應 佔股本計算所得。
- 6. 以流動資產除以流動負債計算所得。
- 7. 以扣除財務費用及税項前溢利除以財 務費用(經扣除可換股票據之市場利息 部份後)計算所得。

### Corporate Information

### 公司資料

### **Board of Directors**

Chen Xiaozhou (Chairman)
Hui Xiao Bing (Vice Chairman)
Gao Jian Min (Managing Director)
Liu Tianni (Deputy Managing Director)
Gu Jianguo
Chen Yongcun
Cheung Chung Kiu
Yuen Wing Shing
Chow Kwok Wai
Kang Dian\*
Zhang Lu\*
Hung Muk Ming\*

### **Audit Committee**

Kang Dian\* (Chairman) Zhang Lu\* Hung Muk Ming\*

### **Remuneration Committee**

Kang Dian\* (Chairman) Zhang Lu\*

\* Independent non-executive directors

### **Company Secretary**

Tung Tat Chiu, Michael

### **Company Lawyer**

David Lo & Partners

### **Principal Bankers**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited The Citic Ka Wah Bank Limited

### **Auditors**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants

### 董事會

陳孝周(主席) 惠小兵(副主席) 高建民(董事總經理) 劉天明國 陳永松國 陳永松誠 廣大橋 袁國典\* 表表國典\* 洪木明\*

### 審核委員會

康典\*(*主席)* 張璐\* 洪木明\*

### 薪酬委員會

康典\*(*主席)* 張璐\*

\* 獨立非執行董事

### 公司秘書

佟達釗

### 公司律師

羅國貴律師事務所

### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司中信嘉華銀行有限公司

### 核數師

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行 *執業會計師* 

### Corporate Information

### 公司資料

### **Registered Office**

Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

(Tel: 28770030 Fax: 28029506)

### **Share Registrars & Transfer Office**

Secretaries Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong. (Tel: 2980 1888 Fax: 2861 0285)

### **Company Website**

http://www.silvergrant.com.hk

### **Stock Code**

171

### 註冊辦事處

香港灣仔港灣道一號 會展廣場辦公大樓 49樓4901室

(電話:28770030 傳真:28029506)

### 股份登記及過戶處

秘書商業服務有限公司 香港皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

(電話: 2980 1888 傳真: 2861 0285)

### 公司網址

http://www.silvergrant.com.hk

### 股份代號

171

### 董事總經理報告

### **REVIEW OF RESULTS**

Basically, the principal business activities of the Group remain the same for both years 2005 and 2004. Turnover of the Group decreased by 19.5% from HK\$685.2 million in 2004 to HK\$551.8 million in 2005. In 2005, an insignificant amount of turnover was recorded in respect of sales of development properties comparing to a turnover of HK\$152.2 million in 2004. The decrease in turnover of sales of development properties was the major reason leading to the decrease in the Group's turnover.

In 2005, turnover of dealings in distressed assets decreased by HK\$15.7 million and turnover of investment increased by HK\$25.4 million. The magnitudes of the former approximated to that of the later and thus did not have a material net effect to the movement of the Group's turnover

Other income recorded an increase of HK\$78.3 million. The reasons for the increase were firstly attributable to the increase in interest income in the amount of HK\$41.4 million. The Group accumulated a cash balance in excess of HK\$1.0 billion in the fourth quarter of 2004. Throughout the year 2005, the Group maintained a relatively high amount of average cash balances, which enabled the Group to earn extra interest income during a period of rising deposit interest rates. Secondly, there was an unrealized holding gain in the amount of HK\$44.9 million in respect of investment in held-for-trading investments recorded only in the year.

Increase in administrative expenses of HK\$7.2 million was mainly due to the increase in staffing cost of HK\$10.9 million and payment of additional direct costs such as professional fees, legal fees and consultancy fees spent on searching and evaluating potential distressed assets deals during the year.

Due to the adoption of new accounting policy, valuation gains or losses in respect of revaluation of investment properties were reflected directly in the profit and loss account effective from 1 January 2005. The valuation gain of investment properties thus recognized was HK\$148.7 million.

Due to the adoption of new accounting policy, the convertible notes issued to Citigroup Global Markets Limited ("CGML") in last year was reclassified and treated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss in 2005. In this regard, a fair value gain of HK\$199.8 million was recognized as income in 2005.

#### 業績回顧

基本上本集團二零零五年及二零零四年兩年之經營活動維持一致。本集團營灣河 19.5%至二零零五年之551,800,000港元。相對二零零四年度錄得的的 152,200,000港元之營業額,物業銷售方 面於二零零五年僅錄得微薄的銷售團整 物業銷售之營業額減少是專

於二零零五年,處置不良資產之營業額減少15,700,000港元,而投資方面之營業額則增加25,400,000港元。前者及後者之數額相約,因此並無對本集團的營業額之變動帶來重大的淨額影響。

其他收入錄得78,300,000港元增長。增加的原因,其一是由於利息收入增零1,400,000港元所致。本集團於二零度累積有超逾十億港元現團除;而在二零零五年整年內,本集團於元現團結時持有金額相對地高的現金結於平,因而本集團能夠在存款利息收金。 升期間時能夠賺取額外的利息有金額 44,900,000港元的未變現持有收益。

行政費用增加7,200,000港元,主要原因是員工費用增加10,900,000港元及年內因為積極尋找及考察潛在的不良資產項目所支付的額外直接費用如專業收費、律師費以及顧問費等所致。

因採納新會計政策,從二零零五年一月 一日起,評估投資物業產生之估值收益 或虧損需直接於損益表反映。就投資物 業因此緣故而確認為估值收益的金額為 148,700,000港元。

因採納新會計政策,上年度發行給Citigroup Global Markets Limited「CGML」之可換股票據於二零零五年重新分類並界定為於損表按公平值處理之財務負債。因此緣故,一項金額為199,800,000港元之公平值增值收益已於二零零五年確認為收入。

### 董事總經理報告

Increase in finance costs amounted to HK\$27.6 million. The increase in finance costs were due to the issuance of convertible notes with principal amount of HK\$817.1 million in aggregate by the Group in November 2004. The convertible notes have interest charges for less than two months in 2004 but a whole year for 2005. Despite of the coupon interest rates of the convertible notes were 1.5% p.a., interest for one of the convertible notes was charged at 4.48% p.a. in accordance with the requirements of the new accounting policy.

In 2005, the Group increased its investment in Beijing East Gate Development Co., Ltd. ("East Gate") by acquiring an additional 7.99% equity interest of East Gate from a minority shareholder. The acquisition resulted in a discount on acquisition (previously known as negative goodwill) in the amount of HK\$73.5 million and was recognized as income for the current year. There was no such income in last year.

In 2004, the Group disposed of a 20% participating rights in a portfolio of distressed assets and realized a gain of HK\$53.8 million. The Group also disposed of a subsidiary and an associated company in 2004 and realized gains in the amount of HK46.7 million and HK\$0.2 million respectively. There were no such gains on disposal in 2005.

As a whole, the above-mentioned factors have a net effect leading to a 79.4% increase in net profit for the year to a historically high amount of HK\$724.1 million in 2005.

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors of the Company ("Directors") resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.06 per share for the year ended 31 December 2005 (2004: HK\$0.05 per share). The final dividend will be payable on 6 June 2006 to shareholders on the register of member of the Company on 25 May 2006.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW & PROSPECTS**

### Property Investments, Development and Management

For the year ended 31 December 2005, profit contribution from property leasing amounted to HK\$63.5 million (2004: HK\$59.3 million). The Group's major source of renal income is derived from East Gate Plaza. The gross rental income of East Gate Plaza for 2005 was HK\$68.3 million (2004: HK\$66.7 million). The rental income of East Gate Plaza started to recover gradually following the completion of the phase-by-phase renovation works to refurnish the flats in East Gate Plaza.

財務費用增加的金額為27,600,000港元。 財務費用增加是由於本集團在二零四年十一月發行本金總額達817,100,000港 元可換股票據。該等可換股票據於二零四年只有少於兩個月的利息負擔等, 零四年只有少於兩個月的利息負擔等, 於二零五年則為一整年。雖然該,可 換股票據的票面利息為年利率1.5%, 而其中一項可換股票據之利息,為符計 新會計政策的規定,則按年利率4.48%計 宣。

於二零零五年,本集團透過向北京東環置業有限公司(「東環置業」)的一名少數股東收購額外的7.99%股本權益,增加其於東環置業之投資。是項收購產生73,500,000港元收購折讓(以前稱為負商譽),並且於本年內確認為收入。上年度並無該等收入。

於二零零四年,本集團出售一項不良資產組合的20%分紅權利,並實現53,800,000港元收益。本集團同時亦於二零零四年出售一家附屬公司及一家聯營公司並分別實現金額為46,700,000港元及200,000港元之收益。於二零零五年並無該等出售項目之收益。

總的而言,上文所述各項原因之淨影響為二零零五年之年度盈利淨額帶來了79.4%增長至創出歷史新高金額724,100,000港元。

#### 末期股息

本公司董事會(「董事會」)議決建議派付截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息為每股6港仙(二零零四年:每股5港仙)。末期股息於二零零六年六月六日支付於二零零六年五月二十五日在本公司股東登記名冊之股東。

### 業務回顧及展望

#### 物業投資、發展及管理

於截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度,物業租賃之溢利貢獻為63,500,000港元(二零零四年:59,300,000港元)。本集團之主要租金收入來源自東環廣場二零零五年的租金收入毛額68,300,000港元(二零零四年年66,700,000港元)。在完成對東環廣場的租金收入已漸漸開始恢復。

### 董事總經理報告

During the year, the Group has increased its investment in East Gate by acquiring an additional equity interest of 7.99% from a minority shareholder of East Gate at a total consideration of HK\$13.4 million. The acquisition resulted in a negative goodwill of HK\$73.5 million and was recognized as income during the year. In the third quarter of 2005, agreements were entered between the Group and the remaining minority shareholders of East Gate to acquire the remaining equity interests in East Gate. The total consideration payable by the Group was HK\$25.3 million. When the acquisition was completed, East Gate will become a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group. In addition, a negative goodwill in the amount of approximately HK\$25.1 million (estimated amount and before expenses) will be recognized as income in 2006.

During the year, sales of development properties were insignificant which had resulted in an operating loss of approximately HK\$6.0 million in 2005. The Group has commenced selling of the second phase of the development project in the Tiexi District of Shenyang known as the East Gate Metro Garden. Contracted sales in the amount of approximately HK\$169.2 million in aggregate have been secured. The Directors expect that total sales amount for East Gate Metro Garden will be approximately HK\$423.1 million. The Group intends to complete the selling of the units of East Gate Metro Garden in 2006. At the same time, the Group has started planning the third phase, which is also the last phase of the Tiexi District development project.

The operations of Beijing Yinda Property Management Limited ("Yinda") were stable for both the year under review and the last year. As at 31 December 2005, there were 23 projects (2004: 24 projects) under the management of Yinda. The total floor area under the management of Yinda exceeds 3.0 million square meters.

The turnover of Yinda for the year was HK\$89.0 (2004: HK\$82.1 million). Yinda maintains its growth strategy to achieve economy of scale through expansion.

In 2005, the Group made investment in a new development project located at the Tong Zhou District of Beijing. The development project is known as "Zi You Xiao Zhen". The development project has a site area of approximately 320,000 square meters and gross floor area of approximately 830,000 square meters. The Group intends to develop the Zi You Xiao Zhen project by four phases in four years' time. The project is now in the process of demolishing and re-dwelling the existing tenants.

The Group is also considering making investment in new development projects in Beijing including "Si He Yuan" properties.

北京銀達物業管理有限則任公司(「銀達」)於回顧年內及上年度之經營維持穩定。於二零零五年十二月三十一日,經由銀達管理的物業組合共23項(二零零四年:24項),銀達所管理的總樓面面積逾3,000,000平方米。

銀達於年內的營業額為89,000,000港元 (二零零四年:82,100,000港元)。銀達 維持通過擴張達致經濟規模效益的成長 策略。

於二零零五年,本集團投資一項新的發展項目,地點位於北京市通州區。是項目內定名為「自由小鎮」。該發項目之地盤面積約為320,000平方米,建築面積約為830,000平方米。本集團劃在四年期間內分四期發展自由小鎮項目。該項目目前正展開拆遷及安置現有居民的工程。

本集團現時正考慮於北京市投資興建包括「四合院」在內的物業開發項目。

### 董事總經理報告

#### **Infrastructure Investments**

For the year ended 31 December 2005, profit contribution from CII was HK\$80.6 million (2004: HK\$87.8 million). The relative stable profit contribution from CII to the Group is maintained through disposals of the road and bridge projects, which are capable of generating one-off gains. CII disposed of its entire interest in the Wuhan Baishazhou Bridge at a total consideration of approximately HK\$460.3 million and realized extra fund for working capital. However, a loss of approximately HK\$12.9 million in respect of the disposal was recognized in 2005 and that was the main reason for the decrease in the contribution from CII.

Strategically CII will dispose of all the road and bridge projects when opportunities arise. As at 31 December 2005, CII was still holding four road and bridge projects with a total carrying value of approximately HK\$407.7 million in aggregate. For the time being, CII is considering to increase its investment in energy supply, value-added processing in petrol refining and other financial investments.

### The Taian Natural Gas Pipeline project

CII invested in the Taian Natural Gas Pipeline project in late 2002. It is a co-operative joint venture project with an investment term of 25 years. The effective interest of CII in Taian Natural Gas Pipeline project is 80% and the cost of investment is approximately HK\$91.9 million. The project commenced its first year of operations in 2005 and started to generate profit. For the year ended 31 December 2005, profit after taxation of the project attributable to CII was approximately HK\$9.8 million (2004: nil). It is a National policy to encourage the use of natural gas, which is a relatively clean source of fuel comparing to other means of energy supply, for fuel to reduce air pollution. In addition, the fast development of the Taian City has provided a stable yet favorable investment environment for the project.

### The UE Petrochemical project

CII has a 25% effective interest in United East Petrochemical Company Ltd. ("UE Petrochemical"). CII's investment cost in UE Petrochemical is approximately HK\$53.6 million. The principal business of UE Petrochemical are storage of crude oil and oil products, a special purpose terminal for the loading and unloading of crude oil and oil products and crude oil refinery. For the year ended 31 December 2005, profit contribution to CII from UE Petrochemical was limited and amounted to HK\$3.6 million (2004: nil). UE Petrochemical has successfully completed its test-production for oil-refinery during the year but did not engage in large-scale production in light of the recent high crude oil prices, which has significant effect on reducing profit margin. However, CII is currently negotiating with the local partners for long term and secured supplies of crude oil for the oil refinery business. CII has confidence to solve the problem of crude oil supplies. CII believes that the investment in UE Petrochemical will bring good returns to CII.

### 基礎建設投資

截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度,中基之溢利貢獻為80,600,000港元)。中基之溢利貢獻為80,600,000港元)。中基之溫利貢獻為80,600,000港元。中基出售道路及橋樑項目所產生的為過過生的過過一次性收益達至。中基以約460,300,000港元總代價出售額外營運資金。然而這一一次的人。此為中基營利貢獻減少的主要原因。此為中基營利貢獻減少的主要原因。

策略上,中基將會在遇到合適機會時出售全部道路及橋樑項目。於二零雪五年十二月三十一日,中基仍然持有四個道路及橋樑項目,項目之總帳面值約為407,700,000港元。目前,中基正考慮增加投資於能源供應、煉油加工及其他財務投資。

#### 泰安天然氣管道項目

#### 東聯化工項目

中基擁有東聯化工有限責任公司(「東聯 化工」)25%權益。中基於東聯化工的投 資成本約為53,600,000港元。東聯化工的 主要經營業務為原油及油產品儲存、原 油及油產品裝卸專用碼頭及原油提煉。 於截止二零零五年十二月三十一日止年 度, 東聯化工僅為中基提供有限的溢利 貢獻,金額為3,600,000港元(二零零四 年:無)。東聯化工已於年內成功完成煉 油生產測試,但鑑於近期原油價格高企 並將嚴重影響及收窄邊際溢利,故沒有 展開大規模的煉油作業。然而,中基目 前正與中方合作夥伴就煉油業務磋商落 實穩定且長期的原油供應。中基有信心 能解決原油供應問題。中基相信投資東 聯化工將可為中基帶來良好的回報。

### 董事總經理報告

#### **Financial Investment**

#### **Distressed Assets Business**

The Macau Assets

Basically, the disposal of the Macau Assets has substantially been completed during the year. The Group received a further performance return in the amount of HK\$100.0 million from the disposal of the Macau Assets. There is only a small amount of Macau Assets remained and are pending for further disposal. The Directors expect that there will only be nominal income generated from the disposal of the remaining Macau Assets.

#### The Cinda Portfolio

For the current year, the Cinda Portfolio has contributed HK\$130.9 million interest income to the Group. Up to 31 December 2005, the principal amount of distressed assets in the Cinda Portfolio that has been disposed of was approximately HK\$18.6 billion in aggregate, representing approximately 34.4% of total principal amount of the Cinda Portfolio. The amount of cash recovered was approximately HK\$664.8 million in aggregate. The effective cash recovery rate was approximately 3.6%. The Group has set a target to complete the disposal of the Cinda Portfolio in the second guarter of 2007. To speed up the disposal of the Cinda Portfolio, the Directors of the Company and China Cinda have decided to break the Cinda Portfolio into smaller packages of distressed assets and to dispose of these packages of distressed assets by auctions or other possible means. However, if opportunity arises, the Directors and China Cinda will keep disposing of the Cinda Portfolio on an individual basis, which will have a higher cash recovery rate.

### Strategic Partner

By the end of 2005, Citigroup Financial Products Inc. ("CFPI") and the Company strengthened their corporation in the aspects of investing in distressed assets through setting up a joint venture known as Platinum One Limited ("Platinum One"). CFPI and the Company owned Platinum One equally. Both CFPI and the Company have intention to utilize Platinum One as the investment vehicle for all the distressed assets deals identified in the future.

### 金融投資

#### 不良資產業務

#### 澳門資產

澳門資產之處置工作基本上已於年內完成。本集團從處置澳門資產額外收取100,000,000港元超收分成。現時只剩餘少量澳門資產仍待處置。董事預期處置餘下之澳門資產僅能產生有限收益。

### 信達資產包

於本年內,信達資產包為本集團貢獻 130,900,000港元收益。截至二零零五年 十二月三十一日,已處置之信達資產包 不良資產本金金額累計總額約 18,600,000,000港元,約相當於信達資產 包本金總額之34.4%。累計處置回收現金 約為664,800,000港元。折算所得之現金 回收率約為3.6%;本集團已訂立目標在 二零零七年二季度完成處置信達資產 包。為加速處置信達資產包,董事會及 中國信達已決定把信達資產包分割成為 數額較少的債權資產小包並通過拍賣方 式或其他可行方法處置該等小包。然 而,若遇到合適機會,董事會及中國信 達將會維持以單一債權方式處置信達資 產包以求取的較高的現金回收率。

#### 策略夥伴

於二零零五年年底,Citigroup Financial Products Inc.「CFPI」與本公司透過成立合營公司Platinum One Limited (Platinum One) 加強雙方於不良資產投資領域的合作。 CFPI與本公司共同擁有 Platinum One。 CFPI與本公司有意利用 Platinum One作為投資於未來落實的不良資產項目的投資主體。

### 董事總經理報告

#### The Huarong Portfolio

On 22 November 2005, Platinum One entered into conditional agreements with China Huarong Asset Management Corporation ("China Huarong") to acquire from Huarong a portfolio of distressed assets in the principal amount of RMB36.4 billion (equivalent to HK\$35.0 billion) including booked interests (the "Huarong Portfolio"). The Huarong Portfolio was acquired at a total consideration of RMB546.6 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$525.6 million). The consideration represented 1.5% of the principal amount, including booked interests, of the Huarong Portfolio. At the same time, China Huarong was also appointed to assist Platinum One in servicing the collection of the Huarong Portfolio. Huarong in return is entitled to receive a management fee calculated as 10% of the cash recovered. Huarong is also entitled to share the profits generated from the disposal of the Huarong Portfolio according to a defined profit sharing scheme.

The Huarong Portfolio comprises a total of 11,126 borrowers located in a total of 27 provinces, directly administrated municipalities and autonomies in the PRC. The Group has set a target to complete the disposal of the Huarong Portfolio in two years' time.

Apart from the Huarong Portfolio, CFPI, the Company and Platinum One are actively searching for and are currently considering making investments in one or several distressed assets. Platinum One expects to conclude at least one of them in the near future.

### Other Investments

The Group will utilize an appropriate portion of the temporarily idled funds to invest, on a medium term basis, in listed securities. The Directors will make judgment and will invest very selectively in listed securities with good capital appreciation potentials.

In 2005, the Group has conditionally agreed to invest in a 12% equity interest in a Chinese medicine manufacturer known as Tong Ji Tang at a total consideration of RMB100.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$96,100 million). The Group has paid a deposit of RMB43.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$41.3 million) during the year. The balance will be paid upon the fulfillment of certain condition precedents. The principal business of Tong Ji Tang is the manufacturing of a drug to cure osteoporosis. Tong Ji Tang has planned to seek listing on the Nasdaq and has commenced the prelisting formalities. Tong Ji Tang expects to get listed in the third or fourth quarter of 2006. The Directors believe that investment in Tong Ji Tang will make good profit to the Group.

### 華融資產包

華融資產包由分散於全國各地、共27個省、直轄市及自治區、總數11,126個債務人所組成。本集團已定立目標,於兩年之內完成處置華融資產包。

除了華融資產包外,CFPI、本公司及 Platinum One正積極尋找並且目前正考慮 投資於一個或多個不良資產。Platinum One期望於短期內最少落實一個投資決 定。

### 其他投資

本集團將適當地利用部份臨時閒置之資金透過以中期持有方式投資於上市證券。董事會將作出判斷並會非常選擇性地投資於具有資本增值潛力的上市證券。

### 董事總經理報告

### **GROWTH STRATEGIES**

The Group will continue to invest in the core business of properties, infrastructure investments and financial investments at a balanced pace. The business emphasis will be adjusted according to the prevailing economic environment and market growth trend. Regarding to financial investments, the current target is still to participate mainly in the distressed assets business. In light of favorable conditions brought about by the vigorously growing PRC economy, the Group will keep increasing its investment in distressed assets business, which is expected to bring significant returns to the shareholders. Since the eleventh Five-Years Plan of China is principally to encourage internal demand and expenditure, increased demand and expenditure will inevitably lead to price rises in properties. Therefore, the Group will also increase its investment in the business of property development with an emphasis on developing middle class and medium scale projects and/or "Si He Yuan" projects in principal.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

### **Exchange Exposure & Hedging**

As at 31 December 2005, the Group had a USD denominated convertible notes in the principal amount of USD52.5 million (equivalent to HK\$409.5 million).

Except for the above, the Group's principal assets, liabilities, revenue and payments are denominated in HKD and RMB. Recently the RMB exchange rate is appreciating gradually. The Directors believe that the RMB exchange rate will continue to appreciate gradually in the medium term but there is unlikely to have a sudden surge in the RMB exchange rate. In addition, HKD is pledged to the USD and such currency peg is unlikely to break in the foreseeable future. In this regard, the Directors believe that exposure to exchange rate fluctuations will not have material adverse effect on the Group.

The Group's policy is not to engage in any speculative activity other than making appropriate arrangements for hedging purposes where the business requires. There was no hedging transaction contracted for by the Group during the year.

### 發展策略

### 財務回顧

### 匯兑風險及對沖

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本集團有以美元為計價單位的可換股票據金額52,500,000美元(相當於409,500,000港元)。

本集團的政策一向不鼓勵進行任何投機 活動,唯因應業務需要而作出適當的對 沖安排除外。本集團於年內並無簽訂任 何合同形式的對沖交易。

### 董事總經理報告

#### **Working Capital & Borrowings**

The Group's total borrowings excluding convertible notes as at 31 December 2005 amounted to approximately HK\$658.7 million of which approximately HK\$651.8 million was short-term bank loan and bank overdraft and the remaining was long-term mortgage loan. Over 80% of the short-term bank loan was represented by the working capital loan to East Gate and the remaining was the current portion of a long-term mortgage loan and bank overdraft. Interest rate for the short-term bank loan was charged at floating rate and the prevailing applicable interest rate was between 4.13% and 5.58 % per annum. The interest rate for the long-term mortgage loan was charged at floating rate and the prevailing applicable interest rate was 5.375% per annum. The Group also has convertible notes with a total outstanding amount of approximately HK\$866.1 million. Approximately 50% of the convertible notes were due within one year and the remaining were due after one year. The convertible notes have a coupon rate of 1.5% per annum but interest for one of the convertible note was charged to income at notional market rate of 4.48% per annum effective from 1 January 2005 in accordance with the new accounting policy.

The Company is negotiating with a local bank for a long-term loan facility in the amount of HK\$600.0 million to HK\$800.0 million for the purpose of replacing the existing RMB denominated working capital loan of East Gate. If concluded, the Group will have a better working capital structure on one hand and can also minimize a possible exchange loss caused by the appreciation of RMB on the other hand.

As at 31 December 2005, the cash and bank balances (net of bank overdraft) was HK\$531.9 million and the net current assets amounted to HK\$238.3 million. In December 2005, the Group paid approximately HK\$527.4 million to acquire the Huarong Portfolio. In January 2006, the disposal of 50% equity interest in Platinum One, which holds the Huarong Portfolio, to CFPI was completed. The Group received approximately HK\$263.7 million payment from CFPI. The Group also made short-term investments in listed securities for the purpose of earning extra returns in the second half year of 2005. Most of those listed securities were subsequently realized in the first quarter of 2006 and recorded very good returns.

Up to the date of this report, the Group has cash balances amounted to approximately HK\$1.0 billion. In addition, the Group has unutilized banking facilities amounted to HK\$234.0 million. In this regard, the Directors are confident that working capital of the Group is adequate for daily operations and the Group has a healthy financial position.

### 營運資金及借貸

本集團於二零零五年十二月三十一日 除可換股票據外之借貸總額約 為 658,700,000港 元 , 其 中 約 有 651,800,000港元為短期之銀行貸款及銀 行透支,餘數為長期之按揭貸款。短期 銀行貸款中逾80%為本集團附屬公司一 東環置業之流動資金貸款,其餘為一項 長期之按揭貸款一年內到期部分及銀行 透支。短期銀行貸款利息以浮動利率計 算,當前適用之年利率介乎4.13%至 5.58%之間。長期按揭貸款之利息以浮動 利率計算,當前適用之年利率為 5.375%。本集團同時亦有未償還總額約 866,100,000港元之可換股票據。大約 50%的可換股票據將於一年內到期,其 餘則於一年後到期。可換股票據之票面 利息為年利率1.5%,然而,為符合新的 會計政策,其中一項可換股票據的相關 的利息支出則從二零零五年一月一日起 以推算的市場利率4.48%計算。

於二零零五年十二月三十一日之現金及銀行存款結餘(扣除銀行透支後額)531,900,000港元,而淨流動資產金年十五月,亦為二零零五年十次。於二零零五年中收納527,400,000港元元時融資產包。出售Platinum One(其持至華融資產包)50%股權予CFPI的交場中華融資產包)50%股權予CFPI的交易回零零六年一月完成。本集團從CFPI收有二263,700,000港元款項。本集團從CFPI收割等下半年購入上市證券作為回零資券下半年購入上市部分該等上並錄得了以賺取額外回報。

截至本報告日,本集團有約10億港元之 現金結餘。此外、本集團亦有尚未動用 之銀行授信額度234,000,000港元。因 此,董事會有信心本集團之流動資金足 夠應付日常營運所需,並且本集團擁有 良好的財務狀況。

### 董事總經理報告

#### **Capital Structure**

No new share was issued during the year. During the year, the Company repurchased a total number of 69,962,000 shares at a total consideration of HK\$165.3 million in cash. The shares were repurchased on the Stock Exchange. Details of the repurchases are set out in note 39 to the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2005, the shareholders' fund of the Group was approximately HK\$3,843.0 million, representing an increase of HK\$359.3 million or 10.3% increment compared to that as at 31 December 2004. During the year, HK\$87.9 million was paid to shareholders of the Company as final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2004.

#### **Human Resources**

As at 31 December 2005, the Group employed approximately 1,430 employees in Hong Kong and in the PRC. Total staff costs for the year was approximately HK\$64.4 million (2004: HK\$53.5 million). The Group offers its staff competitive remuneration packages, which are consistent with the prevailing market practices. The Group remuneration policies are described in details in the Corporate Governance Report under the section headed Remuneration Committee.

#### Appreciation

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to our shareholders for their supports and all the Group's employees for their hard working and dedication in carrying out their duties and in achieving the Group's business goal.

By order of the Board **Gao Jian Min** *Managing Director* 

Hong Kong, 24 April 2006

#### 股本結構

年內並無發行任何新股份。年內本公司 以現金代價165,300,000港元回購總數 69,962,000股股份。有關股份乃於聯交所 購回。有關購回顧份之詳情載於財務報 表附註39。

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本集團之股東資金約為3,843,000,000港元;較二零零四年十二月三十一日之數額增加359,300,000港元,增幅10.3%。年內,已向本公司股東派付截至二零零四年十二月三十一日之年度之末期股息87,900,000港元。

### 人力資源

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本集團於香港及中國僱用約1,430名僱員。年內之總員工支出約為64,400,000港元(二零四:53,500,000港元)。本集團為其僱員提供一套符合市場慣例且具競爭性的薪酬制度。本集團之薪酬政策於企業會治報告內之薪酬委員會部分詳加說明。

### 致謝

本集團有賴各股東的鼎力支持和全體員 工努力不懈的竭誠服務以達至本集團的 目標,本人謹代表董事會向彼等致以深 切謝意。

承董事會命 *董事總經理* 高建民

香港,二零零六年四月二十四日

### Profile of Directors

### 董事簡介

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

#### Mr. CHEN Xiaozhou Chairman

Mr. Chen, aged 44, was appointed director of the Company and was elected Chairman of the board on 13 February 2006. He has been the Vice President of China Cinda Asset Management Corporation, a substantial shareholder of the Company ("China Cinda") since February, 2003. Mr. Chen obtained his Master of Economics from the Research Institute of the People's Bank of China in 1988 and obtained his Master of Commerce from the University of New South Wales, Australia in 2003. From April 1997 to April, 1999, he was the Deputy General Manager of Sales Department of Head Office of China Construction Bank. From April, 1999 to September, 2000, Mr. Chen was the supervisor of Investment Banking Department of China Cinda. From September, 2000 to February, 2003, Mr. Chen was the Assistant to President of China Cinda. Mr. Chen has over 13 years experience in banking and finance sectors. During the period from 7 June 2004 to 27 March 2005, Mr. Chen was a non-executive director of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited (Stock Code: 2600), the H shares of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

#### Mr. HUI Xiao Bing Vice-chairman

Mr. Hui, aged 53, is a director of the Company and was appointed Vice-chairman of the board since 22 June 1993. Mr. Hui was the ex-Deputy Managing Director of China Everbright Financial Holdings Limited. Mr. Hui was also the ex-president of China Construction Bank, Shenzhen Branch. He previously worked for 中國國務院經濟發展研究所 (Research Centre for Economic Development of the State Council of the PRC) and 中國投資諮詢公司 (China Investment Consultancy Company). He has over 20 years experience in banking and finance. Mr. Hui graduated from 內蒙古工業大學 (Inner Mongolia Industrial University) with a bachelor degree in engineering.

### Mr. GAO Jian Min Managing Director

Mr. Gao, aged 47, is a director of the Company and was appointed Managing Director since 22 June 1993. Mr. Gao is also directors of various Group companies. Mr. Gao is also a director of Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd. (Stock Code: 358) and Qingling Motors. Co. Ltd. (Stock Code: 1122), the H shares of both companies are listed on the Stock Exchange. He is also the managing director of Pacific Economies Development Corp. He graduated from 清華大學 (Qing Hua University) with a bachelor degree in engineering. He has over 15 years experience in property investment and development.

### 執行董事

### 陳孝周先生 主席

陳先生現年44歳,於2006年2月13日獲委 任為本公司董事並出任董事會主席-職。彼自2003年2月起出任本公司主要股 東中國信達資產管理有限公司「中國信 達」之副總裁。陳先生於1988年獲得中國 人民銀行金融研究所經濟學碩士學位, 並於2003年獲得澳洲新南威爾士大學商 學碩士學位。自1997年4月至1999年4 月,彼為中國建設銀行總行之營業部副 總經理。自1999年4月至2000年9月,陳 先生為中國信達之投資銀行部主任。自 2000年9月至2003年2月,陳先生為中國 信達之總裁助理。陳先生於銀行及金融 業擁有逾十三年經驗。於2004年6月7日 至2005年3月27日期間,陳先生為中國鋁 業股份有限公司(股份代號:2600)之非 執行董事,該公司之H股股份於香港聯合 交易所有限公司「聯交所」及紐約股票交 易所上市。

#### 惠小兵先生 副主席

#### 高建民先生 董事總經理

高先生現年47歲,自1993年6月22日起出任本公司之董事並同時獲委任為本集公司之董事總經理。高先生亦兼任若干股內有限公司(股份代號:358)及慶錄汽車兩家公司之H股股份均於聯交所上市。彼斯家公司之H股股份均於聯交所上市。彼斯為Pacific Economics Development Corp.之董事總經理。高先生於清華大學資及發展方面擁有逾十五年經驗。

### Profile of Directors

### 董事簡介

#### Mr. LIU Tianni, Deputy Managing Director

Mr. Liu, aged 42, is the Deputy General Manager of the Company. Mr. Liu joined the Company in November 1994 and was appointed director of the Company since 26 May 2001. Mr. Liu is also the director of several Group companies. He graduated from Beijing Normal University with a Master Degree in Science. He has over 10 years experience in administrative management and trade businesses.

### Mr. GU Jianguo

Mr. Gu, aged 44, is a director of the Company since 25 May 1999. Mr. Gu previously worked with China Construction Bank and China Cinda Trust & Investment Corporation. He graduated from Zhejiang University with a bachelor degree in Engineering, a master degree and a Ph. D Degree in Economics. He has over 20 years' experiences in commercial and investment banking, business management, and financial accounting and management.

### Mr. CHEN Yongcun

Mr. Chen, aged 41, is a director of the Company since 25 October 2000. Mr. Chen is the Assistant to General Manager of Well Kent International Limited. He previously worked with China Construction Bank and China Cinda. He graduated from Qing Hua University with a bachelor degree in engineering and a master degree in engineering. Mr. Chen has over 10 years experience in finance and investment.

### Mr. CHEUNG Chung Kiu

Mr. Cheung, aged 41, is a director of the Company since 22 June 1993. Mr. Cheung set up Chongqing Industrial Limited in 1985, a company mainly engaged in the trading business in the PRC. He is the chairman and the founder of Yugang International Limited ("Yugang") (Stock Code: 613). He is also the chairman of Y. T. Realty Group Limited ("Y.T. Realty") (Stock Code: 75) and the chairman of Cross-Harbour (Holdings) Limited ("Cross-Harbour") (Stock Code: 32) and an executive director of Qualipak International Holdings Limited. (Stock Code: 1224). All of the aforesaid companies are public companies which shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

### Mr. YUEN Wing Shing

Mr. Yuen, aged 59, is a director of the Company since 22 June 1993. Mr. Yuen is also the Managing Director of Yugang. He is also an executive director of Y. T. Realty and Cross-Harbour. Mr. Yuen holds a diploma in management studies from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Prior to joining Yugang in 1992, he held a senior management position with a major bank in Hong Kong for over 20 years.

### 劉天倪先生 董事副總經理

劉先生現年42歲,為本公司副總經理。 劉先生於1994年11月加入本公司並自 2001年5月26日起獲委任為本公司之主 事。劉先生同時兼任若干集團公司之董董 事。劉先生於北京師範大學畢業,持有 理學碩士學位,彼於行政管理及貿易方 面擁有逾十年經驗。

#### 顧建國先生

顧先生現年44歲,自1999年5月25日起出任本公司董事職務。顧先生曾任職中建設銀行及中國信達信托投資公式、經濟學研工、經濟學博士學位。彼於爾銀行、投資銀行、工商管理、金融財務會計管理方面積累逾二十年經驗。

#### 陳永存先生

陳先生現年41歲,自2000年10月25日起出任本公司董事。陳先生為華建國際集團總經理助理,曾任職中國建設銀行及中國信達。彼於清華大學畢業,持有工學學士及工學碩士學位。陳先生擁有逾十年金融及投資經驗。

### 張松橋先生

張先生現年41歲,自1993年6月22日起出任本公司董事職務。張先生於1985年創立中渝實業有限公司,主要經營中國貿易業務。張先生為渝港國際有限公司「渝港」(股份代號:613)之主席及創辦人。彼亦為渝太地產集團有限公司「渝太公產」(股份代號:75)及港通控股有限公司「港通控股」(股份代號:32)之主席及確利達國際控股有限公司「確利達」(股份代號:1224)之執行董事。所有前述公司為其股份於聯交所上市之上市公司。

#### 袁永誠先生

袁先生現年59歲,自1993年6月22日起出任本公司之董事職務。袁先生亦為渝港之董事總經理。彼亦為渝太地產及港通控股之執行董事。袁先生持有香港理工大學管理學文憑。在1992年加入渝港之前,彼於香港一間主要銀行任職高級管理職務逾二十年。

### Profile of Directors

### 董事簡介

#### Mr. CHOW Kwok Wai

Mr. Chow, aged 39, is a Deputy General Manager and the Qualified Accountant of the Company. He is responsible for the finance and accounting matters of the Group. Mr. Chow joined the Company in October 1993 and was appointed executive director of the Company on 20 April 2004. Mr. Chow has worked in Price Waterhouse, which is now known as PriceWaterhouseCoopers and has accumulated valuable audit experience there. Mr. Chow received his Bachelor Degree in Social Sciences from the University of Hong Kong in 1990. Mr. Chow is a Fellow Member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a Fellow Member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Chow has over 15 years experiences in accounting, financial management and corporate finance. Mr. Chow is also an independent non-executive director of Lijun International Pharmaceutical (Holding) Co., Ltd. (Stock Code: 2005) which H shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Mr. KANG Dian

Mr. Kang, aged 57, is an independent non-executive director of the Company since 8 May 1998. Mr. Kang is the Chairman of China Venture Capital Asset Management Limited. Mr. Kang is also the Consultant to the Finance & Securities Commission of All China Lawyers Association since 1996. He graduated from Graduate School of Social Science of China (中國社會科學院) with a Master Degree in Economics.

### Mr. ZHANG Lu

Mr. Zhang, aged 54, is an independent non-executive director of the Company since 4 May 2000. Mr. Zhang has worked in Citic Ka Wah Bank, Hong Kong, Bank of China and Citic Industrial Bank. He has engaged in the banking business for over 25 years.

### Mr. HUNG Muk Ming

Mr. Hung, aged 41, is an independent non-executive director of the Company since 23 December 2004. Mr. Hung is a Certified Public Accountant (Practicing) and is a Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also fellow member of the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. Mr. Hung received his Bachelor Degree in Social Sciences from the University of Hong Kong in 1990. During the period from 27 September 2004 to 16 February 2006, Mr. Hung was an independent non-executive director of Rontex International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 1142), which shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Hung has over 15 years experience in accounting and audit sector.

#### 周國偉先生

### 獨立非執行董事

#### 康典先生

康先生現年57歲,自1998年5月8日起出任本公司之獨立非執行董事職務。康先生為中國風險投資管理有限公司總裁。康先生自1996年開始擔任中國全國律師協會轄下財務及證券委員會之顧問。彼於中國社會科學院畢業,持有經濟學碩士學位。

### 張璐先生

張先生現年54歲,自2000年5月4日起出任本公司之獨立非執行董事職務。張先生曾任職於香港中信嘉華銀行、中國銀行及中信實業銀行。彼從事銀行業已超逾二十五年。

#### 洪木明先生

### Profile of Senior Management

### 高級管理人員簡介

### Mr. KWOK Chung Lun

Mr. Kwok, aged 51, joined the Company in July 1995. Mr. Kwok is the Managing Director of Beijing East Gate Development Co., Ltd. Mr. Kwok pursued study in 中國人民大學 (the People's University). Mr. Kwok has over 10 years experience in property investment and development.

### Miss ZHANG Shuhua

Mdm. Zhang, aged 52, is the Deputy Managing Director of Beijing East Gate Development Co., Ltd. Mdm. Zhang pursued study in Beijing Radio and Television University. Mdm. Zhang has over 20 years experiences in finance and accounting.

### 郭鐘麟先生

郭先生現年51歲,於1995年7月加入本公司。郭先生現任北京東環置業有限公司之董事總經理。郭先生於中國人民大學畢業,彼於物業投資及發展方面擁有逾十年經驗。

### 張淑華女士

張女士現年52歲,現任北京東環置業有限公司之董事副總經理。張女士於北京廣播電視大學畢業。彼於財務及會計方面擁有逾二十年經驗。

### 公司管治報告

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company is committed to maintaining and ensuring a standard of corporate governance that is consistent to market practices. The Company has applied the principles and has complied with all the applicable mandatory code provisions of the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities ("Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") for the year ended 31 December 2005 except for those deviations explained herein in this report.

The Board will continuously review and improve the corporate governance practices of the Company to ensure that business activities and decision-making processes are regulated in a proper and prudent manner.

The following paragraphs summarize the Company's key corporate governance practices and explain deviations, if any, from the CG Code.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors ("Board" or "Directors"), led by the Chairman, steers the Group's business direction. The management, led by the Managing Director, i.e. the Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for the Group's management and operations. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Managing Director are clearly established and set out in writing. The role of the Chairman and the Managing Director are separated and are performed by different persons to avoid concentration of authorities to one single person.

The Company fulfilled, in the second half year, the requirement of CG Code A.2.1, which stipulates that the division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer should be clearly established and set out in writing and CG Code D.1.2 which stipulates that the company should formalize the functions reserved to the board and those delegated to management.

The Board is responsible for formulating the Group's long-term strategies, setting business development goals, assessing the results of management policies, monitoring management's performance and ensuring the existence of an effective internal control system. The independent non-executive directors serve an important function of ensuring and monitoring the basis for an effective corporate governance framework.

### 企業管治常規

本公司致力維持及確保一套符合市場慣例之企業管治標準。截至2005年12月31日止年度,除本報告所述的若干偏離項外,本公司已採納香港聯合交易所是與別(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「開銀市所載之企業管治院所有則(「常規守則」)的原則條文。

董事會將會不斷檢討及改善本公司的企 業管治措施及準則,確保業務活動及決 策過程受到適當及審慎之規管。

下文分段概括説明本公司之重要企業管制措施及就偏離事項(如有)的解説。

### 董事會

本公司已於下半年內符合常規守則第A.2.1條要求主席與行政總裁的職務須予分開並須明確地以書面方式列名各自的責任及常規守則第D.1.2條要求本公司就保留於董事局的功能及下放管理層的功能正式劃分的規定。

董事會負責制定本集團的長期策略、訂立業務發展目標、評估管理措施之成效、監察管理層之表現及確保存在有效的內部監控系統。獨立非執行董事則對確保及監察企業管治架構是否行之有效起著重要作用。

### 公司管治報告

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

The Board of the Company comprises:

#### **Executive directors:**

Mr. CHEN Xiaozhou (Chairman) (appointed on 13 February 2006) Mr. ZHU Dengshan (Ex-chairman) (resigned on 13 February 2006) Mr. HUI Xiao Bing (Vice-chairman)

Mr. GAO Jian Min (Managing Director)

Mr. LIU Tianni (Deputy Managing Director)

Mr. GU Jianguo Mr. CHEN Yongcun Mr. CHEUNG Chung Kiu Mr. YUEN Wing Shing Mr. CHOW Kwok Wai

### Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. KANG Dian Mr. ZHANG Lu Mr. HUNG Muk Ming

The Board comprises of nine executive directors and three non-executive directors. All non-executive directors are also independent non-executive directors. The biographies of the Directors are given on page 14 to 17. Members of the Board possess the appropriate expertise and skills to discharge their duties. Save for the fact that Messrs. CHEN Xiaozhou, GU Jianguo, CHEN Yongcun and ZHU Dengshan are also directors and/or senior officers within the group of China Cinda Asset Management Corporation, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company, there is no relationship between members of the Board, in terms of financial, business, family or other significant relationship. All directors served the Company for the full year of 2005.

To assist the Board in discharging its duties and to fulfil the requirement of the CG Code, two standing board committees are set up under the Board: the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. When it becomes necessary, the Board will set up ad hoc board committee to handle specific issues and report back to the Board.

The Board considers that each independent non-executive director is independent in character and judgment and they all meet the specific independent criteria as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received from each independent non-executive director an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. In addition, the independent non-executive directors are explicitly identified in all corporate communications.

### 董事會(續)

本公司董事會包括:

#### 執行董事:

陳孝周先生(主席) (於2006年2月13日委任) 朱登山先生(前主席) (於2006年2月13日辭任) 惠小兵先生(副主席) 高建民先生(董事總經理) 劉天倪先生(董事副總經理) 顧建國先生 陳永存先生 張松橋先生 袁永誠先生 周國偉先生

#### 獨立非執行董事:

康典先生 張璐先生 洪木明先生

為協助董事會履行其職責,及為符合常規守則的規定,董事會下設兩個常設的屬委員會:審核委員會及薪酬委員會附。 在必要的時候,董事會還設立臨時會屬 在必要自責專項工作,並向董事會匯報。

董事會認為每位獨立非執行董事均具有獨立的個性及判斷能力並且他們都符合上市規則所定明有關獨立性的特定標準。本公司已接獲每名獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條有關其獨立身分的年度確認函。此外,在所有公司通訊內,獨立非執行董事均被明確識別。

### 公司管治報告

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

All directors are regularly updated on governance and regulatory matters. There is an established procedure for directors to obtain independent professional advice at the expense of the Company in the furtherance of their duties.

The full board will meet at least four times throughout a year to review the overall strategy and to monitor the operation as well as the financial performance of the Group. Notice of at least 14 days have been given to all directors for all regular board meetings and the directors can include matters for discussion in the agenda if necessary. Agenda and the accompany board papers in respect of regular board meetings are sent out in full to all directors not less than three days before the meeting. Minutes of regular board meetings and meetings of board committee are properly kept and all directors have access to board papers and the related materials.

During 2005, four regular board meetings were held and the individual attendance of each director is set out below:

### 董事會(續)

Number of

全體董事均定期獲得有關管治及監管等事宜的更新資訊。董事可按照既定程序,尋求獨立專業意見以協助履行其責任,有關費用由本公司支付。

董事會於2005年年內共召開四次全體董事會會議,每名董事的出席率詳列如下:

Name of director 董事姓名	Number of meetings attended 出席董事會會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Mr. ZHU Dengshan 朱登山先生	2 out of 4 四次中出席二次	50%
Mr. HUI Xiao Bing 惠小兵先生	3 out of 4 四次中出席三次	75%
Mr. GAO Jian Min 高建民先生	4 out of 4 四次中出席四次	100%
Mr. LIU Tianni 劉天倪先生	4 out of 4 四次中出席四次	100%
Mr. GU Jianguo 顧建國先生	3 out of 4 四次中出席三次	75%
Mr. CHEN Yongcun 陳永存先生	4 out of 4 四次中出席四次	100%
Mr. CHEUNG Chung Kiu 張松橋先生	1 out of 4 四次中出席一次	25%
Mr. YUEN Wing Shing 袁永誠先生	4 out of 4 四次中出席四次	100%
Mr. CHOW Kwok Wai 周國偉先生	4 out of 4 四次中出席四次	100%
Mr. KANG Dian 康典先生	2 out of 4 四次中出席二次	50%
Mr. ZHANG Lu 張璐先生	2 out of 4 四次中出席二次	50%
Mr. HUNG Muk Ming 洪木明先生	4 out of 4 四次中出席四次	100%

### 公司管治報告

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

According to Articles of Association of the Company, the Board has the power to appoint any person as a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board.

Furthermore, in order to reinforce the accountability of directors, the Company will propose to pass a shareholders' resolution at the coming annual general meeting to be held on 25 May 2006 to amend the Company's Articles of Association. Pursuant to the amended Articles, all directors, including the Chairman, Vice Chairman and Managing Director, shall retire by rotation at least once every three years at annual general meetings and be eligible for re-election.

The independent non-executive directors have been appointed for a specific term of service. They are also subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with Article 101 of the Company's Articles of Association.

CG Code E.1.2 stipulates that the Chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. The Chairman of the board did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 May 2005. The Chairman will endeavor to attend all future annual general meetings of the Company unless unexpected or special circumstances preventing him from doing so.

### **Securities Dealing by Directors**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conducts for securities transactions by directors of the Company. All the members of the board have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2005. The Model Code also applies to other specified senior management of the Group.

The Company fulfilled, in the second half year, the requirements of CG Code A.5.4, which stipulates that the board should establish written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for relevant employees in respect of their dealings in securities of the issuer.

### 董事會(續)

根據本公司章程,董事會有權委任任何 人士擔任董事職務以填補空缺或增加董 事會席位。

此外,為提高董事會成員的問責性,本公司將於2006年5月25日召開的股東特別大會提呈一項決議案修改本公司的組織章程細則,規定所有董事(包括董事長副董事長及董事總經理)須至少每三年一次輪流於股東週年大會上告退,但可膺撰連任。

獨立非執行董事之委任設有固定任期。 他們亦須根據本公司章程第101條規定於 股東週年大會上輪值告退並重選連任。

常規守則第E.1.2條要求董事局主席應出席股東週年大會。董事會主席並無出席本公司於2005年5月26日召開的股東週年大會。主席將竭力出席本公司於未來召開的所有股東週年大會,除非出現不可預見或特殊情況導致其未克出席。

### 董事進行證券交易

本公司已就本公司董事進行證券交易採納上市規則附錄十所載的《上市規則附錄十所載的《上市證券交易的標準守則》(「標準等」),作為董事進行證券交易的特別。 事會全體成員回應本公司的特別查詢日達 事會認,彼等在截至2005年12月31日上 年度內一直嚴格遵守標準於其他指定之 集團高級管理人員。

本公司已於下半年內符合常規守則第 A.5.4條要求董事局設立書面指引,其中 條款不亞於標準守則,以規範相關僱員 進行有關上市公司的股份買賣的規定。

### 公司管治報告

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was established in 1999 and its current members include:

Mr. KANG Dian (Committee Chairman)

Mr. ZHANG Lu Mr. HUNG Muk Ming

All the Audit Committee members are independent non-executive directors. The composition and professional qualifications of the members of the Audit Committee complies with the requirements under Rules 3.21 of the Listing Rules. Written terms of reference which describe the authority and duties of the Audit Committee were adopted in 2004 and subsequently updated and amended in 2005 to conform to the provision of the CG Code.

The Company fulfilled, in the second half year, the requirements of CG Code C.3.3, which stipulates that the terms of reference of the Audit Committee should include all duties as stated in such CG Code.

The Audit Committee meets at least two times each year to review the reporting of financial and other information to shareholders, the system of internal controls, risk management and the effectiveness and objectivity of the audit process. The Audit Committee also provides an important link between the board and the Company's external auditors in matters coming within the scope of its terms of reference and keeps under review the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management on the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and has discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

During the year, three Audit Committee meetings were held and the individual attendance of each member is set out below:

#### 審核委員會

審核委員會於1999年成立,目前的成員 包括:

康典先生(委員會主席) 張璐先生 洪木明先生

審核委員會全體成員均為獨立非執行董事。審核委員會的組成及成員的專業資格均符合上市規則第3.21條的要求。審核委員會的成文權責條款於2004年採納,其後於2005年更新及作出修訂以符合常規守則的條文。

本公司已於下半年內符合常規守則第 C.3.3條要求審核委員會的職權應涵蓋該 常規守則所列的全部職責的規定。

審核委員會已與管理層檢討過本集團所採納的會計原則及慣例,並討論內部監控及財務申報等事宜,包括審閱截至 2005年12月31日止年度之財務報表。

審核委員會年內共召開三次會議,各成 員之出席率詳列如下:

Name of director 董事姓名	Number of meetings attended 出席會議次數	Attendance rate 出席率
Mr. KANG Dian 康典先生	3 out of 3 三次中出席三次	100%
Mr. ZHANG Lu 張璐先生	3 out of 3 三次中出席三次	100%
Mr. HUNG Muk Ming 洪木明先生	3 out of 3 三次中出席三次	100%

### 公司管治報告

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE** (Continued)

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee was established in 2005 and the current members include:

Mr. KANG Dian (Committee Chairman)

Mr. ZHANG Lu

All Remuneration Committee members are independent non-executive directors. The written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee were adopted in 2005 and conform to the provision of the CG Code.

The responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are to ensure that there is no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration and that the Company has an equitable and competitive remuneration policy to attract and retain talent persons to serve the Company.

The remuneration package for each employee is structured according to his quality and qualification. The remuneration package will contain a combination or modification of some or all of the following four main components:

### 1. Basic salary

Basic salary ranges for each position are established with reference to the responsibilities and the duties attached to the position. The actual salary for the person filling the position is determined based on the experience and the ability of the individual selected for the position.

The basic salary ranges are reviewed periodically by reference to the general market and by comparison to comparable positions at competitors in the relevant industry. The actual salaries of employees are reviewed annually and may be adjusted from time to time based on the cost of living and financial performance of the Company.

Salaries are base compensation and are not intended to reward performance, either individually or corporately. Performance is rewarded through other components of the remuneration plan.

#### 2. Incentive bonus

Incentive bonus is linked to individual and corporate performance. The incentive bonus for each employee is determined with reference to his position and his individual performance during the year.

### 審核委員會(續)

### 薪酬委員會

本公司已於2005年成立薪酬委員會,目前的成員包括:

康典(委員會主席) 張璐

薪酬委員會所有成員均為獨立非執行董事。薪酬委員會已於2005年採納符合常 規守則相關條文的書面職權範圍書。

薪酬委員會的職責為確保沒有董事或其 聯繫人士參與制定該董事自己的酬金以 及本公司存在一套公平且具競爭性的薪 酬政策以便吸引及挽留卓越的人才為本 公司服務。

每位員工的薪酬待遇按個別的質素與專 業資格釐定。薪酬待遇由以下四大項目 中其中一部分或全部組成,亦可能有所 增減:

#### 一。 基本薪金

基本薪金是按個別職位及責任而 釐定。而擔任該職務的人士實際 可得的基本薪金,則按個別受聘 人士的經驗及能力而定。

基本薪金會定期參考一般市場及有關行業的競爭機構中同類職位的薪酬作出檢討。僱員的實際基本薪金則每年檢討,並可按生活指數及本公司的財務表現不時作出調整。

基本薪金屬基本薪酬,並非按個別僱員或公司表現而作出的獎賞。薪酬政策中另有其他獎勵項目。

#### 二. 獎勵性花紅

獎勵性花紅與個別僱員及公司表 現掛鈎。每名僱員所得的獎勵性 花紅會按其職位及年內表現而訂 定。

### 公司管治報告

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE** (Continued)

### **Remuneration Committee** (Continued)

### 3. Share option

Share options to purchase shares in the Company are granted to employees from time to time at the discretion of the Board, in order to retain valuable employees and to motivate future performance of the employees.

Share options granted to individual employees are determined with reference to their position, their performance and their ability to contribute to the overall success of the Group.

#### 4. Other benefits

The Group offers other customary and/or mandatory benefits to employees, such as statutory retirement scheme, employee compensation and medical insurance, paid annual leaves and child education allowance, with reference to prevailing practices in relevant jurisdictions.

The committee meets regularly to review the Company's human resources matters and remuneration policy. During the year, the Remuneration Committee met one time and was attended by all committee members. The Remuneration Committee reviewed and approved the annual salary adjustments for year 2006 and the payment of discretional performance bonus for the year ended 31 December 2005 after taking into consideration the results of the Group, the performance of the directors and senior management and the prevailing market practices.

During the year, no incentive payment was paid to any director in respect of his appointment and no compensation payment was paid to any director who ceased to hold his office. No director has ever forfeited any director fee during the year.

Details of the emoluments paid to all the directors are set out in Notes 13 to the financial statements.

#### Nomination Committee

The Group currently does not have a nomination committee. The Group will consider setting up one at the appropriate time. For the time being, the function of nomination committee is retain by the Board.

### **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

The Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005, were audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu at a total fees of HK\$1.65 million. The said audit fee was approved by the Audit Committee and endorsed by the Board. In addition, the Group also paid fees of not more than HK\$0.20 million in aggregate to Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for the provision of taxation services during the year 2005.

#### 審核委員會(續)

#### 薪酬委員會(續)

#### 三. 購股權

董事會可不時酌情向僱員授出購 股權,供認購本公司股份,以挽 留有貢獻的員工並激勵員工繼續 努力工作。

個別員工獲授的購股權數目會按 其職位、表現及對公司整體成就 所作的貢獻而釐定。

### 四. 其他福利

本集團亦會參考有關司法管轄權 區的慣例向僱員提供慣常的及/或 強制性的福利,如法定退休金計 劃、勞工及醫療保險、有薪年假 及子女教育津貼。

年內,本公司並無向新委任的董事支付 任何激勵性款項亦無向辭任的董事支付 任何補償款項。年內並無董事放棄收取 其董事袍金。

年內所有董事支取的報酬詳情載列於財 務報表附註13。

#### 提名委員會

本集團目前並無設立提名委員會,本集 團將考慮於適當時候設立該委員會。目 前,提名委員之功能有董事會保留及負 責。

### 核數師酬金

本集團截至2005年12月31日之年度財務報表由德勤關黃陳方會計師行(「德勤」)審核,核數費用總額為港幣1,650,000元。該項核數費用已獲得審核委員會批准並得到董事會背書認可。此外,本集團於年內亦有向德勤支付總額不多於港幣200,000元的稅務服務費用。

### 公司管治報告

### **AUDITORS' REMUNERATION** (Continued)

The Audit Committee considers that the taxation services did not (in terms of the nature of the services and the amount of fees paid relative to the audit fees) affect the independence of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements for each financial period, which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flow for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005, the Directors adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; adopted appropriate Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Accounting Standards; made adjustments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis. Up to the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties that will seriously affect the going concern assumption of the Group.

The Directors are also responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company. The Directors also have general responsibilities for setting up an appropriate internal control system, which is mainly to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and to detect fraud and other irregularities. The Directors have reviewed the internal control system of the Company and are satisfied that the internal control system is functioning properly.

### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company endeavours to maintain a high level of transparency in communicating with shareholders and investors at large. In order to enhance the transparency of shareholders' voting in general meeting, separate resolutions are proposed at the general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual directors and those resolutions were voted by poll. The Company will engage external scrutineer to count the vote. The poll voting results will be published in the press, on the Stock Exchange's website and on the Company's website on the next following business day. In addition, procedures for demanding a voting by poll are laid down in the circular or annual report to be despatched to shareholders. Moreover, at the general meeting but before voting, the Directors will explain to shareholders their right to demand a voting by poll and how to exercise such right.

### 核數師酬金(續)

審核委員會認為該等税務服務費用(就服 務性質及相對於核數費用的總額而言)並 沒有對德勤的獨立性構成影響。

### 董事關於賬目的責任聲明

董事負責編制各會計期間的內國主義 制各會計期間的本量 的事期間的本量 2005年12月31日 2005年12月31日 2005年12月31日 2005年 3005年 3

#### 與股東的溝通

本公司在與股東及大眾投資者溝通時, 一直保持最大透明度。此外,為了加強 股東大會上股東投票的透明度,本公司 於股東大會上採取按點算股數的方式對 所有涉及具體事項的決議案包括選舉個 別董事等均分開進行議案表決。為此, 本公司會委任外部監票員進行點算股數 工作,投票結果亦會於有關大會結束後 的第二個工作日於報章刊登及上載於聯 交所網頁及本公司的網頁。此外,有關 要求按點算股數方式進行投票的程序也 會詳列於寄給股東的通函或年報內。同 時於股東大會舉行時但投票進行之前, 董事會首先向股東解釋股東有權要求以 點算股數方式投票的權利及如何行使該 權利。

### 公司管治報告

### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS** (Continued)

The Company has also maintained a website at http://www.silvergrant.com.hk which enable shareholders, investors and the general public to have an open access to the information of the Company. Financial information and all corporate communications of the Company are made available on the Company's website and are updated regularly.

Shareholders who wish to raise any queries with the Board may write to the Company Secretary at Suite 4901, 49th Floor, Office Tower, Convention Plaza, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

#### 與股東的溝通(續)

本公司亦設有網址http://www.silvergrant.com.hk,提供公開渠道以供股東、投資者及公眾人士取得本公司之資料。本公司財務資料及所有與股東之間的公司通訊已上載於本公司網站,並會定期更新。

若股東需要向董事會提出查詢,可隨時 致函本公司的公司秘書,地址為:香港 灣仔港灣道1號會展廣場辦公大樓49樓 4901室。

### 董事會報告

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

董事會謹提呈截至二零零五年十二月三 十一日止年度之年報及經審核財務報 表。

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in property investment, other investment and distressed assets business. Details of the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries and the Group's associates are set out in note 53 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group and appropriations of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2005 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 37.

The directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.06 per share to the shareholders on the register of members on 25 May 2006, amounting to approximately HK\$101,323,000.

### **FIXED ASSETS**

The Group's leasehold properties were revalued at 31 December 2005. The net surplus on revaluation amounting to HK\$14.6 million, of which a surplus of HK\$8.9 million was credited to the income statement to reverse the deficit previously charged to the income statement and the remaining surplus of HK\$5.7 million was credited to the asset revaluation reserve. During the year, the Group revalued all of its investment properties at 31 December 2005. The net increase in fair value of investment properties, which has been credited directly to profit or loss, amounted to HK\$148.7 million.

Details of the valuation of properties and other movements of the investment properties and property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in notes 19 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements during the year in the share capital of the Company are set out in note 39 to the financial statements.

During the year, the Company repurchased certain of its own shares through The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), details of which are set out in note 39 to the financial statements.

### 主要業務

本公司及其附屬公司之主要業務為從事物業投資、其他投資及不良資產業務。本公司各附屬公司及本集團各聯營公司之主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註53。

### 業績及分配

截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團業績及本公司之分配載於第 37頁之綜合收入報表。

董事會建議派發末期股息每股6港仙予二零零六年五月二十五日名列股東名冊之股東,合共約101,323,000港元。

### 固定資產

本集團租賃物業於二零零五年十二月三十一日之價值已作出重估, 重估盈餘 籍 14,600,000港元, 其中一 8,900,000港元之盈餘已列作收入報表以回撥早前於收入報表列作支出出記資產重估儲備。年內, 本集團已重估其所有投資物業於二零至年十二月三十一日之價值。投資物業公平值之增加148,700,000港元已直接記入損益。

有關物業估值之詳情與本集團之投資物業及物業、廠房及設備於年內之其他變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註19及20。

### 股本

本公司之股本於年內之變動詳情載於財 務報表附註39。

年內,本公司透過香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)回購其本身之若干股份,其詳情載於財務報表附註39。

### 董事會報告

### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY**

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 December 2005 comprised the retained profits of approximately HK\$268,759,000.

### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive directors**

Hui Xiao Bing Gao Jian Min Liu Tianni Gu Jianguo Chen Yongcun Cheung Chung Kiu Yuen Wing Shing Chow Kwok Wai

Chen Xiaozhou (appointed on 13 February 2006) Zhu Dengshan (resigned on 13 February 2006)

### Independent non-executive directors

Kang Dian Zhang Lu Hung Muk Ming

The term of office of each director, including the independent non-executive directors, is the period up to his retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

In accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association, Messrs. Liu Tianni, Gu Jianguo, Cheung Chung Kiu and Zhang Lu retire by rotation and Mr. Chen Xiaozhou retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting, Messrs. Liu Tianni, Gu Jianguo, Cheung Chung Kiu, Zhang Lu and Chen Xiaozhou being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. The remaining directors shall remain in office.

### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Other than as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transaction" below, no director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

### 本公司之可供分派儲備

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派予股東之儲備包括保留溢利約268,759,000港元。

#### 董事

年內及截至本報告刊發日期當日之本公司董事如下:

### 執行董事

惠高劉顧陳張袁周小建天建永松永國兵民倪國存橋誠偉

陳孝周 (於二零零六年二月十三日委任) 朱登山 (於二零零六年二月十三日辭職)

#### 獨立非執行董事

康典 張璐 洪木明

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之任期為直 至其根據本公司之組織章程細則輪值告 退為止之期間。

按照本公司的組織章程細則的條文,於即將舉行的股東週年大會上劉天倪先生、顧建國先生、張松橋先生及張璐先生須輪值告退而陳孝周先生須於即將舉行之股東週年大會上告退。劉天倪先生、顧建國先生、張松橋先生、顯豫國先生均符合資格並願意膺選連任。其餘董事繼續留任。

#### 董事之服務合約

除下文「關連交易」部分所披露者外,各 於即將舉行之股東週年大會上膺選連任 之董事概無與本集團訂立於一年內不作 出賠償(法定賠償除外)則不可終止之服 務合約。

### 董事會報告

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES**

At 31 December 2005, the interests and short positions of the directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies set out in Appendix 10 to The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange were as follows:

Long position in underlying shares of HK\$0.20 each of the Company:

### 董事之股份權益

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本公司 董事及最高行政人員於本公司司證券及期 貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債 權證中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352 條須予備存之登記冊所記錄或根據聯公 所證券上市規則附錄10所載之《上市規則 所證券上市規則附錄10所載之《上市規 標準須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及 倉如下:

本公司每股面值0.20港元之相關股份的好 倉情況:

Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of options held 所持購股權數目	Percentage of Number of underlying shares 相關股份數目	total issued share capital 佔全部已發行 股本百分比
CHEN Yongcun 陳永存	Beneficial owner <i>(Note)</i> 實益擁有人 <i>(附註)</i>	7,000,000	7,000,000	0.41%
GAO Jian Min 高建民	Beneficial owner <i>(Note)</i> 實益擁有人 <i>(附註)</i>	20,000,000	20,000,000	1.18%
GU Jianguo 顧建國	Beneficial owner <i>(Note)</i> 實益擁有人 <i>(附註)</i>	2,000,000	2,000,000	0.12%
		29,000,000	29,000,000	

Note: These represent interests of options granted to the directors under the Old Scheme and New Scheme to acquire for shares of the Company, further details of which are set out in the section headed "Share Options".

附註:此等為根據舊計劃及新計劃授予董事 之購股權權益以認購本公司股份,有 關詳情載於「購股權」部分。

Other than as disclosed above and in the sections headed "Share options" and "Major shareholders", as at 31 December 2005, none of the directors and chief executive of the Company or any of its associates had any interests or short positions in any shares and underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register as required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company any the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Company. None of the directors or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had been granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any of its associated corporations, or had exercised any such right during the year.

### 董事會報告

### **SHARE OPTIONS**

Details of the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 26 June 1995 (the "Old Scheme") and the new share option scheme adopted by the Company on 27 May 2002 (the "New Scheme") are set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

Details of outstanding share options granted to the directors and other employees of the Company under the Old Scheme and the New Scheme are set out below:

### 購股權

本公司於一九九五年六月二十六日採納之購股權計劃(「舊計劃」)及本公司於二零零二年五月二十七日採納之新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)之詳情載於財務報表附註40。

根據舊計劃及新計劃授予董事及本公司 其他僱員之尚未行使購股權詳情呈列如 下:

Outstanding

Directors 董事	Exercisable period 可予行使期間	Subscription price per share 每股認購價 <i>HK\$</i> 港元	as at 1.1.2005 and 31.12.2005 於二零零五年 一月一日 及二零零五年 十二月三十一日 之尚餘數目
Chen Yongcun 陳永存	25.7.2001 — 24.7.2011	0.535	2,000,000
	7.6.2002 — 6.6.2012	0.700	5,000,000
Gao Jian Min	9.1.1997 — 8.1.2007	0.967	15,000,000
高建民	7.6.2002 — 6.6.2012	0.700	5,000,000
Gu Jianguo 顧建國	27.7.1999 — 26.7.2009	0.900	2,000,000
			29,000,000
Other employees 其他僱員	25.7.2001 — 24.7.2011	0.535	3,000,000
Total 合計			32,000,000

During the year, no share options were granted to the directors and other employees under both of the Old Scheme and New Scheme.

於年內並無向董事及其他僱員授出任何 舊計劃及新計劃項下之購股權。

### ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the option holdings disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and neither the directors nor the chief executive, nor any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right.

### 購買股份或債權證之安排

### 董事會報告

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE**

Other than as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transaction" below, no contracts of significance to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

### **MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS**

As at 31 December 2005, persons other than a director or chief executive of the Company, having interest in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company as at 31 December 2005:

### 董事之重大合約權益

除下文「關連交易」一節所披露者外,本公司或其附屬公司於本年終或年內任何時間,概無訂立於其中本公司之董事擁有(無論直接或間接)重大權益之重大合約。

### 主要股東

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須予備存之登記冊所記錄顯示,本公司董事或最高行政人員以外擁有佔本公司已發行股本5%或以上權益的人士如下:

本公司股份及相關股份之好倉於二零零 五年十二月三十一日之情況:

Name of major shareholder 主要股東名稱	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares 股份數目	Underlying shares 相關股份	Total interests 權益總額	Percentage of the issued share capital 佔全部已發行 股本百分比
Silver Grant International Holdings Limited	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	127,170,022	_	127,170,022 (Note 1) (附註一)	7.53%
China Cinda Asset Management Corporation 中國信達資產管理公司	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團的權益	341,448,000	200,000,000 (Note 2) (附註二)	541,448,000 (Note 3) (附註三)	32.06%
Citigroup Inc.	170,450,000 shares as beneficial owner, 3,335,000 shares as approved lending agent and 138,813,559 underlying shares as beneficial owner 170,450,000股屬實益擁有人,3,335,000股屬核准借出代理人及138,813,559相關股份屬實益擁有人	173,785,000	138,813,559 (Note 4) (附註四)	312,598,559	18.51%

Notes:

附註:

- Messrs. Gao Jian Min and Liu Tianni, both of whom are directors of the Company, each has a 30% interest in Silver Grant International Holdings Limited as at 31 December 2005.
- 1. 高建民先生及劉天倪先生彼等均為本公司董事,於二零零五年十二月三十一日各自擁有Silver Grant International Holdings Limited 30%權益。

### 董事會報告

#### MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- 2. This represents the interest in convertible note in the principal amount of HK\$440,000,000 pursuant to which a total number of 200,000,000 new shares will be issued upon full exercise of the conversion rights attaching thereto at the initial conversion price of HK\$2.20 per share.
- 3. The following is a breakdown of the interests in shares of the Company held by China Cinda Asset Management Corporation:

### 主要股東(續)

附註:(續)

- 此等為本金總額440,000,000港元之可 換股票據項下之權益,據此按每股 2.20港元之初步換股價全面行使可換 股票據所附帶之換股權後,將會發行 合共200,000,000股新股份。
- 3. 以下為中國信達資產管理公司所持有 本公司之股份權益細節:

Tatal international and

			lotal interest in shares 股份權益總數	
Name of controlled corporation 受控法團名稱	Name of controlling shareholder 控權股東名稱	Percentage of control 控制百分比	Direct interest 直接權益	Indirect interest 間接權益
Well Kent International Investment Company Limited 華建國際投資有限公司	China Cinda Asset Management Corporation 中國信達資產管理公司	100%	_	541,448,000
Catic Limited	Well Kent International Investment Company Limited 華建國際投資有限公司	100%	541,448,000	_

4. This represents the interest in convertible note in the principal amount of US\$52,500,000 pursuant to which a total of 138,813,559 new shares will be issued upon full exercise of the conversion rights attaching thereto at the initial conversion price of HK\$2.95 per share.

Other than as disclosed above, the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO showed that the Company had not been notified of any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as at 31 December 2005.

4. 此等為本金總額為52,500,000美元之 可換股票據項下之權益,據此按每股 2.95港元之初步換股價全面行使可換 股票據所附帶之換股權後,將會發行 合共138,813,559股新股份。

除上文所披露者外,根據證券及期貨條 例第336條規定須予備存的登記冊所示, 本公司並無接獲任何有關於二零零五年 十二月三十一日在本公司股份及相關股 份中擁有權益或淡倉的申報。

## APPOINTMENT OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing Securities on the Stock Exchange. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive directors are independent.

### 委任獨立非執行董事

本公司已取得各獨立非執行董事根據聯交所證券上市規則第3.13條規定每年確認 其獨立地位之確認函。本公司認為全體 獨立非執行董事之地位是獨立的。

### Directors' Report 董事會報告

### **CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

A service agreement dated 28 December 2004 was entered into between Mr. Gao Jian Min ("Mr. Gao") and the Company. Pursuant to the terms and conditions set out therein, the Company agreed to employ Mr. Gao and Mr. Gao agreed to serve the Company as a Managing Director by providing the Company with the services as described in the service agreement for a term of three years from 28 December 2004 to 27 December 2007, which term shall continue thereafter until determined by either party giving to the other not less than 3-months prior written notice.

### PURCHASE, SALES OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, the Company has repurchased HK\$14.0 million ordinary shares at a consideration of approximately HK\$165.3 million. The above shares were cancelled upon repurchase. Details of such repurchases are set out in note 39 to the financial statements.

Other than as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the Remuneration Committee and is based on their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme is set out in note 40 to the financial statements.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

### 關連交易

### 購回、出售或贖回本公司之上市證 券

年內,本公司以約165,300,000港元之代價回購14,000,000港元之普通股。上述股份於回購後註銷。有關回購詳情載於財務報表附註39。

除上文所披露者外,年內,本公司或其 任何附屬公司概無購回、出售或贖回本 公司任何上市證券。

#### 酬金政策

本集團僱員之酬金政策由薪酬委員會按 其功績、資歷及能力制定。

本公司董事之酬金由薪酬委員會經考慮 本公司之經營業績、個人表現及可資比 較市場統計數字後決定。

本公司採納一項購股權計劃,作為董事及合資格僱員之獎勵,計劃詳情載於財務報表附註40。

### 公眾持股量之足夠性

根據本公司取得的公開資料及就董事所知悉,於本報告日,本公司已發行股份有足夠並超上市規則規定25%之公眾持股量。

### 董事會報告

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The Group's turnover comprises rental income from leasing of properties, dividend income from investments in securities, income from property management, the gross proceeds received and receivable from trading of securities, income from sales of properties, income from recoveries of interest in distressed assets, commission income and performance return of dealing in distressed assets.

The aggregate amount of purchases and turnover attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers and customers were less than 30% of the Group's total purchases and turnover for the year.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 22 May 2006 to Thursday, 25 May 2006, both days inclusive, during which period no transfers of shares will be effected.

In order to qualify for proposed final dividend, all transfers of shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the share registrars of the Company, Secretaries Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 19 May 2006.

### **POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS**

Details of significant events occurring after the balance sheet date are set out in note 54 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **AUDITORS**

A resolution will be submitted to the annual general meeting to reappoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditors of the Company.

By order of the Board Chen Xiaozhou Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 April 2006

### 主要顧客及供應商

本集團之營業額包含出租物業之租金收入、證券投資之股息收入、物業管理收入、買賣證券之已收及應收款項總額、物業銷售收入、回收不良資產權益的收入、處置不良資產佣金及超收分成收入。

年內,本集團於五大供應商及顧客之累 積採購額及銷售額分別佔本集團之總採 購額及總銷售額不足30%。

### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於二零零六年五月二十二日(星期一)起至二零零六年五月二十五日(星期四)止(包括首尾兩天)期間,暫停辦理股份過戶登記。

為符合獲派建議股息的資格,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票須最遲於二零十六年五月十九日(星期五)下午四時三十分交回本公司之股份過戶登記處秘書商業服務有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東28號金鐘匯中心26樓。

### 結算日後事項

有關結算日後發生之重大事項之詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註54。

### 核數師

有關續聘德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行為本公司核數師之決議案將於本公司之股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命 *主席* **陳孝周** 

香港,二零零六年四月二十四日

### Auditors' Report

### 核數師報告

# Deloitte.

# 德勤

To the shareholders of Silver Grant International Industries Limited (incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Silver Grant International Industries Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") on pages 37 to 122 which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong.

### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

The Companies Ordinance requires the directors to prepare consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view. In preparing consolidated financial statements which give a true and fair view it is fundamental that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those consolidated financial statements and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 141 of the Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

#### **BASIS OF OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the circumstances of the Group, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

### 致 銀建國際實業有限公司列位股東 (在香港註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師行已完成審核載於第37頁至第 122頁銀建國際實業有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(「貴集團」)按照香港普遍 採納之會計原則編製之綜合財務報表。

### 董事及核數師之個別責任

公司條例規定董事須編製真實與公平之 綜合財務報表。在編製該等綜合財務報 表時,董事必須貫徹採用合適之會計政 策。

本行之責任是根據本行審核工作之結果,對該等綜合財務報表表達獨立之意見,並根據香港公司條例第141條僅向全體股東作出報告,且不作其他用途。本行概不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任或義務。

#### 意見之基礎

# Auditors' Report

# 核數師報告

### **OPINION**

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2005 and of the profit and cash flows of the Group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu** Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

24 April 2006

## 意見

本行認為上述之綜合財務報表均真實及 公平地反映 貴集團於二零零五年十二 月三十一日之財務狀況及 貴集團截至 該日止年度之溢利及現金流量,並已按 照香港公司條例妥善編製。

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 香港

二零零六年四月二十四日

# Consolidated Income Statement

# 綜合收入報表

		Notes 附註	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (restated) (經重列)
Turnover Direct operating expenses	營業額 直接經營費用	7	551,778 (198,130)	685,223 (338,506)
Other income Administrative expenses Other operating expenses Surplus on revaluation of leasehold properties	其他收入 行政費用 其他經營費用 租賃物業之重估盈餘	8	353,648 106,192 (94,659) — 8,949	346,717 27,897 (87,441) (7,132)
Increase in fair value of investment properties Gain on convertible note at fair value through profit or loss Finance costs	投資物業之公平值增加 於損益表按公平值處理的 可換股票據之收益 財務費用	19 10	148,687 199,756 (59,841)	— — — — — — (32,246)
Discount on acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary Share of results of associates Gain on partial disposal of interest in	收購一間附屬公司額外 股本權益之折讓 攤佔聯營公司業績 出售部分不良資產權益	11	73,476 82,237	— 88,996
distressed assets Gain on disposal of a subsidiary Gain on disposal of an associate	產生之收益 出售一間附屬公司 產生之收益 出售一間聯營公司 產生之收益	12 48	_ _ _	53,777 46,696 182
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項	15	818,445 (89,279)	451,121 (34,837)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	16	729,166	416,284
Attributable to:     Equity holders of the Company     Minority interests	應佔: 本公司股本持有人 少數股東權益		724,054 5,112 729,166	403,660 12,624 416,284
Earnings per share — Basic	每股盈利 — 基本	17	41.5 cents	26.0 cents
— Diluted	— 攤薄		26.0 cents	24.8 cents

# Consolidated Balance Sheet

# 綜合資產負債表

At 31 December 2005

於二零零五年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (restated) (經重列)
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	19	2,105,385	1,935,559
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	20	122,340	109,540
Goodwill	商譽 負商譽	21 22	33,525	33,525
Negative goodwill Interests in associates	·····································	22 23	 1,304,277	(59,376) 1,236,401
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款	23 24	206,478	20,200
Investments in securities	證券投資	25	200,476	1,467
Available-for-sale investments	可出售投資	26	2,206	1,407
Interest in distressed assets	不良資產權益	27	204,681	456,027
Deposit paid for acquisition	已付收購投資之	_,	20.,001	.50,027
of investments	按金	28	44,499	_
Deposit paid for acquisition of	已付收購不良資產			
distressed assets	之按金	29	263,723	_
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	43	1,336	18,500
Other asset	其他資產	30	4,113	5,484
			4,292,563	3,757,327
Current assets	 流動資產			
Inventories, at cost	存貨 一 成本		115	8
Stock of properties	物業存貨	31	323,940	132,303
Loan receivables	應收貸款	32	144,216	112,150
Interest in distressed assets	不良資產權益	27	347,301	128,335
Investments in securities	證券投資	25	_	56,127
Held-for-trading investments	持作買賣投資	33	364,030	_
Trade receivables	應收賬款	34	4,400	16,366
Deposits, prepayments and	按金、預付款項			
other receivables	及其他應收款	35	72,925	57,300
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款 監管戶口結餘	24	24,025	53,818
Restricted bank balance Pledged bank deposit	五官戶口結 話押銀行存款 5.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	36 37	269,600	185,369 1,700
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	38	— 341,540	1,370,730
- Dank balances and cash				
A		20	1,892,092	2,114,206
Assets classified as held for sale	列作持作銷售之資產	29	263,723	
			2,155,815	2,114,206
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總值		6,448,378	5,871,533

# Consolidated Balance Sheet

# 綜合資產負債表

At 31 December 2005 於二零零五年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> (restated) (經重列)
EQUITY Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	<b>股本</b> 資本及儲備 股本 儲備	39	337,742 3,505,280	351,734 3,131,988
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Minority interests	本公司股本持 有人應佔股本 少數股東權益		3,843,022 55,669	3,483,722 136,180
Total equity	股本總值		3,898,691	3,619,902
LIABILITIES Non-current liabilities Borrowings Convertible notes Deferred tax liabilities	負債 非流動負債 借貸 可換股票據 遞延税項負債	41 42 43	6,900 437,280 187,979 632,159	8,050 817,124 101,676 926,850
Current liabilities  Bank overdraft Trade payables Accrued charges, rental deposits and other	流動負債 銀行透支 應付賬款 應計費用、租務 按金及其他應	41 44	79,241 19,175	 55,036
payables Amounts due to associates Accruals for management fee to holding company of a shareholder Borrowings Taxation payable	付款 應付聯營公司款 應付一名股東之控股 公司應計管理費 借貸 應付税項	45 46 47 41	369,587 377,146 65,881 572,578 5,084	208,020 457,639 18,537 580,589 4,960
Convertible note	可換股票據	42	428,836	
Total liabilities			1,917,528	1,324,781
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	股本及負債總值		2,549,687 6,448,378	2,251,631 5,871,533
Net current assets	浮流動資產		238,287	789,425
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動負債		4,530,850	4,546,752

The financial statements on pages 37 to 122 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 April 2006 and are signed on its behalf by:

第37至第122頁之財務報表已獲董事會於 二零零六年四月二十四日認可,並經下 列授權代表簽署確認:

Chen Xiaozhou 陳孝周 Director 董事 Gao Jian Min 高建民 Director 董事

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

# 綜合權益變動報表

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司股本持有人應佔股本

	_					个名列以下的	日八応旧以下							
		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible notes equity reserve 可換股票據 股本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment properties revaluation reserve 投資物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Asset revaluation reserve 資產重估 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Negative goodwill 負商譽 HK\$'000 千港元	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	Translation reserve 匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated profits 累積溢利 HK\$'000 干港元	<b>Total</b> 合計 HK\$'000 千港元	Minority interests 少數股東權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Total equity 股本總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2004, as original stated  Effects of changes in accounting policies	於二零零四年一月一日 結餘,原本呈列 會計政策變動之影響	262,444	1,210,737	- -	13,562 (10,073)	16,170 —	_ _	12,233	605 —	1,994	721,273 —	2,239,018 (10,073)	124,213	2,363,231 (10,073)
As restated	經重列	262,444	1,210,737	-	3,489	16,170	-	12,233	605	1,994	721,273	2,228,945	124,213	2,353,158
Gain on revaluation of buildings	重估樓宇產生之收益	_	-	-	61,971	10,460	-	-	-	-	-	72,431	6,563	78,994
Deferred tax liability arising on revaluation of buildings Transfer to accumulated profits upon disposal of leasehold properties	重估樓宇產生之遞延 税項負債 於出售租賃物業時 轉撥至累積溢利	-	-	-	(15,733)	(448) (12,419)	-	-	-	_	- 12,419	(16,181)	(2,166)	(18,347)
Net income recognised directly in equity Realised upon disposal of	直接於股本確認之 收入淨額 於出售投資物業	-	-	-	46,238	(2,407)	-	-	-	-	12,419	56,250	4,397	60,647
investment properties Profit for the year	時變現 年內溢利	_			96 —						403,660	96 403,660	12,624	96 416,284
Total recognised income and expense for the year	年內確認之 總收入及支出	_	_	-	46,334	(2,407)	_	_	_	-	416,079	460,006	17,021	477,027
Recognition of equity component of convertible notes Deferred tax liability on recognition of	確認可換股票據 之股本部分 確認可換股票據之股本部分		-	24,424	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,424	-	24,424
equity component of convertible notes Issue of share capital Share issue expenses Dividends Acquisition of a subsidiary Disposal of a subsidiary	產生之經 養性 發行 養用 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學 大學	89,290 — — — —	768,503 (21,483) —	(4,274) — — — — —	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -		(4,274) 857,793 (21,483) (61,689)	6,730 (11,784)	(4,274) 857,793 (21,483) (61,689) 6,730 (11,784)
At 31 December 2004	於二零零四年 十二月三十一日	351,734	1,957,757	20,150	49,823	13,763	_	12,233	605	1,994	1,075,663	3,483,722	136,180	3,619,902
At 1 January 2005 Effects of changes in accounting policies	於二零零五年一月一日	351,734	1,957,757	20,150	49,823 (49,823)	13,763		12,233 (12,233)	605	1,994	1,075,663 (81,531)	3,483,722 (143,587)	136,180	3,619,902 (143,587)
As restated	經重列	351,734	1,957,757	20,150	_	13,763	_		605	1,994	994,132	3,340,135	136,180	3,476,315
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations Gain on revaluation of buildings Deferred tax liability arising on	換算海外業務產生 之匯兑差額 重估樓宇產生之收益 重估樓宇產生之		=	=	=	5,663	<u>-</u>	=	=	22,143	-	22,143 5,663	1,291	23,434 5,663
revaluation of buildings Share of reserve of associates	進 近	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	(539) —	_ _	_ _	_ _	- 4,801	_ _	(539) 4,801	_ _	(539) 4,801
Net income recognised directly in equity Profit for the year	直接於股本確認之收入淨額 年內溢利	<u> </u>	_ _	-	_	5,124	_	_ _	_ _	26,944	724,054	32,068 724,054	1,291 5,112	33,359 729,166
Total recognised income and expense for the year	年內確認之總收入 及支出	_	_	_	_	5,124	_	_	_	26,944	724,054	756,122	6,403	762,525
Share repurchase  — repurchase of ordinary shares  — premium on repurchase of shares  — transfer Dividend Acquisition of additional equity interest	股份回購售 通股 — 回轉	(13,992) — — —	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - 13,992 -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -		(13,992) (151,309) — (87,934)	- - - -	(13,992) (151,309) — (87,934)
in a subsidiary  At 31 December 2005	額外股本權益 於二零零五年	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	(86,914)	(86,914)
	+======================================	337,742	1,957,757	20,150	-	18,887	13,992	-	605	28,938	1,464,951	3,843,022	55,669	3,898,691

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

# 綜合現金流量報表

		2005	2004
	Nata	二零零五年	二零零四年 HK\$'000
	Note 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	千港元
	MI) AL	1 1870	(restated)
			(經重列)
Operating activities	—————————————————————————————————————		
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	818,445	451,121
Adjustments for:	調整:		
Share of results of associates	攤佔聯營公司業績	(82,237)	(88,996)
Amortisation of goodwill	商譽攤銷	_	5,587
Release of negative goodwill	負商譽回撥	_	(3,711)
Repairs and maintenance fund expensed	維修及保養基金支出	1,371	1,371
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊	.,57.	1,371
plant and equipment	13310 13310 1311	7,159	5,668
Finance costs	財務費用	59,841	32,246
Interest income	利息收入	(53,395)	(11,948)
Gain on partial disposal of	出售部分不良資產		
interest in distressed assets	權益產生之收益	_	(53,777)
Discount on acquisition of	收購一間附屬公司		
additional equity interest	額外股本權益		
in a subsidiary	之折讓	(73,476)	_
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司		
	產生之收益	_	(46,696)
Gain on disposal of an associate	出售一間聯營公司		(4.00)
	產生之收益	_	(182)
Unrealised holding loss on	證券投資未變現		1 5 4 5
investments in securities	持有虧損 持作買賣投資之	_	1,545
Change of fair value of held-for-trading investments	公平值變動	(44,880)	
Loss (gain) on disposal of	出售物業、廠房及設備	(44,000)	_
property, plant and equipment	產生之虧損(收益)	100	(629)
Surplus on revaluation of	租賃物業之重估盈餘	100	(023)
leasehold properties		(8,949)	(13,675)
Gain on disposal of	出售投資物業產生		, , ,
investment properties	之收益	(209)	(3,785)
Increase in fair value of	投資物業之公平值增加		
investment properties		(148,687)	_
Gain on convertible note at fair	於損益表按公平值處理的		
value through profit or loss	可換股票據之收益	(199,756)	_
Loss on redemption of	贖回可換股債券產生		
convertible bonds	之虧損	_	632

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

# 綜合現金流量報表

	Note 附註	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (restated) (經重列)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Deposit paid for acquisition of	營運資金變動前之 經營業務現金流量 已付收購不良資產之按金	275,327	274,771
distressed assets Net decrease (increase) in distressed	不良資產減少(增加)淨額	(527,446)	_
assets (Increase) decrease in inventories Cost incurred in stock of properties Decrease (increase) in trade receivables (Increase) decrease in deposits,	存貨(增加)減少 物業存貨產生之成本 應收賬款減少(增加) 按金、預付款及其他應收款	80,643 (107) (191,637) 11,966	(530,585) 809 (147,794) (8,269)
prepayments and other receivables Increase in held-for-trading	(增加)減少持作買賣投資/證券投資	(15,221)	122,485
investments/investments in securities (Decrease) increase in trade payables Increase in accruals for management fee to holding company of	增加 應付賬款(減少)增加 應付一名股東之控股公司 應計管理費增加	(263,023) (35,861)	(48,167) 39,927
a shareholder Increase in restricted	監管戶口結餘增加	47,344	18,537
bank balance Increase (decrease) in accrued charges, rental deposits and other payables	應計費用、租務按金及 其他應付款增加(減少)	(84,231) 161,567	(185,369) (25,656)
Cash used in operations Interest paid PRC Enterprise income tax paid	經營業務所用現金 已付利息 已付中國企業所得税	(540,679) (47,840) (772)	(489,311) (36,100) (6,913)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營業務所用 現金淨額	(589,291)	(532,324)
Investing activities Proceeds on disposal of investment properties Purchase of property, plant and	<b>投資業務</b> 出售投資物業 所得款項 購入物業、廠房及設備	10,700	34,376
equipments Dividend received from associates Interest received Deposit paid for acquisition of	已收聯營公司股息 已收利息 已付收購投資之按金	(5,722) 50,000 53,395	(5,695) — 11,948
investments  Advance to an associate  Advance of loan receivable  Proceeds on disposal of property,	墊支予聯營公司款 墊支應收貸款 出售物業、廠房及設備	(44,499) (206,478) (29,930)	_ _ _
plant and equipment	所得款項	456	3,409

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

# 綜合現金流量報表

		otes 付註	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (restated) (經重列)
Decrease in pledged bank deposits Purchase of club/other debentures	抵押銀行存款減少 購入會所/其他債券		1,700 (730)	1,100
Proceeds on disposal of an associate	出售一間聯營公司 所得款項		5,000	421
Acquisition of investments in associate Acquisition of additional equity			(36,190)	(25,282)
interest in a subsidiary	額外股本權益		(13,438)	_
Proceeds on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司 所得款項 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48	_	84,247
Net cash (used in) generated from investing activities	投資業務(所用)所得 現金淨額		(215,736)	104,524
Financing activities	融資業務			
Net proceeds on issue of convertible notes	發行可換股票據 所得款項淨額		_	840,093
(Repurchase of ordinary shares) net proceeds from issue of	(回購普通股) 發行新股所得			
new shares Repayment of bank loans	款項淨額 償還銀行貸款		(165,301) (753,531)	836,310 (615,169)
Consideration paid on redemption	已付贖回可換股債券		(/55,551)	(015,109)
of convertible bonds	之代價		_	(2,192)
Repayment of other loans Dividend paid	償還其他貸款 已付股息		(87,934)	(5,140) (61,689)
Bank loans raised	銀行貸款融資		733,333	593,458
Repayment of advance	償還聯營公司墊款			
from associates  Capital contribution made by	一間附屬公司少數股東		(30,500)	(52,370)
minority interest of a subsidiary	之資本注資		_	6,729
Net cash (used in) generated from financing activities	融資業務(所用)所得現金淨額	額	(303,933)	1,540,030
Net cash and cash equivalent movement	現金及現金等值變動淨額		(1,108,960)	1,112,230
Cash and cash equivalent at the	年初之現金及現金等值			
beginning of the year Effect of foreign currency rate changes	匯率變動之影響		1,370,730 529	258,500 —
Cash and cash equivalent	年末之現金及現金等值			
at the end of the year			262,299	1,370,730
ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值結餘分析			
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金		341,540	1,370,730
Bank overdraft	銀行透支		(79,241)	
			262,299	1,370,730

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the introduction to the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars while the functional currency is Renminbi. The reason for selecting Hong Kong dollars as its presentation currency because the Company is a public company incorporated in Hong Kong with the shares listed in the Stock Exchange.

The Company is an investment holding company and engaged in property investment, securities trading and provision of agency service of dealing in distressed assets in Macau. The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in property investment, other investments and distressed assets business. Details of the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries and the Group's associates are set out in note 53.

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, a number of new Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as "new HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants that are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. The application of the new HKFRSs has resulted in a change in the presentation of the consolidated income statement, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of changes in equity. In particular, the presentation of minority interests and share of tax of associates have been changed. The changes in presentation have been applied retrospectively. The adoption of the new HKFRSs has resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies in the following areas that have an effect on how the results for the current or prior accounting years are prepared and presented:

### 1. 一般事項

本公司乃在香港註冊成立之公眾有限公司,其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址於年報之引言內披露。

本綜合財務報表乃以港元呈列,而 功能貨幣則為人民幣。選用港元為 本公司之呈列貨幣乃由於本公司為 一間於香港註冊成立之公眾公司, 而其股份於聯交所上市。

本公司為投資控股公司,從事物業投資、證券買賣及於澳門提供處置不良資產之顧問服務。本公司及其附屬公司之主要業務為物業投資、其他投資及不良資產業務。本公司各附屬公司及本集團各聯營公司之主要業務詳情載於附註53。

#### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則

在本年度,本集團首次應用香港會 計師公會新頒佈之若干香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)、 香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」) 及詮釋(在下文統稱「新香港財務 報告準則1)。該等準則適用於二 零零五年一月一日或之後開始之會 計期間。應用新香港財務報告準則 導致綜合收入報表、綜合資產負債 表以及綜合權益變動報表的呈列方 式有所改變,尤其是有關少數股東 權益及應佔聯營公司税項的呈列方 式,該等呈列方式的改變已追溯應 用。採納新香港財務報告準則導致 本集團在以下範疇之會計政策有所 改變,並對本會計年度及過往會計 年度之編製及呈列方式構成影響:

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### **Business combinations**

In the current year, the Group has applied HKFRS 3 Business Combinations. The principal effects of the application of HKFRS 3 to the Group are summarised below:

#### Goodwill

In previous years, goodwill arising on acquisitions was capitalised and amortised over its estimated useful life. The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKFRS 3. With respect to goodwill previously capitalised on the balance sheet, the Group on 1 January 2005 eliminated the carrying amount of the related accumulated amortisation of HK\$22,349,000 with a corresponding decrease in the cost of goodwill (see Note 21). The Group has discontinued amortising such goodwill from 1 January 2005 onwards and such goodwill will be tested for impairment at least annually. Goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1 January 2005 is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any) after initial recognition. As a result of this change in accounting policy, no amortisation of goodwill has been charged in the current year. Comparative figures for 2004 have not been restated (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

In the current year, the Group has also applied HKAS 21 "The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates" which requires goodwill to be treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at closing rate at each balance sheet date. Previously, goodwill arising on acquisitions of foreign operations was reported at the historical rate at each balance sheet date. In accordance with the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 21, goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 January 2005 is treated as a non-monetary foreign currency item. Therefore, no prior period adjustment has been made.

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 業務合併

於本年度,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第3號業務合併。應用香港財務報告準則第3號對本集團構成之主要影響概述如下:

#### 商譽

在以往年度,因收購所產生的商譽 乃予以資本化並按其估計可使用年 期攤銷。本集團已應用香港財務報 告準則第3號的有關過渡條文。就 早前已於資產負債表資本化的商譽 而言,本集團於二零零五年一月一 日抵銷有關累積攤銷之賬面值 22,349,000港元,而商譽成本則作 出相應減少(見附註21)。本集團 已從二零零五年一月一日起終止攤 銷有關商譽,有關商譽將最少每年 檢測有否出現減值。二零零五年一 月一日後因收購所產生的商譽在經 初步確認後是按成本減累積減值虧 損(如有)計量。因為是項會計政 策的變動,本年度並無扣除任何商 譽攤銷。二零零四年的比較數字亦 無予以重列(其對財務狀況之影響 見附註3)。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### **Business combinations** (Continued)

Excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost (previously known as "negative goodwill")

In accordance with HKFRS 3, any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition ("discount on acquisition") is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the acquisition takes place. In previous periods, negative goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 January 2001 was held in reserves, and negative goodwill arising on acquisitions after 1 January 2001 was presented as a deduction from assets and released to income based on an analysis of the circumstances from which the balance resulted. In accordance with the relevant transitional provisions in HKFRS 3, the Group derecognised all negative goodwill on 1 January 2005 (of which negative goodwill of HK\$12,233,000 was previously recorded in reserves and of HK\$59,376,000 was previously presented as a deduction from assets). A corresponding adjustment to the Group's accumulated profits of HK\$71,609,000 has been made. During the year ended 31 December 2005, the Group recognised approximately HK\$73,476,000 of discount on acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

#### **Financial instruments**

In the current year, the Group has applied HKAS 32 "Financial instruments: Disclosure and Presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement". HKAS 32 requires retrospective application. HKAS 39, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005, generally does not permit the recognition, derecognition or measurement of financial assets and liabilities on a retrospective basis. The principal effects of the application of HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 to the Group are summarised below:

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 業務合併(續)

本集團應佔所收購公司可識別資產、負債及或然負債之公平值淨額高於成本的差額(前稱「負商譽」)

根據香港財務報告準則第3號,本 集團應佔所收購公司的可識別資 產、負債及或然負債之公平值淨 額高於收購成本的差額(「收購折 讓」),應於進行收購的期間即時 確認為溢利或虧損。在以往期 間,於二零零一年一月一日以前 收購所產生的負商譽作儲備入 賬,於二零零一年一月一日後因 收購所產生的負商譽,則作資產 扣減列賬並視乎構成差額的因素 調撥至收入。根據香港財務報告 準則第3號的相關過渡條文,本集 團已於二零零五年一月一日不再 確認所有負商譽(其中負商譽 12,233,000港元以往作儲備入賬, 59,376,000港 元 以 往 作 資 產 扣 減),並相應調整增加本集團之累 積溢利71,609,000港元。於截至二 零零五年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本集團確認收購一間附屬公 司額外股本權益之折讓約 73,476,000港元(其財務影響見附 註3)。

#### 金融工具

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

### Derecognition

HKAS 39 provides more rigorous criteria for the derecognition of financial assets than the criteria applied in previous periods. Under HKAS 39, a financial asset is derecognised, when and only when, either the contractual rights to the asset's cash flows expire, or the asset is transferred and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with HKAS 39. The decision as to whether a transfer qualifies for derecognition is made by applying a combination of risks and rewards and control tests. The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions and applied the revised accounting policy prospectively to transfers of financial assets from 1 January 2005 onwards. As a result, the Group's distressed assets of HK\$219,238,000 which were derecognised prior to 1 January 2005 due to partial disposal and recoveries have not been restated.

# Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 39 with respect to the classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities that are within the scope of HKAS 39.

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 不再確認

香港會計準則第39號規定,有關不 再確認金融資產採納之準則較以往 期間所採用者更為嚴格。根據香港 會計準則第39號,金融資產僅會於 資產現金流量之合約權利到期時, 或資產已轉讓及有關轉讓根據香港 會計準則第39號符合資格不再確認 時,方會不再確認。混合風險及回 報及控制測試之方式乃用以決定有 關轉讓是否符合不再確認之資格。 本集團已由二零零五年一月一日起 就轉讓金融資產應用相關過渡條文 及應用經修訂之會計政策。因此, 本集團因部分出售及收回而於二零 零五年一月一日前不再確認之不良 資產219,238,000港元並無重列。

# 金融資產及金融負債的分類及計量

本集團已就香港會計準則第39號 所界定之金融資產及金融負債範 圍內,應用有關分類及計量的過 渡條文。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

# Debt and equity securities previously accounted for under benchmark treatment of SSAP 24

By 31 December 2004, the Group classified and measured its investments in debt and equity securities in accordance with the benchmark treatment of Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 24 (SSAP 24). Under SSAP 24, investments in debt or equity securities are classified as "investment securities", "other investments" or "held-to-maturity investments" as appropriate. "Investment securities" are carried at cost less impairment losses (if any) while "other investments" are measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses included in profit or loss. Heldto-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost less impairment losses (if any). From 1 January 2005 onwards, the Group has classified and measured its investments in debt and equity securities in accordance with HKAS 39. Under HKAS 39, financial assets are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale financial assets", "loans and receivables", or "held-to-maturity financial assets". "Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" and "available-for-sale financial assets" are carried at fair value, with changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss and equity respectively. Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have quoted market prices in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are measured at cost less impairment after initial recognition. "Loans and receivables" and "held-to-maturity financial assets" are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method after initial recognition. The Group has applied the transitional rules in HKAS 39. At 1 January 2005, the Group reclassified its other investments included in investment in securities with a carrying amount of HK\$56,127,000 to held-for-trading investments, its investment securities included in investment in securities with a carrying amount of HK\$1,467,000 to available-for-sale investments (see Note 3 for the financial impact). There is no effect on the accumulated profits of the Group as at 1 January 2005.

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

### 以往根據會計實務準則第24號之 標準方式入賬之債務及股本證券

截至二零零四年十二月三十一 日,本集團根據會計實務準則第 24號的以標準方法進行債務證券 及股本證券投資的分類及計量。 根據會計實務準則第24號,債務 證券或股本證券適當地分類為「投 資證券」、「其他投資」及「持有至 到期日投資」。「投資證券」以成本 經扣減減值虧損(如有)後列賬而 「其他投資」則以公平值列賬,未 變現之收益或虧損計入損益表。 「持有至到期日投資」以攤銷成本 扣減減值虧損(如有)列賬。自二 零零五年一月一日開始,本集團 按香港會計準則第39號將債務證 券及股本證券投資分類及計量。 根據香港會計準則第39號,金融 資產分類為「於損益表按公平值處 理的金融資產」、「可出售金融資 產」、「貸款及應收款項」或「持有 至到期日金融資產」。「於損益表 按公平值處理的金融資產」及「可 出售金融資產」以公平值列賬,公 平值的變動分別確認為損益及權 益。沒有活躍市場報價及其公平 值不能可靠地計量之可出售股本 投資,及與該等無報價股本投資 掛鈎並須以交付該等股本投資結 算之衍生工具,均於初步確認後 按成本扣除減值計量。「貸款及應 收款項」及「持有至到期日金融資 產」於初步確認後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。本集團已應用 香港會計準則第39號之過渡規 則。於二零零五年一月一日,本 團將其賬面值為56,127,000港元計 入證券投資之其他投資重新分類 為持作買賣投資,而其賬面值為 1,467,000港元計入證券投資之投 資證券則重新分類為可出售投資 (其對財務狀況之影響見附註3)。 對本集團於二零零五年一月一日 之累積溢利並無影響。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial assets and financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities

From 1 January 2005 onwards, the Group has classified and measured its financial assets and financial liabilities other than debt and equity securities (which were previously outside the scope of SSAP 24) in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 39. As mentioned above, financial assets under HKAS 39 are classified as "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss", "available-for-sale financial assets", "loans and receivables" or "held-to-maturity financial assets". Financial liabilities are generally classified as "financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss" or "other financial liabilities". Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss directly. Other financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method after initial recognition. The change in this accounting policy has had no material effect on results and financial position of the Group except for the interest in distressed assets as described below.

#### Interest in distressed assets

Prior to 1 January 2005, the Group measured the interest in distressed assets at cost less any subsequent identified impairment loss. The gain or loss arising on the disposal of all or part of the interest in distressed assets was determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the allocated cost of the assets disposed of and is recognised in the income statement. The income from recoveries of the interest in distressed assets was determined as amount recovered from the individual debtors in excess of the allocated costs and were recognised in the income statement.

From 1 January 2005 onwards, interest in distressed assets which is reclassified as loans and receivables under HKAS 39, is stated at amortised cost using effective interest rate method less impairment allowance. The interest income from interest in distressed assets is accrued on a time basis by reference to the estimated future cashflows and at original effective interest rate. The original effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash inflows arising from recoveries or collection, net of estimated future cash outflows arising from directly attributable costs such as management fee and incentive bonus through the expected life of the distressed assets, to the consideration paid. The impairment allowances are made on loans and receivables when there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of the occurrence of certain loss events that will impact on the estimated future cash flows discounting using the original effective interest rate.

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

### 債務及股本證券以外之金融資產 及金融負債

自二零零五年一月一日起,本集 團根據香港會計準則第39號之規 定將其債務及股本證券以外之金 融資產及金融負債(過往不屬會計 實務準則第24號之範圍)分類及計 量。誠如上文所述,金融資產根 據香港會計準則第39號分類為「於 損益表按公平值處理的金融資 產」、「可出售金融資產」、「貸款 及應收款項」或「持有至到期日金 融資產」。金融負債一般分類為 「於損益表按公平值處理的金融負 債」或「其他金融負債」。於損益表 按公平值處理的金融負債按公平 值計量,公平值變動直接於損益 表確認。其他金融負債於初步確 認後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本 列賬。除下述不良資產權益外, 此會計政策變動對本集團之業績 及財務狀況並無重大影響。

### 不良資產權益

自二零零五年一月一日起,根據 財務報告準則第39號規定重新分 類為貸款及應收款項之不良資產 權益採用實際利率法以攤銷成本 扣減減值撥備列賬。不良資產權 益利息收入經參照未償還本金及 估計之未來現金流量及原實際利 率以時間基準計算,原實際利率 為透過不良資產之預計年期,準 確貼現從回收或收集產生之估計 未來現金流入並扣除管理費及獎 金等直接應佔成本後產生之現金 流出至等於已收代價之利率。倘 有客觀證據證明因發生若干會對 採用原實際利率貼現之估計未來 現金流量構成影響之損失事件而 出現減值,則會對貸款及應收款 項作出減值撥備。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

### Interest in distressed assets (Continued)

This change has resulted in increase in interest in distressed assets of HK\$48,263,000 calculated by using effective interest rate method, deferred tax liability of HK\$14,479,000, and the accumulated profits of HK\$33,784,000 as at 1 January 2005 (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

#### Convertible note

The principal impact of HKAS 32 on the Group is in relation to convertible notes issued by the Company that contain both liability and equity components. Previously, convertible notes were classified as liabilities and recorded at the proceeds received on the balance sheet. HKAS 32 requires an issuer of a compound financial instrument that contains both financial liability and equity components to separate the compound financial instrument into the liability and equity components on initial recognition and to account for these components separately. In subsequent periods, the liability component is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Because HKAS 32 requires retrospective application, comparative figures for 2004 have been restated. Comparative profit for 2004 has been restated in order to reflect the increase in effective interest on the liability component (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

### 不良資產權益(續)

此變動導致採用實際利率法計算之不良資產權益收入增加48,263,000港元、遞延税項負債14,479,000港元及於二零零五年一月一日之累積溢利33,784,000港元(其對財務狀況之影響見附註3)。

### 可換股票據

香港會計準則第32號對本集團的 主要影響乃本公司所發行之可換 股票據含有負債及股本兩部分。 以往,可換股票據分類為負債, 並按已收所得款項於資產負債表 記錄。香港會計準則第32號規定 複合金融工具(含有金融負債及股 本兩部分)發行人須於初次確認時 將該複合金融工具分拆開負債及 股本兩部分並分開列賬處理該兩 部分。在繼後期間,負債部分以 實際利率法按攤銷成本列賬。由 於香港會計準則第32號規定追溯 應用,二零零四年的比較數字已 經重列。本集團二零零四年之比 較溢利已經重列,並反映可換股 票據負債部分實際利息之增加(其 對財務狀況之影響見附註3)。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

### Convertible note at fair value through profit or loss

Under HKAS 32, a convertible option should only be classified as equity instruments if the conversion option embedded in the convertible notes will be settled by exchange of a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the equity instruments. For other embedded options that will be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the equity instruments, the embedded options would be classified as financial liability. In accordance with HKAS 39, such embedded options are treated as separate derivatives when their economic risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contract (the liability component) and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

On 1 January 2005, the Group has elected to designate its convertible note denominated in US Dollar as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon application of HKAS 39. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, the entire convertible note is measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Previously, the convertible notes are classified as liabilities and recorded at the proceeds received on the balance sheet. In accordance with relevant provisions of HKAS 39, the carrying amount of the convertible note as at 1 January 2005 was increased by HK\$236,747,000 with a corresponding decrease in accumulated profits, being the fair value adjustment on 1 January 2005 (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the convertible note designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

# 於損益表按公平值處理的的可換股票據

於二零零五年一月一日,本集團 於應用香港會計準則第39號後選 擇指定其以美元為單位之可換股 票據為於損益表按公平值處理的 金融負債。於初步確認後之各結 算日,全部可換股票據均按公平 值計量,公平值變動直接於產生 期間之損益表內確認。以往,可 換股票據分類為負債,並於資產 負債表內按已收所得款項記錄。 根據香港會計準則第39號之相關 條文,於二零零五年一月一日之 可換股票據賬面值已經增加 236,747,000港元,並相應減少累 積溢利,即於二零零五年一月一 日作出之公平值調整(其對財務狀 況之影響見附註3)。

就發行指定為於損益表按公平值 處理的金融負債直接應佔之交易 成本,乃即時於損益表內確認。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

#### Owner-occupied leasehold interest in land

In previous years, owner-occupied leasehold land and buildings were included in property, plant and equipment and measured using the revaluation model. In the current year, the Group has applied HKAS 17 Leases. Under HKAS 17, the land and buildings elements of a lease of land and buildings are considered separately for the purposes of lease classification, unless the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, in which case, the entire lease is generally treated as a finance lease. To the extent that the allocation of the lease payments between the land and buildings elements can be made reliably, the leasehold interests in land are reclassified to prepaid lease payments under operating leases, which are carried at cost and amortised over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Alternatively, where the allocation between the land and buildings elements cannot be made reliably, the leasehold interests in land continue to be accounted for as property, plant and equipment. The adoption of this standard has had no material effect on how the results for the current or prior accounting years are prepared and presented.

### **Investment properties**

In the current year, the Group has, for the first time, applied HKAS 40 Investment Property. The Group has elected to use the fair value model to account for its investment properties which requires gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties to be recognised directly in profit or loss for the year in which they arise. In previous years, investment properties under the predecessor Standard were measured at open market values, with revaluation surplus or deficits credited or charged to investment property revaluation reserve unless the balance on this reserve was insufficient to cover a revaluation decrease, in which case the excess of the revaluation decrease over the balance on the investment property revaluation reserve was charged to the income statement. Where a decrease had previously been charged to the income statement and a revaluation surplus subsequently arose, that increase was credited to the income statement to the extent of the decrease previously charged. The Group has applied the relevant transitional provisions in HKAS 40 and elected to apply HKAS 40 from 1 January 2005 onwards. The amount held in the investment properties revaluation reserve at 1 January 2005 has been transferred to the Group's retained earnings (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 業主佔用土地和賃權益

於過往年度,業主佔用租賃土地及 樓宇列入物業、廠房及設備,並按 重估模式入賬。於本年度,本集團 已應用香港會計準則第17號《租 賃》。根據香港會計準則第17號,土 地及樓宇之租賃中之土地及樓宇部 分在租賃分類中將分開處理,除非 有關租賃款項不能準確地分配至土 地及樓宇部分,則整份租賃權益一 般被當作融資租賃。在租賃款項能 夠準確地分配至土地及樓宇部分的 情況下,土地之租賃權益則重新分 類為經營租賃項下的預付租賃款 項,並按成本入賬以及在租賃期內 以直線法攤銷。此外,倘不能準確 地分配土地及樓宇部分,土地的租 賃權益會繼續歸納為物業、廠房及 設備入賬。採納此準則對本會計年 度或過往會計年度業績之編製及呈 列方式並無構成重大影響。

#### 投資物業

本集團在本年度首次應用香港會計 準則第40號《投資物業》。本集團選 擇將旗下投資物業以公平值模式入 賬,此模式規定將投資物業公平值 變動產生的收益或虧損直接於有關 損益產生年度之損益確認。在以往 年度,根據以往的準則之規定,投 資物業以公開市值計量,重估盈餘 或虧絀撥入投資物業重估儲備,除 非儲備結餘不足以彌補重估值所產 生之減值,則重估減值高出投資物 業重估儲備結餘之數額自收入報表 扣除。若減值已於早前自收入報表 扣除而其後出現重估盈餘,則升值 按之前的減幅記入收入報表。本集 團已應用香港會計準則第40號之相 關過渡條文, 並選擇自二零零五年 一月一日起應用香港會計準則第40 號。於二零零五年一月一日之投資 物業重估儲備金額已劃轉本集團之 累積溢利(其財務之影響見附註3)。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. APPLICATION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

### **Investment properties** (Continued)

### Deferred taxes related to investment properties

In previous years, deferred tax consequences in respect of revalued investment properties were assessed on the basis of the tax consequence that would follow from recovery of the carrying amount of the properties through sale in accordance with the predecessor Interpretation. In the current year, the Group has applied HK(SIC) Interpretation 21 "Income taxes — recovery of revalued non-depreciable assets" which removes the presumption that the carrying amount of investment properties is to be recovered through sale. Therefore, the deferred tax consequences of the investment properties are now assessed on the basis that reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects to recover the property at each balance sheet date. In the absence of any specific transitional provisions in HK(SIC) Interpretation 21, this change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively. Comparative figures for 2004 have been restated (see Note 3 for the financial impact).

### **Share-based payments**

In the current year, the Group has applied HKFRS 2 share-based payment which requires an expense to be recognised where the Group buys goods or obtains services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ("equity-settled transactions"). The principal impact of HKFRS 2 on the Group is in relation to the expensing of the fair value of share options, over the vesting period.

The Group has granted share options to certain participants to subscribe for shares of the Company in accordance with Company's share options scheme. Prior to 1 January 2005, the Group did not recognise the financial effect of the share options until the share options were exercised.

Under HKFRS 2, the share options granted are classified as equity-settled share based payments which are measured at fair value at the date of grant. In accordance with the transitional provisions of HKFRS 2, the standard has been applied retrospectively to all share options granted after 7 November 2002 and were unvested as of 1 January 2005. The adoption of HKFRS 2 has had no material impact to the results of the Group because no options have been granted after 7 November 2002.

### 2. 應用香港財務報告準則(續)

#### 投資物業(續)

### 與投資物業有關之遞延税項

於以往年度,根據以往的詮釋,重 估投資物業所產生的遞延税項影響 乃根據有關物業是持有作待售之物 業可收回的賬面值作出評估。在本 年度,本集團應用香港(SIC) — 詮 釋第21號《所得税 — 收回經重估的 不可折舊資產》,不再假設投資物業 賬面值可透過出售而收回。因此, 投資物業之遞延税項影響之評估現 按本集團預期於每一結算日有關物 業可收回之數額計算。由於香港 (SIC) 一 詮釋第21號未附任何具體 過渡條文,本集團就此會計政策的 改變追溯應用。二零零四年的比較 數字已經重列(其對財務狀況之影響 見附註3A)。

### 股份付款

本集團於本年度應用香港財務報告準則第2號《股份付款》,該準則規定倘本集團以股份或股份檢權利交換購買的貨品或獲取的服務(「股份結算交易」),則須確認為支出入賬。香港財務報告準則第2號主要對本集團有關在歸屬,支購股權之公平值構成影響。

本集團已根據本公司之購股權計劃向若干參與者授出可認購本公司股份之購股權。於二零零五年一月一日前,本集團並無確認購股權之財務影響,直至購股權獲行使為止。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The effects of the changes in the accounting policies described above on the results for the current and prior years are as follows:

## 3. 會計政策變動影響概要

2005

上述會計政策變動對本年度及先前年度業績之影響如下:

		2005 二零零五年	2004 二零零四年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ————	千港元
Turnover	營業額		
Increase in interest income from	不良資產權益		
interest in distressed assets	利息收入增加	130,912	_
Decrease in income from recoveries of	回收不良資產	(402.465)	
interest in distressed assets  Direct operating expenses	權益的收入減少 <b>直接經營費用</b>	(183,165)	_
Decrease in management fee expenses	不良資產權益		
for interest in distressed assets	管理費減少	34,168	_
Other income	其他收入回撥	54,100	
Decrease in negative goodwill	至收入報表之		
released to income statement	負商譽減少	(3,711)	_
Other operating expenses	其他經營費用	,	
Non-amortisation of goodwill	不攤銷商譽	5,587	_
Increase in fair value of investment	投資物業之公平值增加		
properties			
Increase in fair value of investment	於收入報表確認之		
properties recognised in	投資物業公平值		
income statement	增加	148,687	_
Gain on convertible note at fair	於損益表按公平值處理的		
value through profit or loss	可換股票據之收益	199,756	_
Finance costs	<b>財務費用</b> 可換股票據負債		
Increase in effective interest expense			
on the liability component of convertible note	部分之實際利息 增加	(12,001)	(1,259)
Discount on acquisition of additional	收購一間附屬公司額外股本 「與」	(12,001)	(1,259)
equity interest in a subsidiary	權益之折讓		
Recognition of discount on acquisition	於收入報表確認		
of additional equity interest in	收購一間附屬公司額外		
a subsidiary in income statement	股本權益之折讓	73,476	_
Share of results of associates	攤佔聯營公司業績		
Share of taxation attributable to associates	攤佔聯營公司應佔税項	(4,745)	(257)
Taxation	税項		
Increase in deferred tax on interest	不良資產權益利息		
income of interest in distressed assets	收入之遞延税項增加	5,426	_
Increase in deferred tax relating	可換股票據相關遞延		
to convertible note	税項增加	2,100	220
Share of taxation attributable to associates	難佔聯營公司應佔税項 5.25 ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	4,745	257
Increase in deferred tax relating to	投資物業相關 遞延税項增加	(AE 600)	
investment properties		(45,698)	
Increase (decrease) in profit for the year	年內溢利增加(減少)	355,537	(1,039)

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The cumulative effects of the application of the new HKFRSs at 31 December 2004 and 1 January 2005 are summarised below:

## 3. 會計政策變動影響概要(續)

應用新香港財務報告準則對二零零四年十二月三十一日及二零零五年一月一日之累計影響概述如下:

Negative goodwill			As at 31 December 2004 (originally stated) 於二零零四年 十二月 三十一日 (原本呈列) HK\$*000 千港元	Adjustments 調整 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	As at 31 December 2004 (restated) 於二零零四年 十二月 三十一日 (經重列) HK\$*000 千港元	Adjustments 調整 <i>HK\$</i> *000 千港元	As at 1 January 2005 (restated) 於二零零五年 一月一日 (經重列) HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax liabilities   透延税項負債	Negative goodwill	負商譽	(59,376)	_	(59,376)	59,376	_
Interest in distressed assets	Convertible notes	可換股票據	(840,289)	23,165	(817,124)	(236,747)	(1,053,871)
Investments in securities	Deferred tax liabilities			(14,403)	(101,676)	(14,479)	(116,155)
Available-for-sale investments       可出售投資       一       一       一       1,467       1,467         Held-for-trading investments       持作買賣投資       一       一       一       一       56,127       56,127         Total effects on assets and liabilities       對資產及負債之       8,762       (336,220)       (143,587)       (479,807)         Accumulated profits       累積盈利       (1,076,978)       1,315       (1,075,663)       81,531       (994,132)         Convertible notes equity reserve       之股本儲備       —       (20,150)       —       (20,150)         Negative goodwill lovestment properties revaluation reserve       投資物業重估 revaluation reserve       儲備       (49,823)       —       (49,823)       49,823       —         Minority interests       少數股東權益       —       (136,180)       (136,180)       —       (136,180)         Total effects on equity       對股本之影響總額       (1,139,034)       (155,015)       (1,294,049)       143,587       (1,150,462)				_			632,625
investments Held-for-trading investments  — — — — 56,127 56,127  Total effects on assets and liabilities 影響總額 (344,982) 8,762 (336,220) (143,587) (479,807)  Accumulated profits 累積盈利 (1,076,978) 1,315 (1,075,663) 81,531 (994,132)  Convertible notes 可换股票據 equity reserve 之股本儲備 — (20,150) (20,150) — (20,150)  Negative goodwill 負商譽 (12,233) — (12,233) 12,233 — Investment properties 投資物業重估 revaluation reserve 儲備 (49,823) — (49,823) 49,823 — Minority interests 少數股東權益 — (136,180) (136,180) — (136,180)  Total effects on equity 對股本之影響總額 (1,139,034) (155,015) (1,294,049) 143,587 (1,150,462)			57,594	_	57,594		_
investments一一一56,12756,127Total effects on assets and liabilities對資產及負債之 影響總額(344,982)8,762(336,220)(143,587)(479,807)Accumulated profits累積盈利 可換股票據 equity reserve(1,076,978)1,315 (1,075,663)(1,075,663)81,531 (994,132)Convertible notes equity reserve之股本储備 之股本储備 (12,233)—(20,150) (12,233)—(20,150) (12,233)Negative goodwill revaluation reserve Minority interests負商譽 投資物業重估 (12,233)—(12,233) (136,180)—(49,823) (136,180)—(49,823) (136,180)—(136,180)Total effects on equity對股本之影響總額 (1,139,034)(155,015) (1,294,049)143,587 (1,150,462)		可出售投資	_	_	_	1,467	1,467
and liabilities影響總額(344,982)8,762(336,220)(143,587)(479,807)Accumulated profits累積盈利(1,076,978)1,315(1,075,663)81,531(994,132)Convertible notes equity reserve之股本儲備—(20,150)—(20,150)—Negative goodwill Investment properties revaluation reserve投資物業重估 revaluation reserve(49,823)—(49,823)49,823—Minority interests少數股東權益—(136,180)—(136,180)—(136,180)Total effects on equity對股本之影響總額(1,139,034)(155,015)(1,294,049)143,587(1,150,462)	· ·	持作買賣投資	_	_	_	56,127	56,127
Accumulated profits 累積盈利 (1,076,978) 1,315 (1,075,663) 81,531 (994,132) Convertible notes 可換股票據 equity reserve 之股本儲備 — (20,150) (20,150) — (20,150) Negative goodwill 負商譽 (12,233) — (12,233) 12,233 — Investment properties 投資物業重估 revaluation reserve 儲備 (49,823) — (49,823) 49,823 — Minority interests 少數股東權益 — (136,180) (136,180) — (136,180) — (136,180) Total effects on equity 對股本之影響總額 (1,139,034) (155,015) (1,294,049) 143,587 (1,150,462)	Total effects on assets	對資產及負債之					
Convertible notes equity reserve       可換股票據 equity reserve       之股本儲備       — (20,150)       (20,150)       — (20,150)         Negative goodwill Investment properties revaluation reserve	and liabilities		(344,982)	8,762	(336,220)	(143,587)	(479,807)
equity reserve       之股本儲備       —       (20,150)       —       (20,150)         Negative goodwill       負商譽       (12,233)       —       (12,233)       12,233       —         Investment properties revaluation reserve       協備       (49,823)       —       (49,823)       49,823       —         Minority interests       少數股東權益       —       (136,180)       —       (136,180)       —       (136,180)         Total effects on equity       對股本之影響總額       (1,139,034)       (155,015)       (1,294,049)       143,587       (1,150,462)			(1,076,978)	1,315	(1,075,663)	81,531	(994,132)
Negative goodwill Investment properties revaluation reserve diff       負商譽 (12,233)       — (12,233)       — 12,233       — (12,233)	equity reserve		_	(20,150)	(20,150)	_	(20,150)
revaluation reserve       儲備       (49,823)       — (49,823)       49,823       — (136,180)         Minority interests       少數股東權益       — (136,180)       — (136,180)       — (136,180)         Total effects on equity       對股本之影響總額       (1,139,034)       (155,015)       (1,294,049)       143,587       (1,150,462)		負商譽	(12,233)			12,233	
Minority interests       少數股東權益       — (136,180)       — (136,180)       — (136,180)         Total effects on equity       對股本之影響總額 (1,139,034)       (155,015)       (1,294,049)       143,587       (1,150,462)	Investment properties	投資物業重估					
Total effects on equity         對股本之影響總額         (1,139,034)         (155,015)         (1,294,049)         143,587         (1,150,462)	revaluation reserve	儲備	(49,823)	_	(49,823)	49,823	_
	Minority interests	少數股東權益	_	(136,180)	(136,180)	_	(136,180)
Minority interests 少數股東權益 (136,180) 136,180 — — —	Total effects on equity	對股本之影響總額	額 (1,139,034)	(155,015)	(1,294,049)	143,587	(1,150,462)
	Minority interests	少數股東權益	(136,180)	136,180	_	_	

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The financial effects of the application of the new HKFRSs to the Group's equity as at 1 January 2004 are summarised below:

## 3. 會計政策變動影響概要(續)

應用新香港財務報告準則對二零 零四年一月一日本集團股本之財 務影響概述如下:

		As originally stated 原本呈列 HK\$'000 千港元	Adjustment 調整 HK\$'000 千港元	As restated 經重列 HK\$'000 千港元
Investment properties revaluation reserve	投資物業重估儲備	13,562	(10,073)	3,489
Total effects on equity	對股本之影響總額	13,562	(10,073)	3,489

The Group has not early applied the following new standards interpretations and amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective as at 31 December 2005. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of these standards, interpretations and amendments will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group except for HKAS 39 and HKFRS 4 (Amendments) Financial guarantee contracts which requires financial guarantee contracts within the scope of HKAS 39 to be initially measured at fair value. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new standards but is not yet in a position to state the impact.

HKAS 1 (Amendment)	Capital disclosure <sup>1</sup>
HKAS 19 (Amendment)	Actuarial gains and losses, group plans and disclosures <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 21 (Amendment)	Net investment in a foreign operation <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Cash flow hedge accounting of forecast intragroup transactions <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	The fair value option <sup>2</sup>
HKAS 39 and HKFRS 4 (Amendments)	Financial guarantee contracts <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 6	Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources <sup>2</sup>
HKFRS 7	Financial instruments: Disclosures <sup>1</sup>
HK(IFRIC) — INT 4	Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease <sup>2</sup>

響之地步。	
香港會計準則 第1號(修訂本)	《資本披露》1
香港會計準則 第19號 (修訂本)	《精算盈虧、 集團計劃及 披露》 <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則 第21號 (修訂本)	《海外業務之 投資淨額》 <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則 第39號 (修訂本)	《預測集團內部 交易之現金流 量對沖會計 法》 <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則 第39號 (修訂本)	《公平值選擇》2
香港會計準則 第39號及香港 財務報告準則 第4號(修訂本)	《財務擔保合約》2
香港財務報告 準則第6號	《開採及評估礦 物資源》 <sup>2</sup>
香港財務報告 準則第7號	《金融工具: 披露》 <sup>1</sup>
香港(IFRIC) — 詮釋第4號	《釐定一項安排 是否包含租 賃》 <sup>2</sup>

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF THE CHANGES IN 3. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

HK(IFRIC) — INT 5 Rights to interests arising from decommissioning, restoration and environmental rehabilitation funds 2

HK(IFRIC) — INT 6 Liabilities arising from participating in a specific market-waste electrical

and electronic equipment <sup>3</sup>

HK(IFRIC) — INT 7 Applying the restatement approach under HKAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies <sup>4</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 December
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 March

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES 4.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for properties and certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

#### 會計政策變動影響概要(續) 3.

香港(IFRIC) — 《清拆、復修及 詮釋第5號 環境重建基

金產生之權 益中之權利》2

香港(IFRIC) — 詮釋第6號 《因參與特定市 場一廢料、 電力及電子 設備產生之 負債》3

香港(IFRIC) — 詮釋第7號

《應用香港會計 準則第29號 《嚴重誦脹經 濟之財務報 告》之重列 法》4

- 於二零零七年一月一日或之後 開始之年度期間生效。
- 於二零零六年一月一日或之後 開始之年度期間生效。
- 於二零零五年十二月一日或之 後開始之年度期間生效。
- 於二零零六年三月一日或之後 開始之年度期間生效。

#### 主要會計政策 4.

財務報表是根據香港會計師公會 頒佈之香港財務報告準則而編 製。此外,本綜合財務報表包括 聯交所證券上市規則及香港公司 條例規定之適用披露。

本財務報表乃按照歷史成本慣例 編製,惟物業及若干金融工具以 公平值計量。所採納之主要會計 政策如下:

#### 綜合基準

本綜合財務報表載入本公司及其 附屬公司之財務報表。

年內所收購或出售之附屬公司之 業績,已分別由實際收購日期起 或直至實際出售日期(如適用)止 載入綜合收入報表內。

附屬公司之財務報表於有需要時 作出調整,以使其會計政策與本 集團其他成員公司所採納者一 致。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Minority interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein. Minority interests in the net assets consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the minority's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination. Losses applicable to the minority in excess of the minority's interest in the subsidiary's equity are allocated against the interests of the Group except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation and is able to make an additional investment to cover the losses.

#### Goodwill

### Goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 January 2005

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary for which the agreement date is before 1 January 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the relevant subsidiary at the date of acquisition.

For previously capitalised goodwill arising on acquisition after 1 January 2001, the Group has discontinued amortisation from 1 January 2005 onwards, and such goodwill is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the cash generating unit to which the goodwill relates may be impaired (see the accounting policy below).

# Goodwill arising on acquisitions on or after 1 January 2005

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary for which the agreement date is on or after 1 January 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the relevant subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Such goodwill is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Capitalised goodwill arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary is presented separately in the balance sheet.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

所有本集團之內部交易、結餘、 收入及支出於進行綜合賬目時消 除。

#### 商譽

# 二零零五年一月一日前因收購所產生之商譽

因收購附屬公司(其協議日期為二 零零五年一月一日前)所產生之商 署乃指收購成本高於本集團應佔 有關附屬公司於收購當日之可識 別資產及負債之公平值之差額。

### 二零零五年一月一日或之後因收 購所產生之商譽

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Goodwill arising on acquisitions on or after 1 January 2005 (Continued)

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cashgenerating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the income statement. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On subsequent disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

## Excess of an acquirer's interest in the net fair value of an acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost ("discount on acquisitions")

A discount on acquisition arising on an acquisition of a subsidiary or acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary for which an agreement date is on or after 1 January 2005 represents the excess of the net fair value of an acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the business combination or consideration. Discount on acquisition is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

As explained in Note 3 above, all negative goodwill as at 1 January 2005 has been derecognised with a corresponding adjustment to the Group's accumulated profits.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

## 二零零五年一月一日或之後因收 購所產生之商譽 (續)

就減值檢測而言,因收購所產生 之商譽分配至各有關現金產生單 位,或現金產生單位之組別,預 期彼等將從收購之協同效應中受 惠。已獲分配商譽之現金產生單 位每年及每當有跡象顯示單位可 能出現減值時進行減值檢測。就 於某一財政年度因收購所產生之 商譽而言,已獲分配商譽之現金 產生單位於該財政年度完結前進 行減值檢測。當現金產生單位之 可收回金額低於該單位之賬面 值,則會分配減值虧損,以削減 首先分配至該單位,及其後以單 位各資產之賬面值為基準按比例 分配至該單位之其他資產之任何 商譽之賬面值。商譽之任何減值 虧損乃直接於收入報表內確認。 商譽之減值虧損於繼後期間不予 撥回。

於其後出售附屬公司時,資本化 之商譽之應佔金額會用以釐定出 售損益之金額。

### 收購公司應佔所收購公司之可識 別資產、負債及或然負債之公平 值淨額高於成本之差額(「收購折 讓」)

誠如上文附註3所闡釋,本集團已 於二零零五年一月一日不再確認 所有負商譽,並相應調整累積溢 利。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Investments in associates

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated balance sheet at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the profit or loss and of changes in equity of the associate, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. An additional share of losses is provided for and a liability is recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate.

### **Investment properties**

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured using the fair value model. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

## Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or fair value less accumulated depreciation and identified impairment loss.

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 聯營公司投資

聯營公司之業績、資產及負債乃 採用權益會計法載入該等財務報 表。根據權益法,聯營公司投資 乃以成本就本集團於收購後應佔 溢利或虧損變動以及聯營公司股 本變動作出調整,並扣減任何已 識別減值虧損,在綜合資產負債 表中列賬。倘本集團應佔聯營公 司虧損相等於或高於其於該聯營 公司之權益(包括任何實際屬於本 集團對聯營公司淨投資之長期權 益),本集團將不再確認其額外應 佔虧損。本集團只會在本身產生 法律或推定責任或代表該聯營公 司付款時,方會就額外應佔虧損 計提撥備並確認負債。

集團實體與本集團之聯營公司進行交易時,損益僅在本集團應佔相關聯營公司之權益範圍內對銷。

#### 投資物業

於初步確認時,投資物業乃按成本(包括任何直接應佔開支)計量。於初步確認後,投資物業內按公平值模式計量。投資物業公平值變動產生之收益或虧損於產生期間計入損益表。

## 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本或公平 值減累積折舊及已識別減值虧損 入賬。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purpose, are stated in the balance sheet at their revalued amount, being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses and subsequent accumulated depreciation. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

Any surplus arising on revaluation of land and buildings is credited to the asset revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation deficit of the same asset previously recognised as an expense, in which case this surplus is credited to the income statement to the extent of the deficit previously charged. A decrease in net carrying amount arising on revaluation of an asset is charged to the income statement to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, on the asset revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. On the subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus is transferred to accumulated profits.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or fair value of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method on the following basis:

Leasehold land and buildings
Leasehold improvements

Furniture and fixtures

Office equipment

Motor vehicles

Over the unexpired lease term
3 years

10 years

5 years

6 — 10 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the income statement in the year in which the item is derecognised.

### Non-current assets held for sales

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather then through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the assets (or disposal groups) is available for immediate sale in it present condition.

Non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of the assets' (or disposal groups') previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備

折舊乃採用直線法按照根據其估計可使用年期提撥,以撇銷物業、廠房及設備之成本或公平值,基準如下:

租賃土地及樓宇 按剩餘租約年期

租賃物業裝修 3年 傢俬及裝修 10年 辦公室設備 5年 汽車 6-10年

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時 或當預期持續使用資產不會產生 未來經濟利益時不再確認。任何 不再確認資產所產生之損益(以出 售額計算)於不再確認項目年度計 入收入報表。

### 持作銷售非流動資產

倘非流動資產及出售組合之賬面 值主要通過銷售交易而非通過 續使用收回,則該項非流動資 及出售組合將列作持作銷售 於銷售機會相當及資產(或出售 於別下可即時出售時, 被視為符合本條件。

列作持作銷售非流動資產及出售 組合按資產(出售組合)過往賬面 值與公平值扣減銷售成本之較低 者計量。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued) 4.

### Stock of properties

Stock of properties represents properties under development for sale and properties held for sale.

The carrying value of properties under development comprises the interest in leasehold land together with development expenditure, which includes construction costs, capitalised interest and ancillary borrowing costs, less foreseeable losses. The stock of properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

### Revenue recognition

The interest income from interest in distressed assets is accrued on a time basis by reference to the estimated future cashflows and at effective interest rate. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash inflows arising from recoveries or collection, net of the estimated future cash outflows arising from directly attributable costs such as management fee and incentive bonus through the expected life of the distressed assets, to the assets' net carrying amounts.

In prior period, the income from recoveries of interest in distressed assets was recognised in the income statement, on individual distressed asset basis, which was determined as amount recovered from the individual debtors in excess of the allocated costs. The gain or loss arising on the disposal of all or part of the interest in distressed assets was determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and allocated the cost of the assets disposed of and is recognised in the income statement.

Other interest income is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Income from the trading of securities is recognised on a trade date basis.

Commission income and compensation income are recognised when services are provided.

Performance return is recognised when the right to receive the performance return have been established.

Property management fee income is recognised when management service is rendered.

## 主要會計政策(續)

#### 物業存貨

物業存貨指在建物業及持作銷售 物業。

在建物業之賬面值包括租賃土地 權益及發展開支(包括建築成本、 資本化利息及附帶借貸費用)減可 預見虧損。物業存貨以成本及可 變現淨值之較低者列賬。

### 存貨

存貨以成本及可變現淨值之較低 者記賬。成本是以加權平均法計 算。

#### 收益之確認

不良資產權益之利息收入以時間 基準並參照估計未來現金流量及 按實際利率計算。實際利率乃透 過不良資產之預期可使用年期完 全貼現因回收或收集而產生之估 計未來現金流入,扣除因直接應 佔成本(如管理費及獎勵花紅)產 生之估計未來現金流入淨額至資 產帳面淨值之利率。

於過往期間,回收不良資產權益 的收入乃按個別不良資產權益於 收入報表確認,並釐定為向個別 債務人收回而超出獲分配成本之 款額。出售全部或部分不良資產 權益產生之盈虧按出售所得款項 與分配為所出售資產成本之差額 釐定,並於收入報表確認。

其他利息收入以時間基準並參照 未償還本金及適用利率計算,而 該利率乃透過金融資產之預期可 使用年期完全貼現估計未來現金 收入至資產之賬面淨值。

買賣證券之收入於買賣當日確

佣金收入及補償收入於提供服務 時確認。

超收分成在有權收取超收分成的 權利獲確定時確認。

物業管理費收入於提供管理服務 時確認。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Revenue recognition (Continued)

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the leases.

Dividends from investments are recognised when the rights to receive the dividend payment have been established.

When a development property is sold in advance of completion, income is recognized only when the property is completed and has passed the inspection process. Deposits received from the purchasers prior to this stage are recorded as customers' deposits and included in current liabilities.

Income from properties developed for sales, which have not been pre-sold prior to completion of development is recognised on the execution of legally binding, unconditional and irrevocable sales contracts.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into one of the three categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. The accounting policies adopted in respect of each category of financial assets are set out below.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 收益之確認(續)

營運租約之租金收入於租約期限內以直線基準確認。

投資所得股息於收取股息款項之 權利獲確立時確認。

倘在建物業於落成前售出,則僅 於物業落成並已通過檢測程序, 方會確認收入。在此階段前已收 買方之按金乃記錄為客戶按金, 並計入流動負債。

銷售發展物業之收入倘並無於發展完成前預售,乃於簽立具法律約束力、無條件及不可撤回合同時確認。

#### 金融工具

### 金融資產

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss has two subcategories, including financial assets held for trading and those designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including interest in distressed assets, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, amount due from associates, restricted bank balance and bank deposits) are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are reversed in subsequent periods when an increase in the asset's recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, subject to a restriction that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

### Loans and receivables — Interest in distressed assets

Prior to 1 January 2005, the interest in distressed assets was stated at cost less any subsequent identified impairment loss. The impairment loss was made when the recoverable amount of the interest in distressed assets was estimated to be less than its carry amount, and is measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount of the interest in the distressed assets on an individual basis.

From 1 January 2005 onwards, interest in distressed assets which is reclassified as loans and receivables under HKAS 39 is stated at amortised cost using effective interest rate method less impairment allowance. The impairment allowances are made on the interest in distressed assets when there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of the occurrence of certain loss events that will impact on the estimated future cash flows, and are measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the distressed assets and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Where the actual future net cash inflows are more than expected, the revised cashflow will be discounted using the effective interest rate. The difference between the carrying amounts will be adjusted to reflect the revised estimated cash flows discounted using the original effective rate. The adjustment is recognized in the income statement.

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

### 金融資產(續)

#### 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為附帶固定或可釐 定付款之非衍生金融資產,而其並 無在活躍市場報價。於初步確認後 每一結算日,貸款及應收款項(包括 不良資產權益、應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項、應收聯營公司款及 銀行監管賬戶結餘及銀行存款)採用 實際利率法以攤銷成本扣減任何已 識別減值虧損列賬。倘有客觀證據 證明資產出現減值,則減值虧損會 於損益表確認,並按資產賬面值與 按原定實際利率貼現之估計未來現 金流量之現值兩者之差額計量。倘 資產可收回金額之增幅客觀地與確 認減值後所發生之事件有關,則減 值虧損會於繼後期間撥回,惟減值 撥回當日之資產賬面值不得高於如 無確認減值時之原來應攤銷成本。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables — Interest in distressed assets (Continued)

Where the actual future net cash inflows are more than expected, the revised cashflow will be discounted using the effective interest rate. The difference between the carrying amounts will be adjusted to reflect the revised estimated cash flows discounted using the original effective rate. The adjustment is recognized in the income statement.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated or not classified as any of the other categories under HKAS 39. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognised in equity, until the financial asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. Any impairment losses on available-for-sale financial assets are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments will not reverse in subsequent periods. For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

For available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost less any identified impairment losses at each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses will not reverse in subsequent periods.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of not more than three months, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank balances and short term deposits are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融資產(續)

貸款及應收款項 — 不良資產權益(續)

倘實際未來現金流入淨額超出預期,則經修訂之現金流量將是 實際利率貼現。 賬面值間之原 將予以調整,以反映以採用額 際利率貼現之估計經修訂現金 量。調整於收入報表確認。

#### 可出售金融資產

可出售金融資產為非衍生工具,被 指定為此類別或並無分類為根據香 港會計準則第39號之任何其他類別 (載於上文)。於初步確認後每一結 算日,可出售金融資產以公平值計 量。公平值變動於股本確認,直至 該項金融資產出售或釐定出現減值 為止, 屆時, 先前於股本確認之累 計盈虧將自股本剔除,並於損益確 認。可出售金融資產之任何減值虧 損均於損益確認。可出售股本投資 之減值虧損將不會於繼後期間撥 回。就可出售債務投資而言,倘投 資公平值之增幅客觀地與確認減值 虧損後所發生之事件有關,減值虧 損其後方會撥回。

#### 現金及現金等值

現金及現金等值包括手頭現金與原到期日為不多於三個月之短期日為不可免換為已知知期現在, 完款及其他可免換為已之短額現 金且價值變動風險不大之短期 流動性投資。銀行結餘及短期存 款其後採用實際利率法以攤銷成 本計量。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the group after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are generally classified into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities. The accounting policies adopted in respect of financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss has two subcategories, including financial liabilities held for trading and those designated at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities including trade payables, deposits, other payables, accruals for management fee to holding company of a shareholder, amounts due to associates and bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

The transaction costs that are directly attributable to borrowings are included in the carrying amount on the initial recognition. The difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognized using effective interest rate method.

## Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

#### 金融負債及股本

由集團實體發行之金融負債及股本工具根據所訂立合約安排之內容,以及金融負債及股本工具之定義分類。

股本工具乃證明本集團於扣減其所有負債後之資產剩餘權益之行何合約。本集團之金融負債處理的分類為於損益表按公平值處明的金融負債及其他金融負債及限本工具有關之融負債及股本工具有關之會計政策載於下文。

# 於損益表按公平值處理的金融負債

### 其他金融負債

其他金融負債(包括應付賬款、按金、其他付款、應付一名股東之控股公司應計管理費、應付聯營公司款及銀行借貸)其後採用實際利率法以攤銷成本計量。

借貸直接應佔之交易成本於初步確認時計入賬面值。所得款項(扣除交易成本)與清償或贖回借貸之差異採用實際利率法確認。

#### 股本工具

由本公司發行之股本工具乃按已 收取所得款項減直接發行費用記 錄。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

### Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Convertible note

Convertible notes issued by the Company that contain both financial liability and equity components are classified separately into respective liability and equity components on initial recognition. On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the proceeds of the issue of the convertible notes and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the embedded call option for the holder to convert the notes into equity, is included in equity (convertible notes equity reserve).

In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible note is carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The equity component, represented by the option to convert the liability component into ordinary shares of the Company, will remain in convertible notes equity reserve until the embedded option is exercised (in which case the balance stated in convertible notes equity reserve will be transferred to share premium). Where the option remains unexercised at the expiry date, the balance stated in convertible notes equity reserve will be released to the retained earnings. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible loan notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible note using the effective interest method.

Convertible note at fair value through profit or loss

Convertible notes that will or may not be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments are accounted as financial liabilities with embedded derivatives. Derivatives embedded in a financial instrument are treated as separate derivatives when their economic risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contract (the liability component) and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本(續)

可換股票據

於損益表按公平值處理的可換股票據

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Convertible note at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

The convertible note with embedded derivatives as a whole is designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. At each balance sheet date subsequent to initial recognition, the entire convertible note is measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issued of the convertible notes designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## **Impairment**

At each balance sheet date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expenses immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that standard.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the assets is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that standard.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融負債及股本(續)

於損益表按公平值處理的可換股票據(續)

內含衍生工具之可換股票據整體指定為於損益表按公平值處理的金融負債。於初步確認後之各公算日,全部可換股票據均按公平值計量,公平值變動直接於產生期間之損益表內確認。

發行可換股票據直接應佔之交易成本指定為於損益表按公平值處理的金融負債,乃即時於損益表內確認。

### 借貸費用

購入、建造或製造合資格資產而產生的直接借貸費用,被資本化為該等資產的部分成本。當資產大致可依既定用途使用或出售時,有關借貸費用將停止作資本化。

所有其他借貸費用均於產生期間 確認為支出。

### 減值

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years, and it further excludes income statement items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 税項

所得税指即期應付税項與遞延税 項的總和。

遞延税項乃就財務報表內資產負 債賬面值與計算應課稅溢利時採 用的相應稅基兩者間的差異預期 應付或可收回的稅項,此為採用 資產負債表負債法確認入賬

遞延稅項負債乃就附屬公司投資 所產生的應課稅暫時差異確認入 賬,惟倘本集團能夠控制暫時差 異的轉回及暫時差異於可見將來 可能不會轉回則除外。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各結算 日均會進行檢討,如不再可能有 足夠應課税溢利可用於抵免全部 或部分相關資產,則會予以撇 減。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in its functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised directly in equity.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised as a separate component of equity (the translation reserve). Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

### Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

### The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## 4. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 外幣

## 租賃

凡租賃條款將絕大部分擁有權之 風險及回報轉移予承租人之租 賃,均分類為融資租賃。所有其 他租賃均分類為營運租賃。

### 本集團作為出租人

營運租賃之租金收入乃於有關租約年期內按直線基準於收入預報表內確認。磋商及安排營運租租賃產生之初步直接費用計入租賃資產之賬面值,並於租約年期內按直線基準確認為支出。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### The Group as lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### **Retirement benefit costs**

Payments to the state-managed retirement benefit schemes for staff in the People's Republic of China, excluding Hong Kong and Macau (the "PRC") and to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for staff in Hong Kong are charged as expense as they fall due.

#### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

### Estimated impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. As at 31 December 2005, the carrying amount of goodwill is approximately HK\$33,525,000. Details of the recoverable amount calculated are disclosed in note 21.

## Impairment allowances of loans and receivables

The policy for impairment of loans and receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of expected future cash flows on management's judgment. A considerable amount of judgment is required in estimating the expected future cash flows. If the future estimated cash flows are less than expected, additional allowances may be required.

### 4. 主要會計政策(續)

### 本集團作為承租人

根據營運租賃應繳付之租金乃於 有關租約年期內按直線基準賬記 損益表支出。已收及應收作為訂 立營運租賃之獎勵之利益於租約 年期內按直線基準確認為租賃支 出減少。

#### 退休福利成本

為中華人民共和國,不包括香港 及澳門(「中國」)員工之國家管理 退休福利計劃及香港員工之強制 性公積金計劃作出之供款,乃於 到期時以支出入賬。

### 5. 重要會計判斷及主要不確定 估計來源

#### 估計商譽減值

### 貸款及應收款項減值撥備

本集團之貸款及應收款項減值政 策乃根據評估預期未來現金流估量 則未來現金流量時,需要作大 到未來現金流量時,需要作大低 到大來明估計未來現金流量量 預期,則可能需作出額外撥備。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### Estimated cash flow of the distressed assets

Determining effective interest rate of interest in distressed assets requires an estimation of the future cash flows, including cash inflows arising from recoveries, collection, and cash outflows arising from directly attributable transaction cost such as management fee and incentive bonus. Where the actual future net cash inflows are less than expected, an impairment loss may arise. Where the actual future net cash inflows are more than expected, a gain will be recognised. Details of the interest in distressed assets are disclosed in note 27.

# Estimation of fair value of investment properties and leasehold properties

The investment properties were revalued at the balance sheet date on market value existing use basis by independent professional valuers. Such valuations were based on certain assumptions, which are subject to uncertainty and might materially differ from the actual results. In making the judgment, the Group considers information from current prices in an active market for similar properties and uses assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date. Details of the valuation of investment properties and leasehold properties are disclosed in note 19 and 20 respectively.

# Fair value of convertible note at fair value through profit or loss

The fair value of conversion option included in the convertible note designated at fair value through profit or loss is subject to the limitation of the Binomial model that incorporated market data and involved uncertainty in estimates used by management in the assumptions. Because the Binomial model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share price, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate. Details of the assumptions are disclosed in note 42.

#### **5.** 重要會計判斷及主要不確定 估計來源(續)

#### 估計不良資產現金流量

#### 估計投資物業及租賃物業之公平 值

#### 於損益表按公平值處理的可換股 票據之公平值

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's major financial instruments include available-for-sale investments, interest in distressed assets, loans receivables, held-for-trading investments, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, amounts due from associates, restricted bank balance, pledged bank deposit, bank balances and cash, assets classified as held for sale, trade payables, rental deposits and other payables, amount due to associates, accruals for management fee to holding company of a shareholder, borrowings, convertible note and convertible note at fair value through profit or loss. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31 December 2005 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheet. In order to minimise the credit risk, the directors continuously monitor the level of exposure to ensure that follow-up action and/or corrective actions are taken promptly to lower exposure or even to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each significant individual loan and interest in distressed asset at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because majority of the counter parties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies and state owned banks with good reputation. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counter parties and customers.

#### 6. 財務風險管理目的及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括可出 售投資、不良資產權益、應收貸 款、持作買賣投資、應收賬款、 按金及其他應收款、應收聯營公 司款、銀行監管賬戶結餘、抵押 銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金、列 作持作出售之資產、應付賬款、 租務按金及其他應付款、應付聯 營公司款、應付一名股東之控股 公司應計管理費、借貸、可換股 票據及於損益表按公平值處理的 可換股票據。該等金融工具之詳 情於相關附註中披露。與該等金 融工具相關之風險及如何減低該 等風險之政策載於下文。管理層 會管理及監察該等風險,以確保 及時與有效地採取適當措施。

#### 信貸風險

在流動資金方面之信貸風險有限,原因是交易對手大高信貸風險為 國際評級機構指定為高信貸評級 之銀行及信譽良好之國有銀行 由於多個交易對手及客戶分 險,故本集團並無重大信貸風險 集中情況。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Interest rate risk

The Group has exposed to both fair value interest rate risk and cash flows interest rate risk through the impact of the rate changes on fixed interest rate bank borrowings and floating interest rate bank borrowings respectively.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider repaying bank borrowings when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

#### Price risk

The Group's available-for-sale investments and investments held for trading are measured at fair value, except for those unlisted equity investments of which fair values cannot be measured reliable, at the balance sheet date. Therefore, the Group is exposed to equity and debt security price risk. The management manages the exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles.

#### **Currency risk**

Certain borrowings of the Group are denominated in US Dollar. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arises.

### 7. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### 6. 財務風險管理目的及政策

#### 利率風險

由於銀行借貸固定利率及銀行借貸浮動利率之利率變動影響,本 集團分別須面對公平值利率風險 及現金流量利率風險。

本集團目前並無現金流量對沖風險。然而,管理層會監察利率風險,並將考慮在面對重大利率風險時償還銀行借貸。

#### 價格風險

#### 貨幣風險

本集團之若干借貸以美元為單位。本集團目前並無外匯對沖政策。然而,管理層會監察外匯風險,並將考慮在需要時對沖重大外匯風險。

#### 7. 營業額及分類資料

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover is analysed as follows:	營業額分析如下:		
Proceeds from held-for-trading investments/trading of securities	持作買賣投資/買賣 證券所得款項	152,699	125,670
Interest income from interest in distressed assets	不良資產權益利息收入	130,912	_
Income from recoveries of interest in distressed assets	回收不良資產權益 的收入 處置不良資產佣金及	-	126,851
Commission income and performance return of dealing in distressed assets	超收分成收入	100,000	119,761
Property management fee income	物業管理費收入	89,037	82,149
Rental income	租金收入	76,346	75,004
Dividend income from listed securities	上市證券股息收入	1,889	3,539
Sales of properties	物業銷售	895	152,249
		551,778	685,223

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (A) Business segments

The Group is organised into five operating divisions: distressed assets business, investments, sales of properties, property leasing and property management. These operating divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its primary segment information.

(i) An analysis of the Group's turnover and results by business segments is as follows:

#### 7. 營業額及分類資料(續)

#### (A) 業務分類

(i) 本集團營業額按業務 分類的分析如下:

	Distressed assets business 不良 資產業務 HK\$*000 干港元	Investments 投資 HK\$*000 千港元	Sales of properties 物業銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Property leasing 物業租賃 HK\$'000 千港元	Property management 物業管理 HK\$*000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$*000 千港元
	第五年十二月 止年度					
Turnover 營業額	230,912	154,588	895	76,346	89,037	551,778
Result 業績 Segment result 分部業績	231,569	67,685	(6,022)	63,506	(315)	356,423
Interest income 利息收入	· → <b>#</b> #					53,395
Surplus on revaluation of 租賃物業 leasehold properties	ウ公平値			148,687		8,949 148,687
Finance costs	を を を を を を を を を で を で を で を で で を で で で で で で で で で で で で で	_	_	140,007	_	199,756 (44,637) (59,841) 82,237
					_	73,476
Profit before taxation 除税前溢 Taxation 税項	刊					818,445 (89,279)
Profit for the year 年內溢利					_	729,166
Year ended 31 December 2004 (restated) 截至二零零 三十一日	四年十二月  止年度(經重列)					
Turnover 営業額	246,612	129,209	152,249	75,004	82,149	685,223
Result 業績 Segment result 分部業績		(6,209)	22,871	59,331	2,313	306,362
Interest income 利息收入	· →					11,948
Surplus on revaluation of leasehold properties Unallocated corporate expenses 片分骨間 財務費間 Share of results of associates Gain on partial disposal of 出售部分	之 全 全 会 会 会 会 会 会 会 会 会 会 会 会 会					13,675 (38,269) (32,246) 88,996
interest in distressed assets 益產生	之收益 53,777	_	_	_	_	53,777
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary 出售一間 產生之 Gain on disposal of an associate 出售一間	IN屬公司 收益 I聯營公司					46,696
產生之	.收益				_	182
Profit before taxation 除税前溢 Taxation 税項	利					451,121 (34,837)
Profit for the year 年內溢利						416,284

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

7. 營業額及分類資料(續)

(A) Business segments (Continued)

(A) 業務分類(續)

(ii) Other information

(ii) 其他資料

		Distressed		Sales				
		assets		of	Property	Property		
	る ☆	business 資產業務	Investments 投資	properties	leasing 物業租賃	management 物業管理	Corporate 企業	Consolidated 綜合
	1\1	8 貝性未份 HK\$'000	及貝 HK\$'000	物業銷售 HK\$'000	初末性貝 HK\$'000	初末官垤 HK\$'000	止未 HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31	—————————————————————————————————————		,,,,,	,,,,,,	,,,,,,	,,,,,,		
December 2005	十二月三十一日							
Determiner 2005	止年度							
Capital additions	<b>省本</b> 添置							
— property, plant and	一物業、廠房							
equipment	及設備	_	_	264	2,230	1,982	1,246	5,722
Depreciation	折舊	_	_	199	2,865	1,633	2,462	7,159
Gain on disposal of	出售投資物業							
investment properties	產生之收益	_	_	_	_	_	209	209
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及							
plant and equipment	設備產生之虧損	_	_	_	98	2	_	100
Year ended 31 December	截至二零零四年							
2004 (restated)	十二月三十一日							
	止年度(經重列)							
Capital additions	資本添置							
<ul> <li>property, plant and</li> </ul>	一 物業、廠房							
equipment	及設備	_	_	892	3,571	1,100	132	5,695
Depreciation	折舊	_	_	328	1,828	1,287	2,225	5,668
Amortisation of goodwill	商譽攤銷	_	_	_	_	5,587	_	5,587
Release of negative goodwill	負商譽回撥	_	_	_	3,711	_	_	3,711
Unrealised holding loss on	其他投資未變現							
other investments	持有虧損	_	1,545	_	_	_	_	1,545
Gain on disposal of investment	出售投資物業產生							
properties	之收益	_	_	_	3,785	_	_	3,785
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及						620	620
plant and equipment	設備產生之收益	_	_	_	_	_	629	629

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

### 7. 營業額及分類資料(續)

#### (A) Business segments (Continued)

#### (A) 業務分類(續)

(iii) An analysis of the Group's consolidated balance sheet by principal activities is as follows:

(iii) 本集團綜合資產負債 表按照主要經營活動 劃分的分析如下:

		Distressed assets business 不良資產業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Investments 投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Sales of properties 物業銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	Property leasing 物業租賃 HK\$'000 千港元	Property management 物業管理 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2005 Assets	於二零零五年 十二月三十一日 資產						
Segment assets Goodwill Interests in associates Amounts due from associates Deferred tax assets Unallocated corporate assets	具	1,349,033 —	388,111 —	335,435 —	2,268,637 —	13,947 33,525	4,355,163 33,525 1,304,277 206,478 1,336 547,599
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產						6,448,378
Liabilities Segment liabilities Amounts due to associates Accruals for management fee to holding company of a shareholder Taxation payable Deferred tax liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	自 情分應應 情 類付付性管 管 一般 理 可 項 項 明 一般 理 項 項 項 項 可 是 で 型 理 項 項 項 可 员 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。		(26,757)	(178,694)	(113,400)	(68,070)	(386,921) (377,146) (65,881) (5,084) (187,979) (1,526,676)
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債						(2,549,687)
As at 31 December 2004 (restated) Assets Segment assets Goodwill Negative goodwill Interests in associates Amounts due from associates Deferred tax assets Unallocated corporate assets	日 年十 四二 不 不 不 不 在 有 有 是 不 是 一 有 有 是 一 一 一 有 有 是 一 一 一 一 一 在 一 司 長 一 百 員 日 長 の 百 員 日 の 長 の 長 の 長 の 長 の 長 の 長 の 長 の 長 の 長 の	769,731 一 一	60,000 — —	161,711 — —	2,132,312 — (59,376)	20,853 33,525 —	3,144,607 33,525 (59,376) 1,236,401 20,200 18,500 1,477,676
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產						5,871,533
Liabilities Segment liabilities Amounts due to associates Accruals for management fee to holding company of a shareholder Taxation payable Deferred tax liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	自 情 所 所 性 性 性 性 一 股 理 税 税 一 股 理 税 税 一 股 理 税 税 分 员 等 名 公 費 項 , 同 会 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。 。		(22,445)	(34,033)	(142,530)	(63,879)	(262,887) (457,639) (18,537) (4,960) (101,676) (1,405,932)
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債						(2,251,631)

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 7. TURNOVER AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

### (B) Geographical segments

(i) An analysis of the Group's turnover by geographical location of customers is as follows:

#### 7. 營業額及分類資料(續)

#### (B) 地域分類

(i) 本集團營業額按照客 戶的地域位置劃分的 分析如下:

#### 

		i	呂禾钦		
		2005	2004		
		二零零五年	二零零四年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元		
The PRC	中國	293,763	432,465		
Hong Kong	香港	158,015	132,997		
Macau	澳門	100,000	119,761		
		551,778	685,223		

(ii) An analysis of the carrying amount of segment assets analysed by geographical location in which the assets are located is as follows:

(ii) 按資產所在的地域位 置劃分的分類資產賬 面值分析如下:

	Segment	t assets	Capital additions		
	分類?	資產	資本添置		
	2005	2004	2005	2004	
	二零零五年	二零零四年	二零零五年	二零零四年	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Hong Kong 香港	1,647,163	2,211,353	1,655	2,555	
The PRC 中國	4,801,215	3,660,180	4,067	3,140	
	6,448,378	5,871,533	5,722	5,695	

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 8. OTHER INCOME

### 8. 其他收入

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Other income includes the following income:	其他收入包括 下述收入:		
Interest income	利息收入	53,395	11,948
Change of fair value of held-for-trading investments Exchange gain Compensation income	持作買賣投資之 公平值變動 匯兑收益 補償收入	44,880 3,630 2,454	
Commission income	佣金收入	1,025	882
Gain on disposal of investment properties	出售投資物業產生之收益	209	3,785
Bad debt recovered Gain on disposal of property, plant	收回壞賬 出售物業、廠房	82	1,434
and equipment	及設備產生之收益	_	629
Release of negative goodwill	負商譽回撥		3,711
Others	其他 ————————————————————————————————————	517	2,024
		106,192	27,897

#### 9. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

#### 9. 其他經營費用

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other operating expenses comprise:	其他經營費用包括:		
Amortisation of goodwill Unrealised holding loss on	商譽攤銷 其他投資未變	-	(5,587)
other investments	現持有虧損	_	(1,545)
		_	(7,132)

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 10. FINANCE COSTS

#### 10. 財務費用

	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
Interest on bank borrowings 銀行借款利息		
<ul><li>— wholly repayable within</li><li>— 須於五年內</li><li>five years</li><li>— not wholly repayable within</li><li>— 無須於五年內</li></ul>	(32,605)	(32,294)
five years	(296)	(261)
Interest on other loans wholly	(2,111)	(2,199)
value through profit or loss 可換股票據之收		_
Amortisation of direct issue cost of 可換股票據之直接 convertible note 成本攤銷 Effective interest expense 可換股票據實際	發行 ————————————————————————————————————	(196)
on convertible notes 利息支出	(18,601)	(2,605)
Total borrowing costs 借貸費用總額 Less: Amount capitalised in properties 減:已於在建物業	(59,841)	(37,555)
under development 資本化之金		5,309
	(59,841)	(32,246)

Borrowing costs capitalised during last year arose on the general borrowing pool and was calculated by applying a capitalisation rate of 5% per annum to expenditure on qualifying assets.

於去年已資本化之借貸費用源自 一般合併借貸資金,有關金額乃 根據合資格資產開支採用每年5% 之資本化利率計算。

# 11. DISCOUNT ON ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL EQUITY INTEREST IN A SUBSIDIARY

The amount represents discount on acquisition of additional 7.99% equity interest in Beijing East Gate Development Co. Ltd., ("Beijing East Gate") a subsidiary of the Company, from a minority shareholder of this subsidiary at a consideration of approximately RMB14,378,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$13,437,000).

# 12. GAIN ON PARTIAL DISPOSAL OF INTEREST IN DISTRESSED ASSETS

The amount in 2004 represented a gain on disposal of 20% interest in distressed assets to Citigroup Financial Products Inc. ("CFPI"), pursuant to an agreement dated 10 December 2004 entered into by CFPI and the Company, at a consideration of an amount in US dollars which was equivalent to approximately RMB227,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$214,497,000) (see note 27).

# 11. 收購一間附屬公司額外股本權益之折讓

有關金額為向北京東環置業有限公司(「北京東環」)(本公司之附屬公司)之少數股東收購該附屬公司之額外7.99%股本權益之折讓,代價約為人民幣14,378,000元(相等於約13,437,000港元)。

#### **12.** 出售部分不良資產權益產生 之收益

二零零四年之金額為根據Citigroup Financial Products Inc. (「CFPI」)與本公司於二零零四年十二月十日簽訂的協議協定出售20%的不良資產權益予CFPI以美元支付的等值代價金額約人民幣227,600,000元(相當於214,497,000港元)(見附註27)。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

### 13. 董事酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors were as follows:

已付或須付予各董事之酬金如下:

		2005 二零零五年					
				MPF		erformance	
		Fees	Salary	contribution	benefits	bonus	Total
Name of director	董事姓名	袍金	薪酬	強積金供款	其他福利	表現獎金	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(Note 1)				(Note 4)	
		(附註1)				(附註4)	
Zhu Dengshan	朱登山	400	_	_	_	_	400
Hui Xiao Bing	惠小兵	400	_	_	_	_	400
Gao Jian Min	高建民	500	1,404	12	1,392	1,200	4,508
					(Note 2)		
					(附註2)		
Liu Tianni	劉天倪	300	858	12	700	1,200	3,070
					(Note 3)		
	<				(附註3)		
Gu Jianguo	顧建國	200	_	_	_	_	200
Chen Yongcun	陳永存	200	_	_	_	_	200
Cheung Chung Kiu	張松橋	200	_	_	_	_	200
Yuen Wing Shing	袁永誠	200			_		200
Chow Kwok Wai	周國偉	200	858	12	_	1,200	2,270
Kang Dian	康典	300	_	_	_	_	300
Zhang Lu	張璐	300	_	_	_	_	300
Hung Muk Ming	洪木明	200		_	_	_	200
Total	合計	3,400	3,120	36	2,092	3,600	12,248

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 13. **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (Continued)

#### 13. 董事酬金(續)

2004 二零零四年

Name of director	董事姓名	Fees 袍金 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	Salary 薪酬 HK\$'000 千港元	MPF contribution 強積金供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Other benefits 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Performance bonus 表現獎金 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 4) (附註4)	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Zhu Dengshan	朱登山	300	_	_	_	_	300
Hui Xiao Bing	惠小兵	300	_	_	_	_	300
Gao Jian Min	高建民	500	1,272	12	630	600	3,014
					(Note 2) (附註2)		
Liu Tianni	劉天倪	300	780	12	_	600	1,692
Gu Jianguo	顧建國	200	_	_	_	_	200
Chen Yongcun	陳永存	200	_	_	_	_	200
Cheung Chung Kiu	張松橋	200	_	_	_	_	200
Yuen Wing Shing	袁永誠	200	_	_	_	_	200
Chow Kwok Wai	周國偉	200	780	12	_	600	1,592
Kang Dian	康典	300	_	_	_	_	300
Zhang Lu	張璐	300	_	_	_	_	300
Hung Muk Ming	洪木明	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total	合計	3,000	2,832	36	630	1,800	8,298

#### Notes:

- The amount represents directors' fee for the year ended 31
  December 2005 proposed which is subject to shareholders'
  approval in the annual general meeting to be convened on 25
  May 2006.
- 2. The amount represents the estimated value of quarter provided for the year ended 31 December 2005 amounting to HK\$692,000 plus child education allowance of HK\$700,000. The amount in 2004 represented the estimated value of quarter provided.
- The amount represents child education allowance of HK\$700,000.
- 4. The performance related incentive payments are determined having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

#### 附註:

- 1. 有關金額為建議截至二零零五 年十二月三十一日止年度之董 事袍金,須待股東在將於二零 零六年五月二十五日舉行之股 東週年大會上批准。
- 2. 有關金額為截至二零零五年十 二月三十一日止年度提供宿舍 之估計價值692,000港元及子 女教育津貼700,000港元。二 零零四年之金額為提供宿舍之 估計價值。
- 3. 有關金額為子女教育津貼 700,000港元。
- 4. 按表現發放之獎金乃參考個人 表現及市場趨勢釐定。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 14. EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

### 14. 僱員酬金

The five highest paid individuals of the Group included three directors, details of whose emoluments are set out in note 13 above. The emoluments of the remaining two individuals are as follows:

本集團五名最高薪人士包括3名董事,彼等的酬金詳情載於上文附註13。其餘2名人士的酬金如下:

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Performance related incentive payments	薪金及其他福利 按表現發放之獎金 退休福利成本	1,664 2,000 24	3,906 6,600 24
		3,688	10,530

Their emoluments are within the following bands:

彼等之酬金介乎下列款額:

2005

2004

#### Number of employees 僱員人數

		2005 二零零五年	2004 二零零四年
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 HK\$8,000,001 to HK\$8,500,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 8,000,001港元至8,500,000港元	1 1 —	
		2	2

#### 15. TAXATION

#### 15. 税項

		二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
The charge comprises:	税項支出包括:		
Company and subsidiaries Hong Kong Profits Tax — overprovision in prior year PRC Enterprises Income Tax	本公司及附屬公司 香港利得税 一 前年度超額提撥 中國企業所得税	 (830)	53 (8,315)
Deferred taxation (note 43)	遞延税項(附註43)	(830) (88,449)	(8,262) (26,575)
Taxation attributable to the Company and its subsidiaries	本公司及附屬公司 所屬税項	(89,279)	(34,837)

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **15**. **TAXATION** (Continued)

No tax is payable on the profit for the year arising in Hong Kong since the assessable profit is wholly absorbed by tax losses brought forward. The tax losses carried forward amounts to approximately HK\$83,394,000 (2004: HK\$106,030,000).

The taxation charge of the PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the year has been made based on the Group's estimated assessable profits calculated in accordance with the relevant income tax laws applicable to the subsidiaries in the PRC.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated income statement as follows:

#### 15. 税項(續)

由於應課税溢利已由承前税項虧 損全數抵銷,故毋須就香港產生 之年內溢利繳付税項。承前税項 虧損約為83,394,000港元(二零零 四年:106,030,000港元)。

本年度之中國企業所得税乃本集 團於中國之附屬公司及聯營公司 以本集團估計的應課税溢利按適 用的所得税法例計算所得之税項 支出。

年內税項支出可與綜合收入報表 中除税前溢利對賬如下:

2004

2005

		二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	818,445	451,121
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax of 17.5% Tax effect of expense not	按香港利得税税率 17.5%計算的税項 就税務用途不得扣減	(143,228)	(78,946)
deductible for tax purpose  Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	開支的税務影響 就税務用途毋須應課税 收入的税務影響	(5,605) 75,872	(2,534) 40,777
Tax effect on share of results of associates Tax effect of deferred tax losses	攤佔聯營公司業績 的税務影響 未確認遞級稅項虧損	14,391	15,574
not recognised  Tax effect on different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdiction	的税務影響 其他司法權區經營 的附屬公司 不同税率的税務影響	(1,411)	(910) (16,524)
Utilisation of tax loss previously not recognised Others	扣除過往並未確認 的稅務虧損 其他	5,311 (224)	7,886 (160)
Tax charge for the year	年內税項支出	(89,279)	(34,837)

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 16. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

#### 16. 年內溢利

2004

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:	年內溢利已扣除:		
Auditors' remuneration Depreciation Repairs and maintenance fund expensed relating to the Group's investment	核數師酬金 折舊 本集團於中國 之投資物業維修	1,542 7,159	1,000 5,668
properties in the PRC <i>(note 30)</i> Loss on redemption of convertible bonds	保養支出 (附註30) 贖回可換股債券產生	1,371	1,371
Operating lease rentals in respect of	之虧損 土地及樓宇之營運	_	632
land and buildings Staff cost including directors' remuneration set out in note 13 and the retirement benefit costs of HK\$2,906,000 (2004: HK\$1,669,000)	租約租金 員工費用包括附註13所 示董事酬金及退休福 利成本2,906,000港元 (二零零四年:	3,641	3,336
Realised losses on disposal of	1,669,000港元) 出售其他投資產生之	64,400	53,492
other investments	已變現虧損 難佔聯營公司税項(包括	_	8,204
Share of tax of associates (included in share of results of associates)  Loss on disposal of property,	選佔聯營公司業績) 出售物業、廠房及設備	4,745	257
plant and equipment	產生之虧損	100	_
and after crediting:	並已計入:		
Rental income under operating leases, less outgoings of HK\$3,816,000 (2004: HK\$2,549,000)	營運租約之租金收入, 扣除開支3,816,000港元 (二零零四年:		
Realised gains on disposal of	2,549,000港元) 出售持作買賣投資產生之	72,530	72,455
held-for-trading investments	已變現收益	20,916	_

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

### 17. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the parent is based on the following data:

母公司普通股股本持有人應佔的 每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據下列 數據計算所得:

2004

2005

	二零零五年 二零零 HK\$'000 HK\$ 千港元 千; (resta	′000 港元 ited)
Earnings Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings per share (profit for the year attributable  盈利之盈	F股基本 1利(本公司	
to equity holders of the Company) 股本持有年人	「人應佔  ) <b>724,054</b> 403,	,660
of convertible notes: 攤薄股份	7 = 97 =	
— gain on convertible note at fair — 於損益 value through profit or loss - 處理的 之東名	<b>为可換股票據</b>	
— finance costs — 財務費」 — deferred tax — 遞延税」	<b>24,829</b> 2,	,801 (220)
Earnings for the purpose of diluted earnings 用以計算每 per share 之盈利	F股攤薄盈利 <b>547,027</b> 406,	,241

#### Number of shares 股份數目

		2005 二零零五年 (in thousand) (千股)	2004 二零零四年 (in thousand) (千股)
Number of shares Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares from	股份數目 用以計算每股基本盈利 之加權平均股份數目 潛在攤薄普通股之影響:	1,743,817	1,553,591
<ul><li>— convertible notes</li><li>— share options</li></ul>	— 可換股票據 — 購股權	338,814 23,338	35,808 47,761
Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	用以計算每股攤薄盈利 之加權平均股份數目	2,105,969	1,637,160

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 17. EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

### 17. 每股盈利(續)

Impact of changes in accounting policies:

會計政策變動影響:

		Impact on basic earnings per share 對每股基本盈利之影響		earnings	n diluted per share 盈利之影響
			2004 二零零四年		
		HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Figures before adjustments Adjustments arising from changes	調整前數字會計政策變動	21.1	26.1	18.1	24.8
in accounting policies	產生之調整	20.4	(0.1)	7.9	
As reported/restated	經呈報/重列	41.5	26.0	26.0	24.8

#### 18. DIVIDEND

4	0		П.	л	白	
	Ю		n	又	沤	

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Final dividend of HK 6 cents (2004: HK 5 cents) per share, proposed	建議派付末期股息 每股6港仙 (二零零四年:5港仙)	101,323	87,934

The final dividend of HK 6 cents (2004: HK5 cents) per share has been proposed by the directors and is subject to approval by the shareholders in general meeting.

董事建議派付每股6港仙末期股息 (二零零四年:5港仙),須待股東 在股東大會上批准。

#### 19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

#### 19. 投資物業

THE	GR	OUP
本	集	團

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$′000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
VALUATION	估值		
At the beginning of the year	於年初	1,935,559	1,897,520
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	31,630	_
Disposals	出售	(10,491)	(30,495)
Increase in fair value during the year	年內之公平值增加	148,687	68,534
At the end of the year	於年末	2,105,385	1,935,559

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

At 31 December 2005, the legal titles of Group's investment properties at carrying value of HK\$15,147,000 (2004: HK\$14,516,000) situated in the PRC have not been passed to the Group.

At the balance sheet date, the carrying value of the investment properties comprises:

#### 19. 投資物業(續)

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本集團位於中國賬面值為 15,147,000港元(二零零四年: 14,516,000港元)之投資物業之產權尚未過戶予本集團。

於結算日,投資物業之賬面值包 括:

	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Held under long term leases/land 以長期租約/土地 used rights: 使用權形式持有: — situated in Hong Kong — 位於香港 — 位於中國	48,000 51,252	54,800 169,213
	99,252	224,013
Held under medium term leases/land 以中期租約/土地 use rights: 使用權形式持有: — situated in Hong Kong — 位於香港 — 位於中國	52,890 1,953,243	48,610 1,662,936
	2,006,133	1,711,546
	2,105,385	1,935,559

All the investment properties are held for rental income under operating leases.

The professional valuations of the investment properties of the Group at 31 December 2005 were carried out by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited, an independent property valuer, on an open market value basis. The valuation which conforms to International Valuation Standards, was carried at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

All the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties. As at 31 December 2005, the carrying amount of such property interests amounted to HK\$2,105,385,000 (2004: HK\$1,935,559,000).

所有投資物業均以營運租約持有 作收租用途。

所有本集團以營運租約持有作收租或資本增值用途的物業權益均以公平值模式計量,並入賬列作投資物業。於二零零五年十二月三十一日,該等物業權益的賬面值為2,105,385,000港元(二零四年:1,935,559,000港元)。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 20. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 20. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公室 設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST OR VALUATION At 1 January 2004 Additions Disposals Revaluation	成本或估值 於二零零四年一月一日 添置 出售 重估	75,443 2,423 (2,400) 21,695	4,662 — (254) —	4,149 272 —	7,178 668 (25)	11,967 2,332 (2,356)	103,399 5,695 (5,035) 21,695
At 31 December 2004  Exchange adjustments Additions Disposals Revaluation	於二零零四年 十二月三十一日 匯兑調整 添置 出售 重估	97,161 — 48 — 11,270	4,408 — 361 —	4,421 44 530 (39)	7,821 135 975 (124)	11,943 179 3,808 (1,624)	125,754 358 5,722 (1,787) 11,270
At 31 December 2005	於二零零五年 十二月三十一日	108,479	4,769	4,956	8,807	14,306	141,317
Comprising: At cost At professional valuation — 2005	包括: 按成本 按二零零五年之 專業估值	108,479	4,769 —	4,956 —	8,807 —	14,306 —	32,838 108,479
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2004 Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals Eliminated on revaluation	折舊 於二零零四年一月一日 年度準備 出售時撤銷 重估時撤銷	2,452 (12) (2,440)	2,163 608 (98)	2,843 480 —	3,373 1,083 (25)	6,862 1,045 (2,120)	15,241 5,668 (2,255) (2,440)
At 31 December 2004  Exchange adjustments Provided for the year Eliminated on disposals Eliminated on revaluation	於二零零四年 十二月三十一日 匯兑調整 年度準備 出售時撤銷 重估時撤銷	 3,342  (3,342)	2,673 — 672 —	3,323 32 535 (36)	4,431 70 1,163 (87)	5,787 75 1,447 (1,108)	16,214 177 7,159 (1,231) (3,342)
At 31 December 2005	於二零零五年 十二月三十一日	_	3,345	3,854	5,577	6,201	18,977
NET BOOK VALUES At 31 December 2005	<b>賬面淨值</b> 於二零零五年 十二月三十一日	108,479	1,424	1,102	3,230	8,105	122,340
At 31 December 2004	於二零零四年 十二月三十一日	97,161	1,735	1,098	3,390	6,156	109,540

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 20. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

At 31 December 2005, the legal titles of the Group's properties at carrying value of HK\$21,424,000 (2004: HK\$20,531,000) situated in the PRC have not been passed to the Group.

The carrying value of the leasehold properties comprises:

#### 20. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本集團位於中國賬面值為 21,424,000港元(二零零四年: 20,531,000港元)之物業之產權尚 未過戶予本集團。

租賃物業之賬面值包括:

	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Long term leasehold properties situated in Hong Kong 租賃物業 Properties under long term land use rights situated in the PRC 位於中國的長期 土地使用權物業	82,350 229	72,200
Properties under medium term land use rights 位於中國的中期 situated in the PRC 土地使用權物業	25,900	24,737
	108,479	97,161

The professional valuations of the leasehold properties of the Group at 31 December 2005 were carried out by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited and A-Plus Surveyors Limited, independent property valuers, on an open market value basis. The valuation which conforms to International Valuation Standards, was carried at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

Certain leasehold interest cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the leasehold interest in land continue to be accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

If leasehold properties had not been revalued, they would have been included on a historical cost basis at the following amounts: 若干租賃權益無法可靠分配至土 地及樓宇部分,則土地之租賃權 益將繼續入賬列作物業、廠房及 設備。

倘租賃物業未予重估・則該等物 業會以歷史成本法按下列款額入 賬:

<u> </u>		#K\$7000 千港元
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	成本 累積折舊及減值虧損	106,721
impairment losses		(43,429)
Net book value at 31 December 2005	於二零零五年十二月三十一日之賬面淨值	63,292
Net book value at 31 December 2004	於二零零四年十二月三十一日之賬面淨值	66,574

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 21. GOODWILL

#### 21. 商譽

		HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本	
At 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	於二零零四年一月一日及 二零零四年十二月三十一日	55,874
Elimination of accumulated amortisation upon the adoption of HKFRS 3 (see note 2)	於採納香港財務報告準則第3號時 撇銷累積攤銷(見附註2)	(22,349)
At 1 January 2005 and 31 December 2005	於二零零五年一月一日及 二零零五年十二月三十一日	33,525
AMORTISATION		
At 1 January 2004	於二零零四年一月一日	16,762
Amortisation for the year	年度攤銷	5,587
At 31 December 2004 Elimination of accumulated amortisation	於二零零四年十二月三十一日 於採納香港財務報告準則第3號	22,349
upon the adoption of HKFRS 3 (see note 2)	時撇銷累積攤銷(見附註2)	(22,349)
At 1 January 2005 and 31 December 2005	於二零零五年一月一日及 二零零五年十二月三十一日	_
NET BOOK VALUE	—————————————— 賬面淨值	
At 31 December 2004 and	於二零零四年十二月三十一日及	
31 December 2005	二零零五年十二月三十一日	33,525

Until 31 December 2004, goodwill arising on acquisition of subsidiaries had been amortised over the estimated useful life of 10 years.

As explained in Note 7, the Group uses business segments as its primary segment for reporting segment information. For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill set out above has been allocated to an individual cash generating unit (CGU) which is in property management segment.

During the year ended 31 December 2005, management of the Group determines that there is no impairment of its CGU containing goodwill with intangible useful lives.

The recoverable amount of this unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period based on estimated growth rate of 10% and the further five years with zero growth rate, with the discount rate of 8.25%. Another key assumption for the value in use calculations is the budgeted revenue and gross margin, which is determined based on the unit's past performance and management's expectations for the market development.

直至二零零四年十二月三十一日 為止,收購附屬公司產生之商譽 按可使用年期10年攤銷。

誠如附註7所闡釋,本集團採用業務分類作為呈報分類資料之基本分類。就減值檢測而言,上文所載之商譽已獲分配至物業管理分類之個別現金產生單位(現金產生單位)。

於截至二零零五年十二月三十一 日止年度內,本集團管理層確定 其任何含有具不確定可使用年期 商譽之現金產生單位均無出現減 值。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 22. NEGATIVE GOODWILL

#### 22. 負商譽

. <u></u>		#K\$'000 千港元
GROSS AMOUNT	毛額	
At 1 January 2004 and 31 December 2004	於二零零四年一月一日及 二零零四年十二月三十一日	74,220
RELEASED TO INCOME	回撥至收入	
At 1 January 2005	於二零零五年一月一日	11,133
Released in the year	年度回撥 年度回撥	3,711
		14,844
At 31 December 2004	於二零零四年十二月三十一日	59,376
Derecognised and adjusted to retained profits	於應用香港財務報告準則第3號	
upon the application of HKFRS 3	時不再確認及對保留溢利作出調整	
(see note 3)	(見附註3)	(59,376)
At 1 January 2005	於二零零五年一月一日	_

As explained in note 3, all negative goodwill arising on acquisitions prior to 1 January 2005 was derecognised as a result of the application of HKFRS 3.

誠如附註3所闡釋,所有於二零零五年一月一日前因收購所產生之 商譽已因應用香港財務報告準則 第3號而不再確認。

#### 23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

#### 23. 聯營公司權益

	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in associates	923,196 381,081	892,006 344,395
	1,304,277	1,236,401

Particulars of the associates of the Group as at 31 December 2005 are set out in note 53.

有關本集團各聯營公司於二零零 五年十二月三十一日之詳情載於 附註53。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 23. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's significant associates is set out below:

#### 23. 聯營公司權益(續)

有關本集團之主要聯營公司之財 務資料概要載列如下:

		CII Limited 中基建設投資 有限公司			ational imited	北京君 房地產開發	發有限公司
	:	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年: <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 二零零四年: <i>HK\$′000</i> 千港元	2005 二零零五年 HK\$′000 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Consolidated balance sheet Non-current assets	<b>綜合資產負債表</b> 非流動資產	071 270	1 205 400	670.060	670.076	2 122	
Current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	非加斯貝座 流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	871,378 998,720 (69,336) (20,200)	1,285,498 757,616 (313,457) (20,200)	670,060 17 —	670,076 17 — —	2,132 467,065 (315,530)	=
Shareholders' funds Minority interests	股東資金 少數股東權益	1,780,562 (30,481)	1,709,457 (30,234)	670,077 —	670,093 —	153,667 —	
Equity attributable to equity holders of the associate	聯營公司股本 持有人應佔 股本	1,750,081	1,679,223	670,077	670,093	153,667	_
Consolidated income statement	綜合收入報表						
Turnover	營業額	118,274	71,626				
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to equity holders of the associate	聯營公司股本 持有人應佔 年內溢利(虧損)	161,256	175,691	(15)	12	(2,875)	_
Profit (loss) for the year attributable to the Group	本集團應佔年內 溢利(虧損)	80,628	87,846	(8)	6	(650)	

#### 24. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES

#### 24. 應收聯營公司款

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current (note a) Non-current (note b)	流動 (附註a) 非流動 (附註b)	24,025 —	53,818 20,200
Non-current (note c)		206,478	<u> </u>

#### Notes:

- (a) The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (b) The amount is unsecured, interest-free. In the opinion of the directors, the Group will not demand repayment within the next twelve months. Accordingly, it is classified as non-current liability.
- (c) The non-current loans to an associate are unsecured, bear interest ranging from 9.79% to 12.5% per annum and repayable in 2008.

#### 附註:

- (a) 有關金額為無抵押、免息及須 於要求時償還。
- (b) 有關金額為無抵押及免息。董事認為,本集團將不會於未來十二個月內要求償還。因此,有關金額被分類為非流動負債。
- (c) 授予聯營公司之非流動貸款為 抵押、以介乎9.79%至12.5% 年利率計息,並須於二零零八 年償還。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 24. AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES (Continued)

The directors consider the carrying amount approximates their fair value.

#### 25. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES

Investment securities and other investments as at 31 December 2004 are set out below. Upon the application of HKAS 39 on 1 January 2005, investment securities and other investments were reclassified to appropriate categories under HKAS 39:

#### 24. 應收聯營公司款(續)

董事認為,賬面值與其公平值相若。

#### 25. 證券投資

於二零零四年十二月三十一日之 證券投資及其他投資載列如下下。 於二零零五年一月一日應用香港 會計準則第39號後,證券投資 其他投資重新分類為香港會計準 則第39號項下之適當類別:

		Investment securities 證券投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Other investments 其他投資 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 合計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong	於香港上市之權益證券	_	56,127	56,127
Unlisted debt securities	非上市債務證券	1,467	_	1,467
Market value of listed securities	上市證券市值	_	56,127	56,127
Carrying amount analysed for reporting purposes as:	賬面值就呈報用途的 分析為:			
Non-current Current	非流動 流動	1,467 —	— 56,127	1,467 56,127
		1,467	56,127	57,594

#### 26. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

Available-for-sale investments as at 31 December 2005 comprise:

#### 26. 可出售投資

於二零零五年十二月三十一日之 可出售投資包括:

> 2005 二零零五年 *HK\$'000 千港元*

Unlisted investments:	非上市投資:	
Unlisted shares, at cost	非上市股份,按成本	2,070
Club debentures, at cost	會所債券,按成本	1,730
Other debentures, at cost	其他債券,按成本	476
		4,276
Less: Impairment loss recognised	减:已確認減值虧損	(2,070)
Total	合計	2,206

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **26. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

The above unlisted investments represent investments in unlisted equity securities and debentures issued by private entities. They are measured at cost less impairment at each balance sheet date because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

The directors reviewed the carrying amounts of available-forsale investments and identified that they were impaired. Accordingly, an impairment loss of HK\$2,070,000 was recognised in the financial statements to write down the carrying amount of the investments due to substantial loss incurred by the investee company, the directors are in the opinion that the invested amount are not recoverable.

#### 27. INTEREST IN DISTRESSED ASSETS

#### **26.** 可出售投資(續)

上述非上市投資指私人實體發行之非上市股本證券及債券投資的由於合理公平值估計之範圍伍計之範圍在大,本公司董事認為其公平仍然不動。 法可靠地計量,故該等投资各結算日以成本減值計量。

董事檢討可出售投資之賬面值, 並認為該等投資出現減值。因此,由於所投資公司產生收重重之 損,董事認為投資額無法收重的 故已於財務報表內確認減值虧, 2,070,000港元,以撇減投資之 面值。

#### 27. 不良資產權益

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year Effect on adoption of HKAS 39	於年初 採納香港會計準則 第39號之影響	584,362 48,263	_ _
As restated Acquired during the year Partial disposal (note 12) Interest income recognised Realised upon recoveries Cash collected or received from the distressed assets	經重列 年內購入 部分出售(附註12) 已確認利息收入 回收時變現 已收集或收取 不良資產現金	632,625 — — 130,912 — (211,555)	— 803,600 (160,720) — (58,518)
At the end of the year	於年末	551,982	584,362
Carrying amount analysed for reporting purposes: Current assets (receivable within 12 months from the balance sheet date) Non-current assets (receivable after 12 months from the balance sheet date)	賬面值就呈報用途的 分析為: 流動資產(於結算日 起12個月內應收) 非流動資產(於結算日 起12個月後應收)	347,301 204,681	128,335 456,027
		551,982	584,362

Distressed assets represent non-performing loans (the "NPL") purchased by Silver Grant International Assets Management Limited ("SGIAM"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, from China Cinda Asset Management Corporation ("China Cinda"), a holding company of a shareholder of the Company, pursuant to an agreement dated 17 September 2004 entered by both parties at consideration of approximately RMB853,500,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$803,600,000) (the "NPL Agreement"). The aggregate outstanding principal amount (the "gross amount") of the NPL is RMB56,900,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$53,600,000,000).

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 27. INTEREST IN DISTRESSED ASSETS (Continued)

On 10 December 2004, SGIAM entered into an agreement (the "NPL Disposal Agreement") to dispose of 20% interest in the NPL of carrying amount of RMB170,700,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$160,720,000) to CFPI at a consideration of RMB227,600,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$214,497,000).

SGIAM appointed China Cinda to manage the NPL. China Cinda is entitled to a management fee equal to 10% of the gross amount recovered from the NPLs. In the event that more than 2% of the gross amount is recovered from the NPL, China Cinda, in addition to the management fee, will be entitled to an incentive bonus which equals to certain percentage (from 20% to 70%) of the recovered amount in excess of the 2% of the gross amount.

The Company provided guarantee to China Cinda in respect of the performance by SGIAM under the NPL Agreement.

The distressed assets are denominated in Renminbi and the effective interest rate is approximately 20.9% per annum.

At balance sheet date, the fair value of the interest in distressed assets approximates to the carrying amount.

#### 28. DEPOSIT PAID FOR ACQUISITION OF INVESTMENTS

Included in the total deposits is an amount of RMB43,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$41,299,000) paid to acquire 12% of equity interest in Unisources Enterprises Limited, an independent third party, for a consideration of RMB100,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$96,043,000). The acquisition is subject to the fulfillment of certain condition precedents.

The remaining balance of HK\$3,200,000 represents the deposit paid to acquire additional 4.11% equity interest in Beijing East Gate, a subsidiary of the Company, at a consideration of approximately RMB26,559,000 (equivalent to approximately HKD25,295,000).

#### 27. 不良資產權益(續)

於二零零四年十二月十日,銀建資產管理簽訂一項協議(「不履約貸款出售協議」)以人民幣約227,600,000元(相當於約214,497,000港元)代價向CFPI出售賬面值人民幣170,700,000元(相等於約160,720,000港元)之20%不履約貸款權益。

銀建資產管理已委任中國信達管理不履約貸款。中國信達管理不履約貸款。中國信達可知 相等於從不履約貨級不履約從不履約 總額之管理費。倘從不履約貸達 收回超過2%總額,則中國信達除 獲取管理費外,將可獲取獎回 延期等於超出之總額)已收。 額若干百分比(20%至70%)。

於二零零四年十二月三十一日,本公司就銀建資產管理根據不履約貸款收購協議項下銀建資產管理收購不履約貸款的責任向中國信達發出履約擔保。

不良資產以人民幣為單位,並按實際利率約20.9%計息。

於結算日,不良資產權益之公平 值與7其賬面值相若。

#### 28. 已付收購投資之按金

按金總額包括一項為以代價人民幣 100,000,000元 (相等於96,043,000港元)收購Unisources Enterprises Limited(一名獨立第三方)之12%股本權益而已付之按金人民幣 43,000,000(相等於41,299,000港元)。收購須待達成若干先決條件後,方可作實。

餘額3,200,000港元為以代價約人民幣26,559,000元(相等於25,295,000港元)收購本公司之附屬公司北京東環之額外4.11%股本權益而已付之按金。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 29. DEPOSIT PAID FOR ACQUISITION OF DISTRESSED ASSETS

On 22 November 2005, Platinum One Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with the Huarong Asset Management Corporation to purchase a non-performing loans ("NPL") portfolio (the "NPL Portfolio") at a consideration of approximately, RMB546,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$527,446,000). The aggregate outstanding principal (including the booked interest of approximately RMB3,430,000,000) of the NPL amounted to approximately RMB36,440,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$35,040,000,000).

As at the balance sheet date, the Group had paid approximately RMB546,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$527,446,000) to Huarong Asset Management Corporation for the acquisition of the NPL Portfolio. Pursuant to the conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 23 November 2005, entered into between the Company and CFPI, the Company conditionally agreed to sell and CFPI conditionally agreed to purchase 50% of interest in the Platinum One Limited. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, pursuant to the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 5 January 2006, the Company has disposed of 50% of its interest in Platinum One Limited to CFPI at cost. As a result, 50% of the deposits amounting to approximately HKD263,723,000 was classified as assets held for sale. The directors consider that the carrying values of assets held for sale at the balance sheet date approximate their fair values.

#### 30. OTHER ASSET

The other asset is a lump sum payment for repairs and maintenance fund made for the future repair and maintenance of the general areas of one of the Group's investment properties in the PRC. The amount is amortised over its estimated useful life of 10 years.

#### 29. 已付收購不良資產之按金

於二零零五年十一月二十二日,本公司之全資附屬公司PlatinumOne Limited與中國華融代價至計算之協議,以按相等產人於646,000,000港元)購入(「不履約貸款(「不履約貸款」)組合(「不履約貸款不履約貸款人)。不履和負款人人的資證本金總額(包括利息)的表數3,430,000,000港元。

於結算日,本集團向中國華融資 產管理公司支付約人民幣 546,000,000元 ( 相 等 於 527,446,000港元),以收購不履 約貸款組合。根據本公司與CFPI於 二零零五年十一月二十三日訂立 之有條件買賣協議,本公司有條 件同意出售而CFPI有條件同意購買 Platinum One Limited之50%權 益。於結算日後,根據本公司於 二零零六年一月五日舉行之股東 特別大會,本公司已按成本向CFPI 出售其於Platinum One Limited之 50%權益。因此,按金中50%為 數 約263,723,000港元已分類為持 作出售資產。董事認為,持作出 售資產於結算日之賬面值與其公 平值相若。

#### 30. 其他資產

其他資產是維修及保養基金之一次整筆付款,為本集團於中國其中一項投資物業作公用地方之將來維修及保養用途。有關款項依據估計可使用年期分十年攤銷。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 31. STOCK OF PROPERTIES

The amount comprises the cost incurred for the development of certain property projects in the PRC, including the payment in respect of compensation for resettlement and use of land in relation to the property development project. For the year ended 31 December 2004, the interest capitalised in the properties under development amounted to approximately HK\$5,309,000. In the opinion of the directors, the properties under development as at 31 December 2005 will be completed, ready for sales and can be recovered within one year from the balance sheet date.

#### → /// +L -T :

31.

物業存貨

#### 32. LOAN RECEIVABLES

#### 32. 應收貸款

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fixed-rate loan receivables	定息應收貸款	144,216	112,150
Carrying amount analysed for reporting purposes:  Current assets (receivable within	賬面值就呈報用途的 分析為: 流動資產(於結算日		
12 months from the balance sheet of	date) 起12個月內應收)	144,216	112,150

The loan receivables as at 31 December 2005 represented two loan receivables of RMB130,492,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$124,278,000) and RMB20,935,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$19,938,000) respectively of which the effective interest rates are 8% and 15.58% per annum respectively.

The loan receivables as at 31 December 2004 represented advance of a loan of RMB120,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$112,150,000) of which the effective interest rate is 8% per annum.

As at 31 December 2005 and 31 December 2004, the fair values of the loan receivables were approximately the same as the respective carrying amounts.

於二零零五年十二月三十一日之應收貸款指兩筆分別為人民幣130,492,000元(相等於約124,278,000港元)及人民幣20,935,000元(相等於約19,938,000港元),該等應收貸款之實際年利率分別為8%及15.58%。

於二零零四年十二月三十一日之應收貸款指一筆為數人民幣120,000,000元(相等於約112,150,000港元)之貸款,該筆貸款之實際年利率為8%。

於二零零五年十二月三十一日及 二零零四年十二月三十一日,應 收貸款之公平值與各自之賬面值 相若。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 33. HELD-FOR-TRADING INVESTMENTS

#### 33. 持作買賣投資

Held-for-trading investments as at 31 December 2005 include:

於二零零五年十二月三十一日之 持作買賣投資包括:

HK\$'000 千港元

Listed securities:

上市證券:

— Equity securities listed in Hong Kong

一於香港上市之權益證券

364,030

The fair values of the above held-for-trading investments are determined based on the quoted market bid prices available on the Stock Exchange.

上述持作買賣投資之公平值乃聯交所所報之市場出價釐定。

#### 34. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to its trade customers.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables at the balance sheet date:

#### 34. 應收賬款

本集團給予貿易客戶平均三十天 信用期。

下述是應收賬款於結算日之賬齡分析:

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days 31 to 90 days Over 90 days	零至三十日 三十一日至九十日 超過九十日	933 1,021 2,446	9,061 818 6,487
		4,400	16,366

The directors consider that the carrying amount of trade receivables approximates their fair value.

董事認為,應收賬款之賬面值與 其公平值相若。

#### 35. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The directors consider that the carrying amount of deposits, and other receivables approximates their fair value.

#### 35. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款

董事認為,按金及其他應收款之 賬面值與其公平值相若。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 36. RESTRICTED BANK BALANCE

The amount represents the bank balance kept in a bank account under the name of China Cinda in the PRC for the purpose of dealing with the funds recovered from the distressed assets. The bank account is jointly controlled by SGIAM and China Cinda that a mutual consent has to be obtained from SGIAM and China Cinda for the withdrawal of fund in the bank account. The restricted bank balance carries interest at prevailing market rate and with original maturity of three months or less. The directors consider the carrying amount of restricted balance approximates its fair value.

#### 37. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At 31 December 2005, the Group has pledged certain investment properties and leasehold properties which have an aggregate carrying value at the balance sheet date of approximately HK\$1,855,100,000 (2004: HK\$1,674,300,000) and HK\$78,900,000 (2004: HK\$68,900,000) respectively to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group.

At 31 December 2004, the Group pledged a fixed deposit of HK\$1,700,000 carried interest at prevailing market rate to a bank in respect of the credit facilities granted by this bank to the Company.

#### 38. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash comprise cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less at prevailing market rate. The directors consider that the carrying amount of these assets approximate their fair value.

#### 36. 監管戶口結餘

#### 37. 資產抵押

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本集團已將若干於結算日賬面總額分別1,855,100,000港元(二零零四年:1,674,300,000港元)及78,900,000港元(二零零四年:68,900,000港元)之投資物業及租賃物業抵押作為本集團所獲取一般性銀行融資之條件。

於二零零五年十二月三十一日,本集團已將1,700,000港元定期存款(按現行市場利率計息)抵押作為該銀行向本公司授出相關信貸額度。

#### 38. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金包括本集團所持 現金及原到期日為三個月或以下 按現行市場利率計息之短期銀行 存款。董事認為,該等資產之賬 面值與其公平值相若。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 39. **SHARE CAPITAL**

#### 股本 39.

		Number of shares 股份數目		Nominal value 票面值		
		2005 二零零五年 In thousand 千股	2004 二零零四年	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.20 each	每股面值0.20港元 之普通股					
Authorised At the beginning of the year Increase on 2 November 2004	<i>法定股本</i> 於年初 於二零零四年 十一月二日	4,000,000	2,000,000	800,000	400,000	
	增加	_	2,000,000	_	400,000	
At the end of the year	於年末	4,000,000	4,000,000	800,000	800,000	
Issued and fully paid At the beginning of the year Issue of new shares on 27 January 2004 (note a)	已發行及繳足股本 於年初 於二零零四年 一月二十七日 發行的新股份	1,758,672	1,312,222	351,734	262,444	
Issue of new shares on 24 November 2004 (note b)	(附註a) 於二零零四年 十一月二十四日 發行的新股份 (附註b)	_	165,000 169,450		33,000 33,890	
Exercise of share options Shares repurchased (note c)	行使購股權 回購股份 <i>(附註c)</i>	(69,962)	112,000	(13,992)	22,400	
At the end of the year	於年末	1,688,710	1,758,672	337,742	351,734	

Notes:

(a) On 14 January 2004, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with Catic Limited, a shareholder of the Company, pursuant to which Catic Limited has conditionally agreed to subscribe for 165,000,000 new shares of the Company of HK\$0.20 each at subscription price of HK\$2.00 per share, representing a discount of 7.0% to the closing market price of the Company's shares on 13 January 2004. The proceeds have been used for the acquisition of non-performing loans by SGIAM from China Cinda. The new shares were issued under the general mandate granted to the directors at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 27 May 2003 and rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

#### 附註:

於二零零四年一月十四日,本 (a) 公司與Catic Limited(為本公司 的股東)簽訂一項認購協議, 據此Catic Limited有條件同意 認購165,000,000股本公司每 股面值0.20港元的新股份,認 購價為每股2.00港元,較二零 零四年一月十三日本公司股份 的收市價折讓7.0%。所得款項 已用作由銀建資產管理從中國 信達收購不履約貸款。該等新 股份為根據二零零三年五月二 十七日舉行的本公司股東週年 大會內授予董事的一般授權發 行並且在各方面與現有的股份 享有相同權利。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **39. SHARE CAPITAL** (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (b) On 5 November 2004, the Company entered into a subscription agreement with CGML, pursuant to which CGML has conditionally agreed to subscribe for 169,450,000 new shares of the Company of HK\$0.20 each at a subscription price of HK\$2.63 per share, representing a discount of 19.7% to the closing market price of the Company's shares on 3 November 2004. The proceeds have been used for investment in non-performing loans and general working capital purpose.
- (c) During the year, the Company repurchased its own shares on the Stock Exchange as follows:

#### 39. 股本(續)

附註:(續)

- (b) 於二零零四年十一月五日,本公司與花旗集團簽訂一項認購協議,據此花旗集團有條件同意認購169,450,000股本公司面值0.20港元的新股份,認購價為每股2.63港元,較二零零四年十一月三日本公司股份的收市價折讓19.7%。所得款項將投資於不履約貸款及為一般營運資金用途。
- (c) 年內,本公司於聯交所回購其 本身股份如下:

Month of		Number of ordinary shares HK\$0.20 each	Price pe 每股	er share co 價格	paid
repurchase 回購月份		每股面值 <b>0.20</b> 港元 之普通股數目	Highest 最高	Lowest 最低	已付代價 總額
		in thousand 千股	HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元	HK\$'000 千港元
June 2005 (note 1) December 2005	二零零五年六月 <i>(附註1)</i> 二零零五年十二月	27,006	2,785	2,082	66,240
(note 2)	(附註2)	42,956	2.350	2.220	99,061
		69,962			165,301

#### Notes:

- The above shares were repurchased and cancelled during the year.
- 2. The above shares were repurchased in December 2005 and cancelled in January 2006.

None of the Company's subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### 附註:

- 1. 上述股份已於年內被回 購及註銷。
- 2. 上述股份已於二零零五 年十二月被回購,並於 二零零六年一月被註 銷。

本公司附屬公司概無於年內購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上 市證券。

#### **40. SHARE OPTIONS**

On 27 May 2002, the shareholders of the Company approved the termination (to the effect that no further options shall be offered) of the share option scheme adopted by the Company on 26 June 1995 (the "Old Scheme") and the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") with effect from 27 May 2002. The Old Scheme and the New Scheme were adopted for the primary purpose of giving incentives to the directors and eligible employees of the Group.

#### 40. 購股權

二零零二年五月二十七日,不得 司股東批准終止(其作用為一 授出其他購股權)本公納自 五年六月二十十二十一 計劃(「舊計劃」), 年五月二十七日 計劃(「新計劃」)。 新計劃 新計畫要目 新計 董事及合資格僱員。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **40. SHARE OPTIONS** (Continued)

According to the Old Scheme, the board of directors of the Company were authorised, at any time within ten years after the adoption date, to grant options to any directors or employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price not less than 80 per cent. of the average of closing prices of the Company's shares on the five trading days immediately preceding the offer date of the options or the nominal value of the Company's shares, whichever is higher. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Old Scheme cannot exceed 10 per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

According to the New Scheme, the board of directors of the Company are authorised, at any time within ten years after the adoption date, to grant options to any directors or employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries to subscribe for shares in the Company at a price not less than the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant, the average closing prices of the Company's shares on the five trading days immediately preceding the offer date of the options or the nominal value of the Company's shares, whichever is higher. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the New Scheme cannot exceed 30 per cent. of the aggregate nominal amount of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

At 31 December 2005, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Old Scheme and the New Scheme, representing 1.3% and 0.6% (2004: 1.3% and 0.6%), respectively, of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

No consideration was paid for the share options granted. Upon the exercise of the share options, the resulting shares issued are recorded by the Company as additional share capital at the nominal value of the shares, and the excess of the exercise price per share over the nominal value of the shares is recorded in the share premium account.

There is no financial impact on the results of the Group in current and prior years upon application of HKFRS 2 as all the option were granted and vested before 7 November 2002.

#### 40. 購股權(續)

於二零零五年十二月三十一日, 根據舊計劃及新計劃已授出但尚 未行使之購股權可認購之股份數 目,分別佔當日本公司已發行股 份之1.3%及0.6%(二零零四年: 1.3%及0.6%)。

因所有購股權是於二零零二年十一月七日前授出及歸屬,故應用香港財務報告準則第2號對本集團本年度及上年年度之業績概無構成財務影響。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **40. SHARE OPTIONS** (Continued)

40. 購股權(續)

Movements during the year of share options under the Old Scheme and the New Scheme are set out below:

年內根據舊計劃及新計劃授出之 購股權之變動載列如下:

#### Number of share options 購股權數目

						Outstanding at 31.12.2004
		Outstanding	Granted	Exercised	Lapsed	and 31.12.2005
		at	during	during	during	於二零零四年
		1.1.2004	2004	2004	2004	十二月三十一日
Subscription		於二零零四	於二零零四年	於二零零四年	於二零零四年	及二零零五年
price per share	Exercisable period	年一月一日	授出	行使	失效	十二月三十一日
每股認購價	可予行使期間	之尚餘數目	之數目	之數目	之數目	之尚餘數目
HK\$						
港元						
Old Scheme						
舊計劃 0.967	9.1.1997 — 8.1.2007	20 000 000		(15 000 000)		15 000 000
0.900	27.7.1999 — 26.7.2009	30,000,000 20,000,000	_	(15,000,000) (16,000,000)	(2,000,000)	15,000,000
0.535	25.7.2001 — 24.7.2011	26,000,000	_	(21,000,000)	(2,000,000)	2,000,000 5,000,000
0.555	25.7.2001 — 24.7.2011	20,000,000		(21,000,000)		3,000,000
		76,000,000	_	(52,000,000)	(2,000,000)	22,000,000
New Scheme 新計劃						
0.700	7.6.2002 — 6.6.2012	70,000,000	_	(60,000,000)	_	10,000,000
		146,000,000	_	(112,000,000)	(2,000,000)	32,000,000

The market price of the Company's shares at date of exercise of share options during the year ended 31 December 2004 ranged between HK\$2.45 and HK\$3.95.

於截至二零零四年十二月三十一日止年度,購股權獲行使當日的本公司股份收市價介乎2.45港元至3.95港元。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **40. SHARE OPTIONS** (Continued)

#### 40. 購股權(續)

Movements during the year of share options held by the directors included in the above tables are as follows:

上表所包括年內董事所持購股權之變動如下:

#### Number of share options

n##		Jette	ᆂ	
땲	N/L	ᄍᄱ	飘	-
淵井	ממ	作生	퐀	

Subscription price per share 每股認購價	Exercisable period 可予行使期間	Outstanding as at 1.1.2005 於二零零五年 一月一日之 尚餘數目	Granted during the year 年內授出 之數目	Exercised during the year 年內行使 之數目	Lapsed during the year 年內失效 之數目	Outstanding as at 31.12.2005 於二零零五年 十二月三十一日 之尚餘數目
HK\$ 港元						
Old Scheme 舊計劃						
0.967	9.1.1997 — 8.1.2007	15,000,000	_	_	_	15,000,000
0.900	27.7.1999 — 26.7.2009	2,000,000	_	_	_	2,000,000
0.535	25.7.2001 — 24.7.2011	2,000,000	_	_	_	2,000,000
New Scheme		19,000,000	_	_	_	19,000,000
新計劃						
0.700	7.6.2002 — 6.6.2012	10,000,000	_	_	_	10,000,000
		29,000,000	_	_	_	29,000,000

#### Number of share options

Lapsed

Outstanding

購股權數目	
Exercised	

Subscription price per share 每股認購價	Exercisable period 可予行使期間	as at 1.1.2004 於二零零四年 一月一日之 尚餘數目	during the year 年內授出 之數目	during the year 年內行使 之數目	during the year 年內失效 之數目	as at 31.12.2004 於2004年 十二月三十一日 之尚餘數目
	引引队剂间	円 55 女 日		人 奴 日		人 问 阶 数 日
HK\$ 港元						
Old Scheme						
舊計劃	0.4.4007 0.4.2007	45.000.000				45.000.000
0.967	9.1.1997 — 8.1.2007	15,000,000	_	_	_	15,000,000
0.900	27.7.1999 — 26.7.2009	4,000,000	_	(2,000,000)	_	2,000,000
0.535	25.7.2001 — 24.7.2011	5,000,000	_	(3,000,000)	_	2,000,000
		24,000,000	_	(5,000,000)	_	19,000,000
New Scheme 新計劃						
0.700	7.6.2002 — 6.6.2012	15,000,000	_	(5,000,000)	_	10,000,000
		39,000,000	_	(10,000,000)	_	29,000,000

Granted

Outstanding

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 40. **SHARE OPTIONS** (Continued)

The market price of the Company's shares at the date of exercise of share options during the year ended 31 December 2004 was HK\$2.73.

#### 購股權(續) 40.

於截至二零零四年十二月三十一 日止年度,購股權獲行使當日的 本公司股份收市價為2.73港元。

#### 41. **BANK OVERDRAFT/BORROWINGS**

#### 41. 銀行透支/借貸

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Bank overdraft — secured Bank loans — secured	銀行透支 一 有抵押 銀行貸款 一 有抵押	79,241 579,478	
		658,719	588,639
Carrying amount repayable: On demand or within one year More than one year, but not exceeding two years More than two years but not more than	應償還之賬面值: 應要求或一年內 一年以上但不超過 二年 二年以上但不超過	651,819	580,589 1,150
five years More than five years	五年 五年以上	3,450 2,300	3,450 3,450
Less: Amounts due within one year shown under current liabilities	減:一年內到期並列為 流動負債之金額	658,719	588,639
<ul><li>— Borrowings</li><li>— Bank overdraft</li></ul>	<ul><li>一 借貸</li><li>一 銀行透支</li></ul>	(572,578) (79,241)	(580,589) —
		6,900	8,050

The bank loans are secured by certain investment properties, leasehold properties and pledged bank deposits (see note 37).

Bank loans of HK\$87,291,000 (2004: HK\$9,200,000) are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and arranged at floating rate of prime rate minus 1.5% (2004: prime rate minus 1.0%) per annum.

Other bank loans was denominated in RMB and carried at fixed interest rate at 5.58% (2004: at 5.31%) per annum.

The directors consider the carrying amounts of the Group's bank loans within one year approximate their fair values and estimate the difference between carrying amount and fair value of bank loans due after one year is insignificant.

銀行貸款以若干投資物業及已抵 押銀行存款(見附註37)作抵押。

銀行貸款87,291,000港元(二零零 四年:9,200,000港元)以港元列 值,並按最優惠年利率減1.5%(二 零零四年:最優惠年利率減1.0%) 之浮動利率安排。

其他銀行貸款以人民幣列值,並 以5.58%(二零零四年:5.31%)之 固定利率計息。

董事認為,本集團於一年內之銀 行貸款之賬面值與其公平值相 若,並估計於一年後到期之銀行 貸款之賬面值與其公平值分別不 大。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 42. CONVERTIBLE NOTE

#### 42. 可換股票據

## (a) Convertible note at fair value through profit or loss

#### (a) 於損益表按公平值處理的 可換股票據

		notes 附註	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Convertible note at fair value through profit or loss Convertible note	於損益表按公平值 處理的可換股票據 可換股票據	(a) (b)	437,280 428,836	400,289 416,835
Less: Amount due within one year shown under current liabilities			866,116 (428,836)	817,124 —
			437,280	817,124

On 24 November 2004, the Company issued a convertible note to Citigroup Global Markets Limited ("CGML") in the principal amount of US\$52,500,000 in accordance with a subscription agreement dated 5 November 2004 entered into between the Company and CGML. The interest rate is 1.5% per annum and payable semi-annually in arrears. The Company shall repay the principal amount outstanding under the convertible note to the noteholder together with all interest accrued on the fifth anniversary of the date of the issue of the convertible note. The conversion price is HK\$2.95 per share which is subject to adjustment for, among other matters, subdivision or consolidation of shares, bonus issues, capital reduction, rights issues and other events which have diluting effects on the issued share capital of the Company. The noteholder will have the right to convert the whole or part of the principal amount of the convertible note into shares at any time and from time to time, from the date of issue of the convertible note up to the fifth anniversary of the date of issue of the convertible note in an amount not less than US\$100,000 on each conversion, save that if at any time, the principal outstanding amount of the convertible note is less than US\$100,000, the whole (but not part only) of the principal amount of the convertible note may be converted. The number of shares to be issued on conversion of the convertible note will be determined by dividing the principal amount of the convertible note to be converted (translated into Hong Kong dollars at a fixed rate of HK\$7.80 = US\$1.00 (rounded upwards to the nearest cent)) by the conversion price in effect at the date of conversion of the convertible note. The conversion shares to be issued upon conversion shall rank pari passu in all respects with all other existing shares outstanding at the date of the conversion.

於二零零四年十一月二十四 日,本公司根據本公司與 Citigroup Global Markets Limited (「花旗集團」) 於二 零零四年十一月五日簽訂的 一項認購協議向花旗集團發 出一份本金額52,500,000美 元的可換股票據。票據利息 以年利率1.5%計算並須每 半年以下期形式支付。本公 司須於可換股票據發出日期 起計的第五個週年日向票據 持有人償還可換股票據項下 未有贖回的本金額和所有的 應計利息。換股價為每股 2.95港元,並須受到(其一) 包括)股份拆細或合併、發行紅股、縮減股本、供股和 其他對本公司已發行股本具 有攤薄效應的事件的影響作 出調整。票據持有人有權於 可換股票據發出日期起至可 換股票據發出日期後的第五 個週年日止期間內的任何時 間和隨時將可換股票據之本 金額全部或部分轉換股份, 惟每次轉換的金額不可少於 100,000美元,除此以外, 如於任何時間可換股票據的 未 有 贖 回 本 金 額 少 於 100,000美元,則可換股票 據的全部(而並非部分)本金額可予轉換股份。可換股 票據轉換股份時需要發行的 股份數量乃按照可換股票據 需要轉換股份的本金額(以 7.80港元兑1.00美元固定匯 率折成港元(向上計算至最接近的仙))除以於可換股 票據轉換股份當日適用的換 股價得出。因轉換股份而發 行的股份在各方面均與轉換 股份當日所有現有股份享有 相同權利。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 42. CONVERTIBLE NOTE (Continued)

### (a) Convertible note at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

As the functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong Dollar, the conversion option of this convertible note denominated in US Dollar will not result in settlement by the exchange of a fixed amount for fixed number of equity instrument. The entire convertible note was designated as financial liabilities through profit or loss. There was no such redesignation on 31 December 2004 as retrospective application of HKAS 39 is not required.

The movement of the convertible note for the year is set out below:

### 42. 可換股票據(續)

### (a) 於損益表按公平值處理的 可換股票據(續)

本年度可換股票據之變動載 列如下:

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As at 31 December 2005	於二零零五年十二月三十一日	437,280
As at 1 January 2005 Change in fair value during the year	於二零零五年一月一日 年內公平值變動	637,036 (199,756)
As at 31 December 2004 Effect of adoption of HKAS 39	於二零零四年十二月三十一日 採納香港會計準則第39號之影響	400,289 236,747
As at 1 January 2004 Issue of convertible notes Less: Direct issue costs	於二零零四年一月一日 發行可換股票據 減:直接發行成本	— 409,500 (9,211)
		千港元

The convertible notes at fair value through profit or loss is carried at fair value at the balance sheet date. During the year, a gain on change in its fair value of HK\$199,756,000 is recognised in the income statement.

The fair value of the liability component of the convertible notes at fair value through profit or loss at 31 December 2005 was determined based on the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the prevailing market rate for an equivalent non-convertible loan at the balance sheet date. The discount rate as at 31 December 2005 is 7.03% (1 January 2005: 6.24%).

The fair value of the conversion option embedded was calculated using the Binomial model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

於損益表按公平值處理的可換股票據於結算日以公平值入賬。年內,其公平值變動之收益199,756,000港元已於收入報表中確認。

於損益表按公平值處理的可 換股票據之負債部分於二之 零五年十二月三十一不可 於結算日之現行市場 資款於結算日之現行市場利 率貼現之估計未來現金流 釐定。貼現為7.03%(二零 五年一月日 6.24%)。

兑換期權內含之公平值採用 二項模式計算。投入於該模 式之項目如下:

		31 December 2005 二零零五年 十二月三十一日	31 December 2004 二零零四年 十二月三十一日
Stock price Exercise price Expected volatility Expected life	股價	HK\$2.30	HK\$3.90
	行使價	HK\$2.95	HK\$2.95
	預期波幅	52.00%	66.00%
	預期年期	3.9 years	4.9 years
Risk-free rate Expected dividend yield	無風險利率	4.09%	2.65%
	預期股息收益	2.00%	2.00%

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 42. CONVERTIBLE NOTE (Continued)

#### (b) Convertible note

The stock price was the closing price at the respective balance sheet dates while the expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous year.

Because the Binomial model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share price, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

On 23 November 2004, the Company issued a convertible note in the principal amount of HK\$440 million to Catic Limited, a shareholder of the Company, in accordance with a convertible note subscription agreement dated 20 September 2004 entered into between the Company and Catic Limited. The interest rate is 1.5% per annum and payable semi-annually in arrears. The Company shall repay principal amount outstanding under the convertible note to the noteholder together with all interest accrued on the second anniversary of the date of the issue of the convertible note. The conversion price is HK\$2.20 per share, subject to adjustment for, among other matters, subdivision or consolidation of shares, bonus issues, capital reduction, rights issues and other events which have diluting effects on the issued share capital of the Company. The noteholder will have the right to convert the whole or part of the principal amount of the convertible note into shares at any time and from time to time, from the date of issue of the convertible note up to the second anniversary of the issue of the convertible note in amount not less than HK\$30,000,000 on each conversion, save that if at any time, the principal outstanding amount of the convertible note is less than HK\$30,000,000, the whole (but not part only) of the principal amount of the convertible note may be converted. Shares to be issued upon conversion shall rank pari passu in all respects with all other existing shares outstanding at the date of the conversion.

### 42. 可換股票據(續)

#### (b) 可換股票據

股價為於各結算日之收市價,而預期波幅乃透過計算本公司股價於過去一年之歷 史波幅而釐定。

由於二項模式須投入相當主觀之假設(包括股價波幅),故所投入之主觀假設如有所改變,則對公平值估計構成重大影響。

於二零零四年十一月二十三 日,本公司根據一項由本公 司與Catic Limited(為本公 司之股東)於二零零四年九 月二十日簽訂的可換股票據 認購協議授出一份本金額 440,000,000港元的可換股 票據予Catic Limited。票據 利息以年利率1.5%計算並 須每半年以下期形式支付。 本公司須於可換股票據發出 日期起計的第二個週年日向 票據持有人償還可換股票據 項下未有贖回的本金額和所 有的應計利息。換股價為每 股2.20港元,並須受到(其 中包括)股份拆細或合併、 發行紅股、縮減股本、供股 和其他對本公司已發行股本 具有攤薄效應的事件的影響 作出調整。票據持有人有權 於可換股票據發出日期起至 可換股票據發出後的第二個 週年日止期間內的任何時間 和隨時將可換股票據之本金 額全部或部分轉換股份,惟 每次轉換的金額不可少於 30,000,000港元,除此以 外,如於任何時間可換股票 據的未有贖回本金額少於 30,000,000港元,則票據的 全部(而並非部分)本金額 可予轉換股份。因轉換股份 而發行的股份在各方面均與 轉換股份當日所有其他現有 股份享有相同權利。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 42. CONVERTIBLE NOTES (Continued)

### (b) Convertible note (Continued)

The convertible note contains two components, liability and equity elements. Upon the application of HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation (see Note 3 for details), the convertible notes were separated into the liability and equity components, on a retrospective basis. The equity component is presented in equity heading "convertible notes equity reserve". The effective interest rate of the liability component is 4.48% per annum.

The movement of the liability component of the convertible notes for the year is set out below:

### 42. 可換股票據(續)

### (b) 可換股票據(續)

可換股票據含有負債與股本兩部分。於應用香港會計2號《金融工具:披露及呈列》(詳情見附註3)後,可換股票據按追溯基準分拆為負債與股本兩股海與股本部分於股票據股本儲備」呈列。負債部分之實際利率為4.48%。

本年度可換股票據負債部分 之變動載列如下:

	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Liability component at the beginning of the year/on issuance of convertible notes Interest charge 利息支出 Interest paid 已付利息	416,835 18,601 (6,600)	415,576 1,968 (709)
Liability at the end of the year 於年終之負債 Less: Amount due within in one year 減:一年內到期並列為 shown under current liabilities 流動負債之金額	428,836 428,836	416,835 —
	_	416,835

The interest charged for the year was calculated at an effective interest rate of 4.48% per annum to liability component which was determined when the notes were issued.

The directors consider that the carrying amount of convertible note approximates to their fair value.

本年度之利率支出乃按負債部分之實際年利率4.48%計算,該利率乃於發行票據時釐定。

董事認為,可換股票據賬面值與其公平值相若。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 43. DEFERRED TAXATION

### 43. 遞延税項

The followings are the major deferred tax assets (liabilities) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

以下為本年度及以前年度已確認 之主要遞延税項資產(負債)及其 變動:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税務折舊 HK\$'000 干港元	Revaluation of properties 物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible notes 可換股 票據 HK\$'000 千港元	Distressed assets 不良資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Tax losses 税務虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2004, as originally stated Effects of changes in accounting policies	二零零四年一月一日,按原先呈列會計政策變動之影響 (見附註3)	(555)	(35,203)	-	-	11,851	(23,907)
(see Note 3)			(10,073)				(10,073)
At 1 January 2004, as restated Credit (charge) to income	二零零四年一月一日, 經重列 於本年度收入	(555)	(45,276)	-	-	11,851	(33,980)
for the year Charge to equity	計入(扣除) 於本年度權益扣除	500	(1,505)	220	(32,494)	6,704	(26,575)
for the year		_	(18,347)	(4,274)	_	_	(22,621)
At 31 December 2004  Effect of changes in accounting policies	於二零零四年 十二月三十一日 會計政策變動之影響 (見附註3)	(55)	(65,128)	(4,054)	(32,494)	18,555	(83,176)
(see Note 3)		_	_	_	(14,479)	_	(14,479)
At 1 January 2005, as restated Credit (charge) to income	於二零零五年一月一日, 經重列 於本年度收入計入	(55)	(65,128)	(4,054)	(46,973)	18,555	(97,655)
for the year	(扣除)	_	(47,314)	2,100	(39,274)	(3,961)	(88,449)
Charge to equity for the year	於本年度權益扣除	_	(539)		_		(539)
At 31 December 2005	於二零零五年 十二月三十一日	(55)	(112,981)	(1,954)	(86,247)	14,594	(186,643)

For the purpose of balance sheet presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就資產負債表呈報用途,若干遞 延税項資產及負債已互相抵銷。 以下為就財務呈報用途之遞延税 項結餘分析:

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (restated) (經重列)
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	1,336 (187,979)	18,500 (101,676)
		(186,643)	(83,176)

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### **43. DEFERRED TAXATION** (Continued)

At the balance sheet date, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$218,486,000 (2004: HK\$271,725,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$83,394,000 (2004: HK\$106,030,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$135,092,000 (2004: HK\$165,695,000) due to unpredictability of future profit streams. At 31 December 2005, included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$128,568,000 (2004: HK\$159,537,000) which will expire in 2006. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

### 44. TRADE PAYABLES

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables at the balance sheet date:

		2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
0 to 30 days 31 to 90 days Over 90 days	零至三十日 三十一至九十日 超過九十日	6,324 8,428 4,423	48,792 3,985 2,259
		19,175	55,036

The directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates their fair value.

## 45. ACCRUED CHARGES, RENTAL DEPOSITS AND OTHER

The balance includes an amount of HK\$35,637,000 (2004: HK\$28,788,000) payable to a minority shareholder of a subsidiary in relation to construction works rendered for properties. The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed term of repayment. The directors consider that the carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables approximates their fair values.

### 43. 遞延税項(續)

於結算日,本集團有可扣減未來 溢利的未抵銷税務虧損約 218,486,000港元(二零零四年: 271,725,000港 元 ) 。 其 中 83,394,000港元(二零零四年: 106,030,000港元) 虧損相關的遞 延税項資產已經確認。其餘 135,092,000港元(二零零四年: 165,695,000港元) 因涉及未來收 益流的不可預測性而未予確認。 於二零零五年十二月三十一日, 未確認税務虧損包括約 128,568,000港元(二零零四年: 159,537,000港元) 將於二零零六 年屆滿。其他稅務虧損可承上結 轉,且並無屆滿日期。

#### 44. 應付賬款

下述是應付賬款於結算日之賬齡分析:

董事認為,應付賬款之賬面值與 其公平值相若。

## **45.** 應計費用、租務按金及其他應付款

結餘包括一筆為數35,637,000港元 (二零零四年:28,788,000港元)應 付一家附屬公司之少數股東之之 關物業建築工程有關之款項。有 關金額為無抵押、免息及無既定 還款期。董事認為,按金及其他 應收款之賬面值與其公平值相 若。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 46. AMOUNTS DUE TO ASSOCIATES

The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The directors consider the carrying amount of the amounts due to associates approximates their fair values.

## 47. ACCRUALS FOR MANAGEMENT FEE TO HOLDING COMPANY OF A SHAREHOLDER

The balance represents accruals for management fee payable to China Cinda pursuant to the NPL Agreement (*Note 27*). The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The directors consider the carrying amount of the accruals for management fee to holding company of a shareholder approximates their fair value.

### 48. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

### 46. 應付聯營公司款

有關金額為無抵押、免息及須於 要求時償還。董事認為,應付聯 營公司款之賬面值與其公平值相 若。

### **47.** 應付一名股東之控股公司應計 管理費

### 48. 出售一間附屬公司

2004 二零零四年 *HK\$'000* 千港元

Net assets of a subsidiary disposed of comprise:	出售一間附屬公司的 資產淨值包括:	
Properties under development Bank balances and cash Accrued charges and other payables Amount due to immediate holding company Minority interests	在建物業 銀行結餘及現金 應計費用及其他應付款 應付直接控股公司款項 少數股東權益	172,059 3,088 (12,430) (110,295) (11,783)
Group's share of net assets disposed Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	本集團攤佔出售資產淨值 出售一間附屬公司產生 之收益	40,639 46,696
Total consideration	總代價	87,335
Satisfied by: Cash	支付方式: 現金	87,335
Net cash inflow arising on disposal:  Cash consideration Bank balances and cash disposed of	出售產生之現金流入 淨額: 現金代價 出售之銀行結餘 及現金	87,335
		84,247

The subsidiary disposed of in 2004 contributed no turnover to the Group, and a loss of HK\$5,200,000 to the Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2004.

於截至二零零四年十二月三十一日止年度,二零零四年已出售的附屬公司為本集團貢獻零營業額及5,200,000港元虧損至本集團的溢利淨額。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 48. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (Continued)

After the disposal of the subsidiary, the amount due from the subsidiary disposed of, amounting to HK\$110,295,000, was reclassified to deposits, prepayments and other receivables.

### 49. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

#### The Group as lessee

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of land and buildings which fall due as follows:

### 48. 出售一間附屬公司(續)

於出售該附屬公司後,應收該已出售附屬公司、數額為 110,295,000港元的款項已重新分類為按金、預付款及其他應收款 科目。

### 49. 營運租約安排

#### 本集團以承租人身份

於結算日,根據下述期限屆滿之 土地及樓宇不可撤銷營運租約, 本集團須支付之未來最低租賃款 項如下:

	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	2,735	2,061
(包括首尾兩年在內)	9,034	7,454
After five years 五年之後	738	1,775
	12,507	11,290

The operating lease payments represent rental payable by the Group for certain of its office premises and staff quarters. Leases are generally negotiated for a term of one year and rentals are fixed.

### The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was approximately HK\$76,346,000 (2004: HK\$75,004,000). The properties held have committed tenants for lease terms ranged from 1 year to 18 years.

At the balance sheet date, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

營運租約款項指本集團就其若干辦公室物業及員工宿舍應付之租 金。該等租約之租期一般為一 年,租金亦為固定金額。

### 本集團以出租人身份

年內賺取之物業租金收入約為76,346,000港元(二零零四年:75,004,000港元)。持有之物業於已簽約之租客的租期由一年至十八年不等。

於結算日,本集團與租客已訂約 而須支付之未來最低租賃款額如 下:

	二零零五年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year — — 年內屆滿 In the second to fifth year inclusive 第二至第五年	53,618	48,935
(包括首尾兩年在內) After five years 五年以後	68,328 16,669	51,717 31,712
	138,615	132,364

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 50. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

### 50. 資本承擔

	2005 二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2004 二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital expenditure in respect of the property 有關物業發展項目之 development project: 資本開支:  — Authorised but not contracted for 一 已批准但未訂約		201 147
— Contracted for but not provided in the — 已訂約但未於 financial statements 財務報表撥備	_	201,147
Capital expenditure in respect of the acquisition of additional equity interest in a subsidiary and investment 有關收購附屬公司之額外股本權益及於所投資公司之投資之資本開支	_	255,897
in an investee company	76,873	_
	76,873	255,897

#### 51. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company provided a guarantee in respect of a bank loan granted to a wholly-owned subsidiary of an associate amounting to approximately HK\$233,645,000, to the extent of 52% of the loan balance. There was no outstanding bank loan as at 31 December 2005 (2004: approximately HK\$85,047,000).

The Company has provided a guarantee in respect of the disposal of Beijing East Gate Wangjing Real Estate Co., Ltd. ("Wangjing"), a former subsidiary of the Group, when Wangjing was sold to some buyers under a share transfer agreement, pursuant to which the Company is required to provide guarantee to the buyers of Wangjing (the "Buyers") in respect of any contingent liabilities arising from any guarantees and securities provided by the Wangjing and any contracts entered into by Wangjing not disclosed to the Buyers as at the date of transfer of shares of Wangjing to Buyers. Such guarantee provided by the Company is effective up to 9 November 2007.

### 51. 或然負債

本公司就一間聯營公司之一間全資附屬公司所獲得約233,645,000港元之銀行貸款提供該貸款額最多52%之擔保。於二零零五年十二月三十一日並無未償還銀行貸款(二零零四年:約85,047,000港元)。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 52. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Interest income from an associate (note a)

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

### 52. 關聯人士交易

年內,本集團與關聯人士進行下 述交易:

2004

2005

二零零五年 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	二零零四年 HK\$'000 千港元 (restated) (經重列)
16,002 65 178	 64 175
	HK\$'000 千港元 16,002 65

	利息收入( <i>附註b)</i>	16,002	_
Property management fee income from an associate (note b)	收取一間聯營公司之物業 管理費收入(附註a)	65	64
Rental income from an associate (note b)	收取一間聯營公司之		0 1
	租金收入(附註b)	178	175
Consultancy fee paid to an associate (note c)	支付一間聯營公司之		
	諮詢費 (附註c)	1,483	2,991
Commission income and performance return	收取一名股東之集團附屬		
received from a fellow subsidiary of	公司之佣金收入及超收		
a shareholder <i>(note c)</i>	分成(附註c)	100,000	119,761
Management fee payable to a holding	應付一名股東之控股公司		
company of a shareholder (note c)	之管理費( <i>附註c</i> )	54,454	18,537
Interests on convertible notes issued to	支付發行予一名股東之可		
shareholders (note d)	換股票據利息(附註d)	24,829	2,801

收取一間聯營公司之

#### Notes:

- (a) Interest is charged based on the interest rate agreed by both parties.
- (b) The transaction price was determined and agreed between the Group and the related parties on the basis of estimated costs incurred.
- (c) The transaction was carried out in accordance with the terms of relevant agreement.
- (d) Interest is charged at 1.5% and 4.48% per annum.

Details of balances with related companies and other transactions with related parties are set out in the balance sheets and in notes 23, 24, 36, 42, 46 and 47.

#### 附註:

- (b) 交易之價格乃經本集團與關聯 人士根據估計的成本基礎釐定 及認可。
- (c) 交易乃根據相關的協議書條款 進行。
- (d) 利息以年利率1.5%及4.48%計 算。

與關聯公司之結餘及與關聯人士 之其他交易詳情已載於資產負債 表及附註23、24、36、42、46及 47。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 53. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

# (a) Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2005 are as follows:

### 53. 附屬公司及聯營公司摘要

Proportion of nominal

(a) 本公司各附屬公司於二零零 五年十二月三十一日之詳情 如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/ 註冊資本面值	roportion of nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持有已發行普通股本/註冊資本面值比例 Directly 直接 間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Beijing East Gate Development Co., Ltd. ("Beijing East Gate") 北京東環置業有限公司 (「東環置業」)	PRC 中國	US\$100,413,500 100,413,500美元	_	95.89% (Note i) (附註i)	Property development and investment 物業發展及投資
Beijing Yinda Property Management Limited ("Yinda") 北京銀達物業管理 有限責任公司(「銀達」)	PRC 中國	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	_	90% (Note ii) (附註ii)	Property management 物業管理
Shenyang East Gate Development Co., Ltd. ("Shenyang East Gate") 沈陽東環置業有限公司 (「沈陽東環」)	PRC 中國	US\$10,150,000 10,150,000美元	_	98.5% (Note iii) (附註iii)	Property development and investment 物業發展及投資
East Gate Development (H.K.) Limited 東環置業(香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 100港元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Silver Grant International Assets Management Limited ("SGIAM") 銀建國際資產管理 有限公司 (「銀建資產管理」)	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%	_	Distressed assets business 不良資產業務

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# 53. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES (Continued)

# (a) Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2005 are as follows: (Continued)

### 53. 附屬公司及聯營公司摘要(續)

(a) 本公司各附屬公司於二零零 五年十二月三十一日之詳情 如下:(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/registered capital已發行普通股本/註冊資本面值	value of ordinary sl register held by th 本公司 已發行管	n of nominal of issued hare capital ed capital ne Company 引所持有普通股本/工面值比例 Indirectly 間接	Principal activities 主要業務
Greenhill Property Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Likesway Limited 利時威有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$2</b> 2港元	100%	-	Property holding and and investment 持有物業及投資
Platinum One Limited	Mauritius 毛里裘斯	US\$10,000 10,000美元	100%	_	Distressed assets business 不良資產業務
Real China Development Limited 泰景發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100%	-	Property holding and investment 持有物業及投資
Silver Grant Department Store (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Silver Grant Hainan Investment (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100%	-	Inactive 暫無業務
Silver Grant Infra-Structure Investment (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Silver Grant International Department Store Limited 銀建國際百貨有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$10</b> 10港元	_	100%	Property investment 物業投資

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

# **53.** PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES (Continued)

### 53. 附屬公司及聯營公司摘要(續)

Proportion of nominal

(a) Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2005 are as follows: (Continued)

(a) 本公司各附屬公司於二零零 五年十二月三十一日之詳情 如下:(續)

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/establishment 註冊成立/成立地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/registered capital已發行普通股本/註冊資本面值	value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持有 已發行普通股本/ 註冊資本面值比例  Directly 直接 間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Silver Grant International Infra-Structure Investment Limited 銀建國際基建投資 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Silver Grant International Securities Investment Limited 銀建國際證券投資 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	_	100%	Securities trading 證券買賣
Silver Grant Securities Investment (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Straight View Investment Limited 藝景投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$100 100港元	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Twin Sparkle Limited 康而富有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100%	_	Property holding and investment 持有物業及投資
Winner Property Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

## 53. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) Beijing East Gate is a sino-foreign co-operative joint venture company established in the PRC. Under the joint venture agreement, the Group is responsible for contributing US\$96,598,000 to the registered capital of Beijing East Gate and share 95.89% of the profits and losses of Beijing East Gate.
- (ii) Yinda is a sino-foreign equity joint venture company established in the PRC. Under the joint venture agreement, the Group is responsible for contributing RMB9,000,000 to the registered capital of Yinda and share 90% of the profits and losses of Yinda.
- (iii) Shenyang East Gate is a sino-foreign co-operative joint venture company established in the PRC. Under the joint venture agreement, the Group is responsible for contributing US\$10,000,000 to the registered capital of Shenyang East Gate and share 70% of the profits and losses of Shenyang East Gate.

Other than the investment holding companies incorporated in the British Virgin Islands which have no principal place of operation, and SGIAM, Beijing East Gate, Yinda and Shenyang East Gate which operate principally in the PRC, all subsidiaries principally operate in Hong Kong.

Other than the convertible notes issued by the Company as explained in note 39, no loan capital has been issued by the Company and any of its subsidiaries.

### 53. 附屬公司及聯營公司摘要(續)

### (a) (*續*)

#### 附註:

- (i) 北京東環是一家於中國 成立之中外合作合營企 業。根據合作合同,本 集 團 負 責 出 資 96,598,000美元作為北 京東環之註冊資本,並 且有權分享北京東環 95.89%損益。
- (ii) 銀達是一家於中國成立 之中外合資企業。根據 合作合同,本集團負責 出資人民幣9,000,000 元作為銀達之註冊資 本,並且有權分享銀達 90%損益。
- (iii) 沈陽東環是一家於中國 成立之中外合作合營企 業。根據合作合同,本 集 團 負 責 出 資 10,000,000美元註冊資 本予沈陽東環並有權分 享沈陽東環70%損益。

除於英屬處女群島註冊成立 之投資控股公司外(其銀建 主要營業地點),以及銀建 資產管理、東環置業、中國 及沈陽東環是主要於中國 運外,所有附屬公司均在香 港經營為主。

除本公司發行之可換股票據 (見附註39)外,本公司及 其任何附屬公司概無發行任 何資本債務。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 53. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

### 53. 附屬公司及聯營公司摘要(續)

(Continued)

**(b)** Particulars of the Group's significant associates at 31 December 2005 are as follows:

(b) 本集團各主要聯營公司於二 零零五年十二月三十一日之 詳情如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/establishment 註冊成立/成立地點	share capi ' capita り 已發行	ssued ordinary ital/registered al held by 所持有 普通股本/ 本面值比例	Principal activities 主要業務
		the Group 本集團	the Company 本公司	
Beijing East Bay Investment Consultants Ltd. 北京東灣投資顧問有限公司	PRC 中國	47.95%	_	Provision of consultancy services of property investment and investment holding 提供物業投資及投資 控股等顧問服務
CII Limited 中基建設投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	50%	_	Investment in Infrastructure projects and distressed assets business 投資基建項目及 不良資產業務
Nonferrous Metals International (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	50%	50%	Investment holding in mining and processing of non-ferrous metals business 有色金屬開採及加工業務之控資控股
Ocean Capital Investment Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	30%	30%	Investment holding 投資控股
Sanva Properties Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	35%	35%	Inactive 暫無業務
北京君合百年房地產開發 有限公司	PRC 中國	21.69%	_	Property development and investment 物業發展及投資

**Proportion of nominal** 

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### 54. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

- (a) On 20 September 2005, the Group entered into an agreement (the "Acquisition Agreement") with the independent third parties for the acquisition of the entire fellow 4.11% equity interest in Beijing East Gate for a consideration of approximately RMB26,559,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$25,295,000). Beijing East Gate is a subsidiary of the group which is principally engaged in property development and investment. At the balance sheet date, pursuant to the Acquisition Agreement, the Group had paid HK\$3,200,000 cash deposits and committed to pay the remaining balance of the consideration of approximately HK\$22,095,000 for the acquisition of Beijing East Gate. The acquisition process has been completed on 6 February 2006.
- (b) On 21 March 2006, the Company received a notice of conversion from Catic exercising the right to convert part of the Convertible Note in the principal amount of HK\$220,000,000 into 100,000,000 Shares, representing approximately 5.91% of the issued share capital of the Company before the issue of the Conversion Shares and approximately 5.58% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the issue of the Conversion Share at the conversion price of HK\$2.20 per Share.
- (c) On 22 November 2005, Platinum One Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an agreement with China Huarong Asset Management Corporation ("China Huarong") to purchase a Nonperforming Loans ("NPL") portfolio at a consideration of approximately RMB546,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$525,600,000). The aggregate outstanding principal (including booked interest of approximately RMB3,430,000,000) of the NPL amounted to approximately RMB36,440,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$35,040,000,000). As at the balance sheet date, the group had paid approximately RMB546,000,000 (equivaled to approximately HK\$527,446,000) to China Huarong as the deposit for the acquisition of the NPL portfolio. Pursuant to the conditional sale and purchase agreement dated 23 November 2005, entered into between the Company and CFPI, the Company conditionally agreed to sell and CFPI conditionally agreed to purchase 50% of interest in the Company's loan to Platinum One Limited.

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, pursuant to the extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 5 January 2006, the Company has disposed of 50% of its interest in Platinum One Limited to CFPI.

### 54. 結算日後事項

- (b) 於二零零六年三月二十一 日,本公司接獲Catic之之 換通知,行使權利按換金 每股2.20港元兑換本金部份 可換股票據,兑換別 100,000,000股股份,份別 佔本公司於發行兑換股份 之已發行股本約5.91%及 之已發行股本約5.58%。
- 於二零零五年十一月二十二日,本公司之全資附屬公司 (c)Platinum One Limited與中 國華融資產管理公司(「中 國華融」)訂立協議,以代 價人民幣約546,000,000元 (相等於約525,600,000港 元)購買不履約貸款(「不履 約貸款」)組合。不履約貸 款之尚未償還本金總額(包括表內利息約人民幣3,430,000,000元)約為人民 幣 36,440,000,000元(相等 於約 35,040,000,000港元)。於結算日,本集團已向中國華融支付人民幣546,000,000元(相等於制 527,446,000港元)作為收購不履約貸款之按金。根據本公司與CFPI於二零零五年十一月二十三日訂立之有條件買賣協議。不是於其他 意出售而CFPI有條件同意購 買本公司向Platinum One Limited提供之貸款之50% 權益。

於結算日後,根據本公司於 二零零六年一月五日舉行之 股東特別大會,本公司向 CFPI出售其於Platinum One Limited之50%權益。

# Financial Summary

## 財務概要表

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

Υ	ea	r (	en	de	d	31	D	ec	em	be	er
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		2001 二零零一年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	製。 2002 二零零二年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	全十二月二十一   2003 二零零三年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元 (restated) (經重列)	2005 二零零五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
<b>Results</b> Turnover	<b>業績</b> 營業額	135.4	181.9	512.3	685.2	551.8
Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司股本持有人 應佔年內溢利	62.4	91.9	182.8	403.7	724.1
				At 31 Decemb 於十二月三十一	一日	
		2001 二零零一年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2002 二零零二年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元	2003 二零零三年 HK <b>\$</b> Million 百萬港元	2004 二零零四年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元 (restated) (經重列)	2005 二零零五年 HK\$ Million 百萬港元
Assets and liabilities Investment properties and property, plant and equipment Properties under development Loan receivable Goodwill Negative goodwill	資產及負債 產及負債 物质 大學 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個 一個	1,757.5 — 50.3 (112.8)	1,966.1 141.1 — 44.7 (66.8)	1,985.7 151.3 112.1 39.1 (63.1)	2,045.2 — — 33.5 (59.4)	2,227.8 — — 33.5
Other asset Interests in associates and amount due from associates Investments in securities Available-for-sale investments Interest in distressed assets Deposit paid for acquisition of	其聯營 在	9.6 1,371.1 3.9 —	8.2 1,193.7 3.0 —	6.9 1,192.5 1.5 —	5.5 1,256.6 1.5 — 456.0	4.1 1,510.8 — 2.2 204.7
investments Deposit paid for acquisition of distressed assets Amount due from a shareholder of an associate Deferred tax assets Net current (liabilities) assets	已付收購不良資金 不良資品 不良資品 一名實際 一名與 一名與 一名與 一名與 一名與 一名與 一名與 一名與 一名與 一名與	162.5 — (960.9)	97.5 11.1 (1,031.3)		— — 18.5 789.4	44.5 263.7 — 1.3 238.3
		2,281.2	2,367.3	2,407.6	4,546.8	4,530.9
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	262.4 1,691.4	262.4 1,824.3	262.4 1,976.6	351.7 3,132.0	337.7 3,505.3
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Minority interests Non-current liabilities	本公司股本持有人 應佔股本 少數股東權益 非流動負債	1,953.8 104.6 222.8	2,086.7 119.1 161.5	2,239.0 124.2 44.4	3,483.7 136.2 926.9	3,843.0 55.7 632.2
		2,281.2	2,367.3	2,407.6	4,546.8	4,530.9

The financial information for the year ended 31 December 2004 has been restated to reflect the effect of changes in accounting policies as described in notes 2 and 3 to the consolidated financial statements. The financial information for the years ended 31 December 2001, 2002 and 2003 has not been adjusted.

截至二零零四年十二月三十一日止年度 之財務資料已經重列,以反映綜合財務 報表附註2及3所述之會計政策變動之影 響。截至二零零一年、二零零二年及二 零零三年十二月三十一日止年度之財務 資料並無作出調整。

# 投資物業及物業存貨概覽

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

The following is a list of the Group's investment properties and stocks of properties at 31 December 2005:

下列為本集團於二零零五年十二月三十一日之投資物業及物業存貨名單:

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES IN HONG KONG**

### 位於香港之投資物業

Locat 地點	ion	Lease term 租約期限	Purpose 用途	Gross area 建築面積 Sq. ft. 平方呎
1.	Certain properties at Tung Shun Hing Building, No. 22 Chi Kiang Street, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon. 九龍土瓜灣浙江街22號同順興大廈若干物業。	Medium term lease 中期	Commercial 商業	19,934
2.	Certain properties at Admiralty Centre, No. 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong. 香港夏慤道18號海富中心若干物業。	Long lease 長期	Commercial 商業	2,076
3.	Certain properties at Winfield Building, Nos. 1-5 Ventris Road, Happy Valley, Hong Kong. 香港跑馬地雲地利道1-5號雲暉大廈若干物業。	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	4,791
4.	Certain properties at Beverly Hill, No.6 Broadwood Road, Hong Kong. 香港樂活道6號比華利山若干物業。	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	1,738
5.	Certain properties at Yee King Court, Nos. 513-521 Shun Ning Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon. 九龍長沙灣順寧道513-521號怡景閣若干物業。	Medium term lease 中期	Residential/ commercial 住宅/商業	2,316
6.	Certain properties at Yee Wah Court, No. 182 Fuk Wa Street, Sham Shui Po, Kowloon. 九龍深水埗福華街182號怡華閣若干物業。	Medium term lease 中期	Residential/ commercial 住宅/商業	6,677

# 投資物業及物業存貨概覽

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES IN THE PRC** (Continued)

### 位於中國之投資物業(續)

b 地點	tion	Lease term 租約期限	Purpose 用途	Gross area 建築面積 Sq. ft. 平方呎
7.	Portions of Level 1-6 (on the retail podium), Jiali Plaza, Zhongshan Avenue, Jiangan District, Wuhan, Hubei Province, the PRC. 中國湖北省武漢市江岸區中山大道 佳麗廣場第一至六層 (零售商場)部分。	Medium term lease 中期	Commercial 商業	188,531
8.	Basement 1, Basement 2, Level 0 and Level 1 to 3 of East Gate Plaza, 19 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, the PRC. 中國北京市東城區東中街19號東環廣場 地庫1層、地庫2層、夾層及1層至3層。	Medium term lease 中期	Commercial 商業	700,427
9.	Level 4 to 31, South Apartment Tower, East Gate Plaza, 39 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, the PRC. 中國北京市東城區東中街39號東環廣場南座 公寓樓第四至三十一層。	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	339,993
10.	Level 4 to 31, North Apartment Tower, East Gate Plaza, 19 Dongzhong Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, the PRC. 中國北京市東城區東中街19號東環廣場北座 公寓樓第四至三十一層。	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	339,739
11.	Portions of Level 2-5, 6 and 8, Hua Bo Lau, No. 28 Dong Zhong Jie Jia, Dongcheng District, Beijing, the PRC. 中國北京市東城區東中街甲28號 華波樓第二至五、六及八層部分。	Medium term lease <i>(note)</i> 中期 <i>(附註)</i>	Commercial 商業	10,540

# 投資物業及物業存貨概覽

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES IN THE PRC** (Continued)

### 位於中國之投資物業(續)

也點	tion	Lease term 租約期限	Purpose 用途	Gross area 建築面積 Sq. ft. 平方呎
12.	Certain properties at Yin Tong International Centre, C5 World Trade Avenue, Haikou City, Hainan Province, the PRC. 中國海南省海口市世貿大道C5銀通國際中心若干物業。	Long lease 長期	Commercial 商業	153,882
13.	Certain properties on various level of Block 4 at Yinhe Garden, Diahua Road, Haidian Island East, Development District the 3rd Southern Zone, Haikou, Hainan Province, the PRC. 中國海南省海口市海甸島東部開發區南三區甸花路頤和花園小區4幢多層若干物業。	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	9,052
14.	A unit located on Block 6, Yinhe Garden, Diahua Road, Haidian Island East, Development District the 3rd Southern Zone, Haikou, Hainan Province, the PRC. 中國海南省海口市海甸島東部開發區南三區 甸花路頤和花園小區6棟一單元。	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	6,637
15.	Carparking space No. 6 & 8 on Level 1 of Block 3, Yinhe Garden, Diahua Road, Haidian Island East, Development District the 3rd Southern Zone, Haikou, Hainan Province, the PRC 中國海南省海口市海甸島東部開發區南三區 甸花路頤和花園小區3棟第一層6及8號車庫	Long lease 長期	Car parking 車位	464

# 投資物業及物業存貨概覽

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES IN THE PRC** (Continued)

### 位於中國之投資物業(續)

Locat 地點	ion	Lease term 租約期限	Purpose 用途	Gross area 建築面積 Sq. ft. 平方呎
16.	Unit 502 on Level 5 of Block 16, No. 2 Longkum Road North, Haikou, Hainan Province, the PRC 中國海南省海口市龍昆北路2號16棟第五層502號	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	1,162
17.	Units 401 & 501 on Level 4 & 5 of Block 10, No. 2 Longkun Road North, Haikou, Hainan Province, the PRC 中國海南省海口市龍昆北路2號10棟第四及五層401及501號	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	2,015
18.	An office unit located on the Eastern Portion of Level 15, CMEC Building, Guomao Main Road, Haikou, Hainan Province, the PRC 位於中國海南省海口市國貿大道CMEC大廈十五層 東區辦公室單元部分	Long lease 商業	Commercial	6,079
19.	Villa No. 8 of Block D, Shannei Garden, No. 258 Wenming Road East, Haikou, Hainan Province the PRC. 中國海南省海口市文明東路258號山內花園D型別墅8號	Long lease 長期	Residential 住宅	3,118
Note:	The legal title of the properties have not been passed to the Group at 31 December 2005.		等物業之產權於二 <sup>9</sup> 十一日尚未過戶予2	

# 投資物業及物業存貨概覽

For the year ended 31 December 2005 截至二零零五年十二月三十一日止年度

### **STOCKS OF PROPERTIES**

### 物業存貨

		Attributable interest to		Estimated gross floor		Estimated date of	State of
Locat	ion	the Group	Site area	area	Purpose	completion	completion
地點		本集團應佔權益	地盤面積	估計樓面面積	用途	預期完工日期	建築進度
			(sq. ft.)	(sq. ft.)			
			(平方呎)	(平方呎)			
1.	No. 58,	98.5%	Approximately	Approximately	Residential	2006	Construction
	North Yun Feng Street,		273,000	1,118,000	住宅	二零零六年	in progress
	Tiexi District,		約273,000	約1,118,000			在建中
	Shenyang, the PRC.						
	中國沈陽市鐵西區						
	雲風街北58號。						





Silver Grant International Industries Limited 銀建國際實業有限公司

Stock Code 上市編號:171

Suite 4901, 49th Floor Office Tower, Convention Plaza 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai Hong Kong 香港灣仔港灣道一號 會展廣場辦公大樓